CITY OF WOOSTER, OHIO

ANNUAL INFORMATION FILING FOR FISCAL YEAR 2013

The following provides, in accordance with the continuing disclosure agreements (the Continuing Disclosure Agreements) entered into by the City of Wooster, Ohio (the City), annual financial information and operating data for the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 (Fiscal Year 2013), of the type included in the respective final official statements for its primary offerings of and issuances:

\$1,950,000 Various Purpose Improvement Bonds, Series 1995, dated as of September 1, 1995. Final Maturity December 1, 2020.

\$7,975,000 Various Purpose Bonds, Series 2010, dated October 13, 2010. Final Maturity December 1, 2030.

The applicable CUSIP number is 981083.

The Annual Information Filing constitutes only the annual financial information and operating data agreed to be provided under the Continuing Disclosure Agreements entered into at the time of the primary offerings referenced above. No representation is made as to the materiality or completeness of that information. Other relevant information for Fiscal Year 2013 may exist, and matters may have occurred or become known during or since that period, which an investor would consider to be important when making an investment decision. Further, no representation is made that the Annual Information Filing is indicative of financial or operating results of the City since the end of Fiscal Year 2013 or future financial or operating results. Finally, the inclusion of certain information pertaining to post-Fiscal Year 2013 events, if any, is provided solely for convenience, and is not intended to suggest that other such information not so included is any less material or important to an investor.

July 31, 2014

CITY OF WOOSTER, OHIO

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City of Wooster

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INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

The City entered into the Continuing Disclosure Agreements pursuant to SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the Rule) in connection with the primary offerings and issuances by the City of the bond issues identified on the cover page (collectively, the Bonds). The Continuing Disclosure Agreements require the City to provide annually financial information and operating data for its immediately preceding Fiscal Year of the type included in the final official statements for those offerings (collectively, the Official Statements). This Annual Information Filing provides such financial information and operating data for the City's Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2013.

All financial and other information in this Annual Information Filing has been provided by the City from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. More complete information regarding laws, reports and documents referenced in this Annual Information Filing may be obtained by reviewing those laws, reports and documents. Subject to limited exceptions, records of the City are available for public inspection and copies may be obtained at cost upon request. Questions regarding information contained in this Annual Information Filing and requests for copies of documents should be directed to the Director of Finance of the City at the address shown on the cover. The presentation of information, including tables of receipts from taxes and other sources, is intended to show recent historical information, and is not intended to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the City. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by that financial and other information, will necessarily continue or otherwise be predictive of future experience. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice. The delivery of this Annual Information Filing shall not, under any circumstances, give rise to any implication that the affairs of the City have not changed since the date of this Annual Information Filing.

As used in this Annual Information Filing:

- "Council" means the Council of the City.
- "County" means the County of Wayne.
- "County Auditor" means the Auditor of the County.
- "Debt charges" means principal (including any mandatory redemption payments) of and interest and any redemption premium on the obligations referred to; debt charges may also be referred to as "debt service."
- "Fiscal Year" means the 12-month period ending December 31, and reference to a particular Fiscal Year (such as "Fiscal Year 2013") means the Fiscal Year ending on December 31 in that year.
- "Revised Code" means the Ohio Revised Code.
- "State" or "Ohio" means the State of Ohio.
- "State Budget Act" means Amended Substitute House Bill No. 59, passed by the Ohio General Assembly and signed by the Governor on June 30, 2013, providing State appropriations for its 2014-2015 biennium (the period from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2015) and enacting other statutory provisions.

AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXES AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

Assessed Valuation

The following table shows the recent assessed valuations of property subject to ad valorem taxes levied by the City.

Collection Year	Real(a)	Tangible Personal(b)(c)(d)	Public Utility(c)(d)	Total Assessed Valuation
2010	\$542,960,450	\$684,444	\$11,242,050	\$554,886,944
2011	535,452,050	422,880	11,475,920	547,350,850
2012(e)	509,436,220	0	12,258,470	521,694,690
2013	514,036,180	0	13,430,050	527,466,230
2014	518,272,890	0	14,657,550	532,930,440

- (a) Other than real property of railroads. The real property of public utilities, other than railroads, is assessed by the County Auditor. Real property of railroads is assessed, together with tangible personal property of all public utilities, by the State Tax Commissioner.
- (b) Other than public utility.
- (c) The State reduced the valuation of tangible personal property of general businesses and railroads in increments beginning in 2006 to zero in 2009 and reduced the valuation of tangible personal property of telecommunications companies in increments beginning in 2007 to zero in 2011; see the discussion of those reductions and related State makeup payments below.
- (d) Tangible personal property of all public utilities and real property of railroads; see footnotes (a), (b) and (c).
- (e) Reflects triennial adjustment.

Source: County Auditor.

Taxes collected on "Real" in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year. Taxes collected on "Tangible Personal" in one calendar year are levied in the same calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the taxpayer's most recent fiscal year that ended on or before December 31 of the preceding calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. "Public Utility" (real and tangible personal) taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year.

Pursuant to statutory requirements for sexennial reappraisals, in 2014 the County Auditor is currently adjusting the true value of taxable real property to reflect then current fair market values. These adjustments will be first reflected in the 2014 duplicate (collection year 2015) and in the ad valorem taxes distributed to the City in 2015 and thereafter. The County Auditor is required to adjust (but without individual appraisal of properties except in the sexennial reappraisal), and has adjusted, taxable real property value triennially to reflect true values. The County Auditor conducted such triennial adjustment in 2011.

The "assessed valuation" of real property is fixed at 35% of true value and is determined pursuant to rules of the State Tax Commissioner. An exception is that real property devoted exclusively to agricultural use is to be assessed at not more than 35% of its current agricultural use value. Real property devoted exclusively to forestry or timber growing is taxed at 50% of the local tax rate upon its assessed value.

The taxation of all tangible personal property used in general businesses (excluding certain public utility tangible personal property) was phased out over tax years 2006 to 2009. Previously, machinery and equipment and furniture and fixtures were generally taxed at 25% of true value, and inventory was taxed at 23%. The taxation of all tangible personal property used by telephone, telegraph or interexchange telecommunications companies ("telecommunications property") was phased out over tax years 2007 to 2011. Previously, telecommunications property was taxed at 25% or 46% of true value (depending on the type of equipment and when it was placed into service).

To compensate for tax revenue losses as the tangible personal property taxes were phased out, the State in 2006 commenced making distributions to taxing subdivisions (such as the City) from revenue generated by the State's commercial activity tax. In 2011, the State revised thresholds established for municipalities to qualify for those distributions, reducing or eliminating the amount of that reimbursement related to: (a) "current expense levies" to zero for most municipalities and (b) "non-current expense levies" to 50% in Fiscal Year 2012, and 25% thereafter, of the amount received with respect to such levies in Fiscal Year 2010. Reimbursements for taxes levied within the ten-mill limitation or pursuant to a municipal charter for debt charges on unvoted general obligation debt are to continue through Fiscal Year 2017 at the same amount as received in Fiscal Year 2010; thereafter no such reimbursement will be made. The State's reimbursement payment to the City for Fiscal Year 2013 was \$15,009.

Public utility tangible personal property (with some exceptions) is currently assessed (depending on the type of property) from 25% to 88% of true value. Effective for collection year 2002, the assessed valuation of electric utility production equipment was reduced from 100% and natural gas utility property from 88% of true value, both to 25% of true value. The City has been receiving reimbursement payments from the State to compensate for tax revenue losses as a result of those reductions. In 2011, the amount of those payments was reduced in generally the same manner as described above for reimbursements from the CAT, except that reimbursement payments related to levies for debt charges on unvoted general obligation debt would end after Fiscal Year 2016. The City no longer receives reimbursement payments from the State.

As indicated herein, the General Assembly has from time to time exercised its power to revise the laws applicable to the determination of assessed valuation of taxable property and the amount of receipts to be produced by ad valorem taxes levied on that property and may continue to make similar revisions.

Ohio law grants tax credits to offset increases in taxes resulting from increases in the true value of real property. Legislation classifies real property as between residential and agricultural property and all other real property, and provides for tax reduction factors to be separately computed for and applied to each class. These tax credits apply only to certain voted levies on real property, and they do not apply to unvoted levies or to voted levies to provide a specified dollar amount or to pay debt charges on general obligation debt. None of the City's tax levies are affected by these credits. These credits are discussed further following **Tax Table A**.

Tax Rates

All references to tax rates under this caption are in terms of stated rates in mills per \$1.00 of assessed valuation.

The following are the rates at which the City and overlapping taxing subdivisions have in recent years levied ad valorem property taxes.

TAX TABLE A Overlapping Tax Rates

Collection Year	City	County	JVSD	Library	Mental Health District	Wooster City School District	Total
2010	4.20	9.65	4.85	1.25	1.00	71.60	92.55
2011	4.20	9.25	4.85	1.25	1.00	78.70	99.25
2012	4.20	9.25	4.85	1.25	1.00	79.50	100.05
2013	4.20	9.25	4.85	1.25	1.00	79.50	100.05
2014	4.20	9.25	4.85	1.25	1.00	79.50	100.05

Source: County Auditor.

Statutory procedures limit, by the application of tax credits, the amount realized by each taxing subdivision from real property taxation to the amount realized from those taxes in the preceding year plus both:

- the proceeds of any new taxes (other than renewals) approved by the electors, calculated to produce an amount equal to the amount that would have been realized if those taxes had been levied in the preceding year; and
- amounts realized from new and existing taxes on the assessed valuation of real property added to the tax duplicate since the preceding year.

These procedures were instituted initially in 1976 to limit in part the effect of increasing property values on the growth of those property taxes.

As noted above, all of the City's property tax levies, as levies inside the ten-mill limitation, are exempt from those tax credit provisions. The tax credit provisions do not apply to amounts realized from taxes levied at whatever rate is required to produce a specified amount or an amount to pay debt charges, or from taxes levied inside the ten-mill limitation or any applicable charter tax rate limitation. To calculate the limited amount to be realized, a reduction factor is applied to the stated rates of the levies subject to these tax credits. A resulting "effective tax rate" reflects the aggregate of those reductions, and is the rate based on which real property taxes are in fact collected. As an example, the total overlapping tax rate for the 2014 tax collection year of 100.05 mills within the City is reduced by reduction factors of 64.934661 for residential/agricultural property and 75.533460 for all other real property, which results in "effective tax rates" of 0.350978 mills for residential and agricultural property and 0.245043 mills for all other real property. See **Tax Table A**.

Residential and agricultural real property tax amounts paid by taxpayers generally are further reduced by an additional 10% (12.5% in the case of owner-occupied residential property); however, the State Budget Act eliminates such reductions for additional and replacement levies that will be approved at elections after its effective date and for other taxes (or increases in taxes) not levied for tax year 2013. See **Collections** for a discussion of reimbursements by the State to taxing subdivisions for these reductions and related changes made by the State Budget Act.

The following are the rates at which the City levied property taxes for the general categories of purposes for the years shown, inside ten-mill limitation. The City does not currently levy any taxes outside the ten-mill limitation.

TAX TABLE B CITY TAX RATES

INSIDE THE LIMITATION

Collection Year	Operating	Police and Fire Pension	Total
2010	3.60	0.60	4.20
2011	3.60	0.60	4.20
2012	3.60	0.60	4.20
2013	3.60	0.60	4.20
2014	3.60	0.60	4.20

See the discussion of the ten-mill limitation, and the priority of claim on that millage for debt charges on unvoted general obligation debt, under **Indirect Debt and Unvoted Property Tax Limitations**.

Collections

The following are the amounts billed and collected for City ad valorem property taxes for the tax collection years shown.

Real and Public Utility

Collection	Current	Current	Current	Deli	nquent
Year	Billed	Collected	% Collected	Current	Accumulated
2009	\$2,657,155	\$2,238,980	84%	\$130,293	\$277,070
2010	2,474,975	2,230,567	90	93,420	136,960
2011	2,552,622	2,451,240	96	76,251	84,285
2012	2,352,784	2,165,218	92	58,281	61,214
2013	2,313,291	2,171,119	93	87,404	58,879

Tangible Personal Property

Collection	Current	Current	Current	Deli	nquent
Year	Billed	Collected	% Collected	Current	Accumulated
2009	\$31,470	\$9,652	30%	\$68	\$22,745
2010	17,008	2,621	15	0	14,469
2011	0	0	0	0	1,163
2012	0	0	0	0	1,136
2013	0	0	0	0	823

Source: County Auditor.

Included in the "Billed" and "Collected" figures above are payments made from State revenue sources under two Statewide real property tax relief programs – the Homestead Exemption and the Property Tax Rollback Exemption. Homestead Exemptions have been available for (i) persons 65 years of age or older, (ii) persons who are totally or permanently disabled and (iii) surviving spouses of persons who were totally or permanently disabled or 65 years of age or older, and had applied and qualified for a reduction of property taxes in the year of death, so long as

the surviving spouses were not younger than 59 or older than 65 years of age on the date of their deceased spouses' deaths. The Homestead Exemption exempts \$25,000 of the homestead's market value from taxation, thereby reducing the property owner's ad valorem property tax liability. The Property Tax Rollback Exemption applies to all non-business properties, and reduces each property owner's ad valorem property tax liability by either 12.5% (for owner-occupied non-business properties) or 10% (for non-owner non-business occupied properties). Payments to taxing subdivisions have been made in amounts approximately equal to the Homestead and Property Tax Rollback Exemptions granted. This State assistance reflected in the City's tax collections for 2013 was \$68,083 for the elderly/disabled homestead payment and \$166,605 for the rollback payment.

The State Budget Act has made the Homestead Exemption subject to means testing beginning January 1, 2014, and eliminated the Property Tax Rollback Exemption and related reimbursements with respect to new or replacement tax levies approved at elections after its effective date and for other taxes (or increases in taxes) not levied for tax year 2013. See **Tax Rates**.

Real property taxes are payable in two installments, the first usually in January and the second in July.

Special Assessments

The City regularly conducts residential and other street improvements, which can include paving, resurfacing, draining, planting shade trees and constructing curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers, sanitary sewers and water lines. The cost of these improvements is paid in part from special assessments levied against the property benefiting from those improvements; the remaining cost is paid by the City. Unless all of the benefiting property owners petition to pay all costs, State law requires the City to pay at least 2% (plus the cost associated with intersections) of the total cost of the improvements.

Owners of benefiting properties may commence a street improvement project by filing a petition with City Council requesting the improvement. Alternatively, Council, with a three-quarter majority, may by resolution declare the necessity for such an improvement. The special assessment proceedings provide for notice to property owners and an opportunity for property owners to object to the special assessments. At the commencement of construction of the improvement, bond anticipation notes are issued to pay the project cost. Following completion of the work and determination of final costs, the special assessments are levied by Council against the benefiting property. Special assessments not paid within 30 days are certified to the County Auditor for collection over a period of time (usually 10 to 20 years for most projects). Special assessments are billed by the County Auditor and collected by the County Treasurer along with and at the same time as real property taxes. The real property taxes levied on any property against which special assessments have been levied are not to be paid unless those special assessments are also paid.

Bonds are issued in anticipation of the collection of the special assessments to refund (together with any cash payments of special assessments) those notes. The special assessments certified for collection bear the same interest as the bonds. Under State law, those bonds are to be paid from the anticipated special assessments, but they are also general obligations of the City, payable from ad valorem property taxes to the extent not paid from those special assessments. See City Debt and Other Long-Term Obligations – Statutory Direct Debt Limitations, Indirect Debt and Unvoted Property Tax Limitations and Debt Tables A and B. The City has never been required to levy an ad valorem property tax for debt charges on bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of special assessments because special assessments have been collected as required and sufficient balances have been available in the Bond Retirement Fund to cover any temporary shortfall.

The following are the amounts billed and collected for City special assessments for the tax collection years shown.

Collection	Current	Current	Current	Deli	nquent
Year	Billed	Collected	% Collected	Current	Accumulated
2009	\$496,414	\$361,872	72%	\$ 42,600	\$ 64,949
2010	605,221	461,034	76	110,994	43,666
2011	648,438	412,687	64	139,010	108,912
2012	700,807	387,961	56	119,906	203,712
2013	755,102	344,647	45	122,434	297,352

Source: County Auditor.

Delinquencies

Of the 10,807 nonexempt parcels in the City for collection year 2013, the number of delinquent parcels was 573, against none of which foreclosure proceedings were commenced.

There is no one taxpayer that accounts for more than 5% of any of the delinquencies of ad valorem real property taxes or special assessments identified above for tax collection year 2013.

MUNICIPAL INCOME TAX

Ohio law authorizes a city or village to levy a municipal income tax on both business income and employee wages and salaries at a rate of up to 1% without voter authorization. An income tax rate in excess of 1% requires approval by the voters. The City, pursuant to Council action, currently levies the tax at a rate of 1.50%. On May 7, 2013, the voters authorized a 0.50% increase in the City's income tax, raising the rate from its current 1.00% to 1.50%, effective January 1, 2014. This tax on business income and individuals' salaries and wages is collected and administered by the City. Residents are permitted, as a credit against their City income tax liability, up to a maximum of 100% of the tax paid as municipal income tax on the same income in another municipal corporation.

The tax is in effect for a continuing period of time. It could be reduced or terminated by action of the Council, or by vote of the electors initiated by petition of 10% of the number of electors of the City who voted for governor at the last preceding election, following initiated ordinance procedures, or 10% of the electors of the City who voted at the last preceding City general election, following charter amendment procedures. Under current law, the Council could (unless restricted by a Charter provision) reimpose a 1% tax without authorization by the electors.

Income tax proceeds, after payment of collection expenses, were allocated by the Council for the current year to the General Fund. Annual income tax receipts in recent years are shown in the following table.

Year	Receipts
2009	\$ 8,414,855
2010	8,795,369
2011	9,425,474
2012	10,644,065
2013	10,713,990

Based on employer payments of corporate and withheld personal income taxes, one employer contributed through those taxes 7.6% of the City income tax collected in Fiscal Year 2013.

Certain of the income subject to the City income tax is also subject to the State income tax.

STATE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE FUNDS

Statutory state-level local government assistance funds, comprised of designated State revenues, are another source of revenue to the General Fund. Most are distributed to each county and then allocated on a formula basis, or in some cases on an agreement basis, among the county and cities, villages and townships, and in some cases park districts, in the county. City receipts from those funds in recent years are shown in the following table.

Year	Receipts
2009	\$1,249,380
2010	1,232,744
2011	1,227,761
2012	861,805
2013	656,176

The amounts of and formula for distribution of these funds may be revised from time to time.

ESTATE TAXES

Historically, the State has distributed significant portions of its estate tax receipts to decedents' communities of residence. Due to the nature of the tax, the annual amounts received have varied significantly. The City received \$907,281, \$1,519,690 and \$602,186 from this source in Fiscal Years 2011, 2012 and 2013, respectively, and has credited those amounts to its General Fund. The State estate tax has been eliminated for decedents dying on or after January 1, 2013; however, distributions related to the estates of decedents dying before that date will continue until those estates are settled.

CITY DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following describes the security for general obligation debt, applicable debt and ad valorem property tax limitations, and outstanding and projected bond and note indebtedness and certain other long-term financial obligations of the City.

As used in the discussions that follow, the term BANs refers to notes issued in anticipation of the issuance of general obligation bonds.

Certain overlapping subdivisions also may issue voted and unvoted general obligation debt.

The City has issued industrial development revenue bond issues for facilities used by private corporations or other entities. The City is not obligated in any way to pay debt service on those bonds from any of its funds. Those revenue bonds have been <u>excluded</u> entirely from the following debt discussion and tables.

The City is not, and to the knowledge of current City officials has not in at least the last 25 years been, in default in the payment of debt service on any of the bonds or notes on which the City is obligor. However, the City makes no representation as to the existence of a condition of default resulting from a default by any private entity under any financing documents relating to industrial development of which the City was the issuer.

Security for General Obligation Debt; Bonds and BANs

The following describes the security for City general obligation debt: bonds and bond anticipation notes (BANs).

<u>Voted Bonds</u>. The basic security for voted City general obligation bonds is the authorization by the electors for the City to levy, and its levy pursuant to constitutional and statutory requirements of, ad valorem taxes, without limitation as to rate or amount, on all real and tangible personal property subject to ad valorem taxation by the City. These taxes are outside of the ten-mill limitation and are to be sufficient in amount to pay (to the extent not paid from other sources) as they come due the debt charges on the voted bonds (subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, arrangement, fraudulent conveyance or transfer, reorganization, moratorium and other laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights, to the application of equitable principles, to the exercise of judicial discretion, and to limitations on legal remedies against public entities).

As of December 31, 2013, the City had no voted general obligation bonds outstanding.

<u>Unvoted Bonds</u>. The basic security for unvoted City general obligation bonds is the City's ability to levy, and its levy pursuant to constitutional and statutory requirements of, ad valorem taxes on all real and tangible personal property subject to ad valorem taxation by the City, within the ten-mill limitation described below. These taxes are to be sufficient in amount to pay (to the extent not paid from other sources) as they come due the debt charges on unvoted general obligation bonds. The law provides that the levy necessary for debt charges has priority over any levy for other purposes within that tax limitation; that priority may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, arrangement, fraudulent conveyance or transfer, reorganization, moratorium and other laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights, to the application of equitable principles, to the exercise of judicial discretion, and to limitations on legal remedies against public entities. See the discussion under **Indirect Debt and Unvoted Property Tax Limitations** of the ten-mill limitation, and the priority of claim on it for debt charges on unvoted general obligation debt of the City and all overlapping taxing subdivisions.

As of December 31, 2013, the City had \$7,527,000 of unvoted general obligation bonds outstanding.

<u>BANs</u>. While BANs are outstanding, Ohio law requires the levy of ad valorem property taxes in an amount not less than what would have been levied if bonds had been issued without the prior issuance of the BANs. That levy need not actually be collected if payment in fact is to be provided from other sources, such as the proceeds of the bonds anticipated or of renewal BANs. BANs, including renewal BANs, may be issued and outstanding from time to time up to a maximum period of 240 months from the date of issuance of the original notes (the maximum maturity for special assessment BANs is five years). Any period in excess of five years must be deducted from the permitted maximum maturity of the bonds anticipated. Portions of the principal amount of BANs outstanding for more than five years must be retired in amounts at least equal to, and payable not later than, those principal maturities that would have been required if the bonds had been issued at the expiration of the initial five-year period.

As of December 31, 2013, the City had no outstanding BANs.

Statutory Direct Debt Limitations

The Revised Code provides two debt limitations on general obligation debt that are directly based on tax (assessed) valuation, applicable to all municipal corporations, including the City.

- The net principal amount of both voted and unvoted debt of the City, excluding "exempt debt" (discussed below), may not exceed 10-1/2% of the total tax (assessed) valuation of all property in the City as listed and assessed for taxation.
- The net principal amount of the unvoted debt of the City, excluding exempt debt, may not exceed 5-1/2% of that valuation, as discussed below.

These two limitations, which are referred to as the "direct debt limitations," may be amended from time to time by the General Assembly.

The City's ability to incur unvoted debt (whether or not exempt from the direct debt limitations) also is restricted by the indirect debt limitation discussed below under **Indirect Debt and Unvoted Property Tax Limitations**.

Certain debt that the City may issue is exempt from the direct debt limitations (exempt debt). Exempt debt includes, among others, the following categories.

- ° General obligation debt:
 - That is "self supporting" (i.e., nontax revenues from the facility or category of facilities are sufficient to pay operating and maintenance expenses and related debt charges and other requirements) issued for facilities for city utility systems, airports, railroads, mass transit systems, parking, health care, solid waste, urban development, recreation, sports, convention, museum and other public attractions, natural resource exploration, development, recovery, use or sale, correctional and other related rehabilitation.
 - ° To the extent debt charges are expected to be paid from tax increment financing payments in lieu of taxes pledged to the payment of those debt charges (subject to certain limitations).
 - ° For highway improvements if the municipality has covenanted to pay debt charges and financing costs from distributions of motor vehicle license and fuel taxes.
 - o In anticipation of the levy or collection of special assessments.
 - ° To pay final judgments or court-approved settlements.
- Securities issued to improve water or sanitary or storm water sewerage facilities to the extent that another subdivision has agreed to pay to the City amounts equal to debt charges on those securities.
- Our order of the unicipal income taxes, to be applied to that debt charges pursuant to ordinance covenants.
- ° Revenue debt and mortgage revenue bonds to finance municipal utilities.
- ° Notes issued in anticipation of (i) the collection of current revenues (which have a latest maturity of the last day of the Fiscal Year in which issued) or (ii) the proceeds of a specific tax levy.
- Notes issued for certain energy conservation improvements or certain emergency purposes.

- ° Debt issued in anticipation of the receipt of federal or State grants for permanent improvements, or to evidence loans from the State capital improvements fund or State infrastructure bank.
- Voted debt for urban redevelopment purposes not in excess of 2% of the City's assessed valuation.
- Debt issued to make a single payment on certain accrued liability to the statewide Police and Fire Pension Fund.
- Debt issued for municipal educational and cultural facilities and sports facilities.

BANs issued in anticipation of exempt bonds are also exempt debt.

The City may incur debt for operating purposes, such as current tax revenue anticipation notes or tax anticipation notes, only under certain limited statutory authority.

In the calculation of debt subject to the direct debt limitations, the amount in a city's bond retirement fund allocable to the principal amount of nonexempt debt is deducted from gross nonexempt debt. Without consideration of amounts in the City's Bond Retirement Fund, and based on outstanding debt and current tax (assessed) valuation, the City's voted and unvoted nonexempt debt capacities as of December 31, 2013 were:

Limitation	Nonexempt Debt Outstanding	Additional Debt Capacity Within Limitation
10-1/2% = \$55,957,696	\$3,078,832	\$52,878,864
5-1/2% = \$29,311,174	\$3,078,832	\$26,232,342

This is further detailed in **Debt Table A**.

Indirect Debt and Unvoted Property Tax Limitations

Voted general obligation debt may be issued by the City if authorized by vote of the electors. Ad valorem taxes, without limitation as to amount or rate, to pay debt charges on voted bonds are authorized by the electors at the same time they authorize the issuance of the bonds.

General obligation debt also may be issued by the City without a vote of the electors. This unvoted debt may not be issued unless the ad valorem property tax for the payment of debt charges on those bonds (or the bonds in anticipation of which BANs are issued), and all outstanding unvoted general obligation bonds (including bonds in anticipation of which BANs are issued) of the combination of overlapping taxing subdivisions including the City resulting in the highest tax required for such debt charges, in any year is 10 mills or less per \$1.00 of assessed valuation. This indirect debt limitation, the product of what is commonly referred to as the "ten-mill limitation," is imposed by a combination of provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Revised Code.

The ten-mill limitation is the maximum aggregate millage for all purposes that may be levied on any single piece of property by *all* overlapping taxing subdivisions without a vote of the electors. This 10 mills is allocated pursuant to a statutory formula among certain overlapping taxing subdivisions in the County, including the City. For collection year 2013, the entire 10 mills was levied by the combination of the City and taxing subdivisions overlapping the City. The thencurrent allocation of the 10 mills (sometimes referred to as the "inside millage") was as follows: 4.20 City, 2.00 County, and 3.80 Wooster City School District. That allocation has remained constant for at least the last five years.

Present Ohio law requires the inside millage allocated to a taxing subdivision to be used first for the payment of debt charges on its unvoted general obligation debt, unless provision has been made for that payment from other sources, with the balance usable for other purposes. To the extent this inside millage is required for debt charges of a taxing subdivision (which may exceed the formula allocation to that subdivision), the amount that would otherwise be available to that subdivision for general fund purposes is reduced. Because the inside millage that may actually be required to pay debt charges on a subdivision's unvoted general obligation debt may exceed the formula allocation of that millage to the subdivision, the excess reduces the amount of inside millage available to overlapping subdivisions. In the case of the City, however, a law applicable to all Ohio cities and villages requires that any lawfully available receipts from a municipal income tax or from voted property tax levies be allocated to pay debt charges on City unvoted debt before the formula allocations of the inside millage to overlapping subdivision can be invaded for that purpose.

In the case of BANs issued in anticipation of unvoted general obligation bonds, the highest estimate of annual debt charges for the anticipated bonds is used to calculate the millage required.

Revenue bonds and notes and mortgage revenue bonds are not included in debt subject to the indirect limitation because they are not general obligations of the City, and the full faith and credit and property taxing power of the City is not pledged for their payment.

The indirect limitation applies to all unvoted general obligation debt even if debt charges on some of it is expected to be paid in fact from municipal income taxes, special assessments, utility revenues or other sources.

As of December 31, 2013, the highest debt charges requirement in any year for all City debt subject to the ten-mill limitation was estimated to be \$914,530. That debt includes all unvoted general obligation bonds outstanding. The payment of those annual debt charges would require a levy of 1.7410 mills based on current assessed valuation.

As of December 31, 2013, the total millage theoretically required by the City, the Wooster City School District and the County (the only overlapping taxing subdivisions that had issued unvoted debt) for debt charges on their outstanding unvoted general obligation debt was estimated to be 2.4703 mills for Fiscal Year 2016, the year of the highest potential debt service. There thus remain 7.5297 mills within the ten-mill limitation that have yet to be allocated to debt charges and that are available to the City and overlapping subdivisions in connection with the issuance of additional unvoted general obligation debt.

Debt Outstanding

The Debt Tables attached provide information concerning the City's outstanding debt represented by bonds and notes, with respect to City and overlapping subdivision general obligation debt allocations, and debt charges.

The following table shows the principal amount of City general obligation debt outstanding as of December 31 (all unvoted) in the years shown.

Year	Exempt	Total
2009	\$3,795,303	\$10,752,000
2010	5,845,671	9,755,000
2011	5,198,019	8,841,000
2012	4,826,064	8,185,000
2013	4,448,167	7,527,000

Bond Anticipation Notes

As of December 31, 2013, none of the debt of the City was currently in the form of BANs. BANs may be retired at maturity from the proceeds of the sale of renewal notes or of the bonds anticipated by the BANs, or available funds of the City, or a combination of these sources.

Bond Retirement Fund

The Bond Retirement Fund is the fund from which the City pays debt charges on its general obligation debt, and into which money required to be applied to those payments is deposited. The following table is an unaudited summary of Bond Retirement Fund receipts and disbursements for the years shown.

Year	Receipts	Disbursements	December 31 Balance
2009	\$197,040	\$207,271	\$ 624,240
2010	307,396	227,149	704,487
2011	243,015	190,470	757,032(a)
2012	209,132	190,919	1,080,455
2013	396,961	188,110	1,289,306

⁽a) The balance of \$757,032 as of December 31, 2011 was restated to \$1,062,242 as of January 1, 2012 to account for understatement of liabilities and reclassification of Long Road TIF monies.

Future Financings

During the next 12 months, the City plans to issue approximately \$5,500,000 of general obligation bonds for improvements to its Wastewater Treatment Plant. The City also plans to issue additional general obligation bonds for various street improvement projects.

The City does not plan to issue any other general obligation bonds during the next 12 months other than issuing them to refund outstanding general obligation bonds at a lower interest cost. At this time, the City has no other plans to undertake or participate in any new major capital improvement projects for which it plans to borrow additional money or enter into long-term financial undertakings, or to issue any current or tax anticipation notes.

Long-Term Financial Obligations Other Than Bonds and Notes

The City has entered into loan agreements with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for the financing of improvements to its wastewater treatment plant, under which, according to the OWDA and at December 31, 2013, there was an aggregate outstanding principal balance due of approximately \$15.99 million. Payments on those loans are required to be made from City wastewater system revenues after payment of operation and maintenance expenses of that system.

The City has entered into loan agreements with the OWDA for the financing of improvements to its water system, under which, according to the OWDA and at December 31, 2013, there was an aggregate outstanding principal balance due of approximately \$2.76 million. Payments on those loans are required to be made from City water system revenues after payment of operation and maintenance expenses of that system.

Those loan agreements with the OWDA grant no security or property interest to OWDA in any property of the City, and do not pledge the general credit of the City, or create a debt subject to the direct or indirect debt limitations, or require the application of the general resources of the City for repayment.

In addition, the City has entered into a number of 0% interest loans with the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) for the financing of improvements to its wastewater treatment plant, water system, storm drainage and other improvements. As of December 31, 2013, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of those loans totaled approximately \$1.58 million. Payments on those loans are generally required to be made from the City wastewater and water system revenues after payment of operation and maintenance expenses of those systems, respectively. The loan agreements grant no security or property interest to OPWC in any property of the City, and do not pledge the general credit of the City, or create a debt subject to the direct or indirect debt limitations.

For information regarding these loan agreements, "compensated absences" and certain other long-term financial obligations of the City, see **Notes** to the City's Unaudited Basic Financial Statements for Fiscal Year 2013 included in **Appendix D**.

The City has no other significant long term financial obligations, other than the bonds described above and certain lease purchase contracts for photocopying and general office equipment.

Retirement Expenses

Present and retired employees of the City are covered under two statewide public employee retirement (including disability retirement) systems. The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) covers uniformed members of the police and fire departments. All other eligible City employees are covered by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS).

In 2013, employees covered by OPERS contributed at a statutory rate of 10.0% of earnable salary. The City's statutory contribution rate for those employees was 14.0% of the same base. In 2013, employees covered by OP&F contributed at a statutory rate of 10.0% of earnable salary through July 1 and, thereafter, at a rate of 10.75% of earnable salary. As the employer, the City's statutory contribution rates, applied to the same base, were 19.5% for police personnel and 24.0% for fire personnel. These employee and employer contribution rates were the maximums permitted under current State law. (See the discussion below of State legislation enacted in 2012.)

For further information on these pension plans, see the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements included in **Appendix D**. Financial and other information for OPERS and OP&F, including their respective Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, can also be found on their websites.

OPERS and OP&F are two of five statewide public employee retirement systems created by and operating pursuant to Ohio law, all of which currently have unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. The General Assembly has the power to amend the format of those systems and to revise rates and methods of contributions to be made by public employers and their employees and eligibility criteria, benefits or benefit levels for employee members. On September 12, 2012, the General Assembly passed five separate pension reform bills intended to

assist each of the five retirement systems in addressing its unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. The bills passed with respect to OPERS and OP&F provide for (i) no change in the City contribution rates with respect to its employees' earnable salaries, (ii) no change in OPERS employee contribution rate, and (iii) an increase in the OP&F employee contribution rate from 10% to 12.25% in annual increments of 0.75% that began on July 2, 2013. With certain transition provisions applicable to certain current employees, the bills increase minimum age and service requirements for retirement and disability benefits, revise the calculation of an employee's final average salary on which pension benefits are based to include the five highest years (rather than the three highest years), provide for OPERS pension benefits to be calculated on a lower, fixed formula, change provisions with respect to future cost-of-living adjustments to limit those adjustments to the lesser of any increase in the Consumer Price Index or three percent, and make other changes. The OP&F bill also authorizes the OP&F board to further adjust member contribution rates or further adjust age and service requirements after November 1, 2017, if, after an actuarial investigation, the board determines that an adjustment is appropriate.

City employees are not currently subject to federal and state income tax on their contributions to OPERS or OP&F because the City has adopted a "pick-up" program pursuant to federal income tax law. The pick-up program is a "salary reduction" program which does not cause the City to incur additional pension or wage related expenses. The City also picks up 5.5% of Wooster Employees Association employees' pension and 3.5% of management's pension.

The City's current employer contributions to OPERS and OP&F, and the payments toward the accrued OP&F liability, have been treated as current expenses and included in the City's operating expenditures, except to the extent paid from the proceeds of the "Police and Fire Pension" levy referred to under **Tax Rates**.

Federal law requires City employees hired after March 31, 1986, to participate in the federal Medicare program, which requires matching employer and employee contributions, each being 1.45% of the wage base. Otherwise, City employees who are covered by a State retirement system are not currently covered under the federal Social Security Act. OPERS and OP&F are not subject to the funding and vesting requirements of the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

Health Insurance

All City employees are provided a traditional health care insurance plan that covers hospitalization and major medical expenses within specified limits. The plan is self-funded by the City and administered by a third-party administrator. The City pays the administrator a monthly fixed fee for various claim administration services on a per enrolled employee basis. All claims are paid by the City. The third-party administrator submits weekly preliminary check registers for all processed claims. The City issues payment to the plan administrator who in turn issues individual claim checks. The City carries specific stop-loss and adequate stop-loss insurance against catastrophic losses (an annual stop loss limit of \$75,000 per employee, and \$1,000,000 in the aggregate). The premium for these coverages are billed monthly to the City by the third-party administrator on a per enrolled employee basis.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On June 24, 2014, the City issued its \$3,025,000 Water System Improvement Bonds, Series 2014 (the 2014 Bonds), for the purpose of improving the City's water system by constructing a municipal water tower, together with the necessary site work, fencing, and driveway approach, and constructing a water pump station, together with the necessary waterline extensions and curb

connections in connection therewith, all together with all necessary and related improvements and appurtenances thereto and acquiring any real estate or interest therein required therefor.

DEBT TABLE A

Principal Amounts of Outstanding General Obligation (GO) Debt; Leeway for Additional Debt Within Direct Debt Limitations (as of December 31, 2013)(a)

A.	Total debt:		\$ 7,527,000
B.	Exempt debt:		
	Category	Outstanding Principal Amount	
	Special Assessment Water System Storm Drainage System	\$1,170,268 \$2,517,900 \$ 760,000	
	Total exempt debt:		\$ 4,448,168
C.	Total nonexempt debt [A minus B]		\$ 3,078,832
D.	5-1/2% of tax (assessed) valuation (unvoted nonexempt debt limitation):		\$29,311,174
E.	Total nonexempt limited tax bonds and notes outstanding:		
	Bonds Notes	\$3,078,832 \$ -0-	\$ 3,078,832
F.	Debt leeway within 5-1/2% unvoted debt limitation [D minus E]		\$26,232,342*
G.	10-1/2% of tax (assessed) valuation (voted and unvoted debt limitation):		\$55,957,696
Н.	Total nonexempt bonds and notes outstanding:		
	Bonds Notes	\$3,078,832 \$ -0-	¢ 2.070.022
			\$ 3,078,832
I.	Debt leeway within 10-1/2% debt limitation [G minus H]		\$52,878,864*

^{*} Debt leeway in this table determined without considering money in the Bond Retirement Fund.

⁽a) On June 24, 2014, the City issued its \$3,025,000 Water System Improvement Bonds, Series 2014 (the 2014 Bonds). The figures in this Table are as of December 31, 2013, and therefore do not reflect the issuance of the 2014 Bonds. See **Subsequent Events**.

DEBT TABLE B

Various City and Overlapping GO Debt Allocations (Principal Amounts) (as of December 31, 2013)(a)

	Amount	Per Capita(b)	% of City's Current Assessed Valuation(c)
City Nonexempt GO Debt	\$ 3,078,832	\$117.88	0.58%
Total City GO Debt (exempt and non- exempt)	7,527,000	288.18	1.41
Highest Total Overlap- ping GO Debt(d)	19,372,549	741.70	3.64

- (a) On June 24, 2014, the City issued its \$3,025,000 Water System Improvement Bonds, Series 2014 (the 2014 Bonds). The figures in this Table are as of December 31, 2013, and therefore do not reflect the issuance of the 2014 Bonds. See **Subsequent Events**.
- (b) Based on 2010 City population of 26,119.
- (c) Based on the City's current assessed valuation of \$532,930,440.
- (d) Includes, in addition to "Total City GO Debt," allocations of total GO debt of overlapping debt issuing subdivisions resulting in the calculation of highest total overlapping debt based on percent of tax (assessed) valuation of territory of the subdivisions located within City (% figures are resulting percent of total debt of subdivisions allocated to City in this manner), as follows:

\$ 1,689,513	County (24.05%);
\$ 9,294,981	Wooster City School District (84.27%); and
\$ 861.055	Wayne Public Library District (20.38%).

Source of tax (assessed) valuation and confirmation of GO debt figures for overlapping subdivisions: OMAC*

* Ohio Municipal Advisory Council (OMAC) compiles information from official and other sources. OMAC believes the information it compiles is accurate and reliable, but OMAC does not independently confirm or verify the information and does not guaranty its accuracy. OMAC has not reviewed this Annual Information Filing to confirm that the information attributed to it is information provided by OMAC or for any other purpose.

DEBT TABLE C

Projected Debt Charges Requirements on City GO Debt
(as of December 31, 2013)(a)

	Debt Service on		Por	rtion of Total Antici	pated to be Paid fron	1
Year	Outstanding Bonds	Total	Limited Ad Valorem Taxes	Special Assessments	Storm Drainage System Receipts	Water System Revenues
2014	\$914,529.65	\$914,529.65	\$380,840.89	\$139,805.47	\$167,500.00	\$226,383.30
2015	909,195.95	909,195.95	379,356.72	140,446.93	164,500.00	224,892.30
2016	914,277.35	914,277.35	378,189.04	141,388.21	166,500.00	228,200.10
2017	902,205.15	902,205.15	377,420.00	140,786.65	158,012.50	225,986.00
2018	902,279.35	902,279.35	373,950.53	140,716.33	159,262.50	228,350.00
2019	546,046.15	546,046.15	192,179.11	128,759.05	0.00	225,108.00
2020	549,116.85	549,116.85	193,545.10	129,242.75	0.00	226,329.00
2021	445,405.25	445,405.25	194,074.22	78,274.78	0.00	173,056.25
2022	441,997.55	441,997.55	194,401.53	78,289.78	0.00	169,306.25
2023	361,293.75	361,293.75	144,120.11	46,617.39	0.00	170,556.25
2024	362,700.00	362,700.00	144,474.30	46,731.95	0.00	171,493.75
2025	363,437.50	363,437.50	144,568.75	46,762.50	0.00	172,106.25
2026	368,850.00	368,850.00	148,318.38	47,975.37	0.00	172,556.25
2027	368,387.50	368,387.50	147,888.64	47,836.36	0.00	172,662.50
2028	367,187.50	367,187.50	147,170.82	47,604.18	0.00	172,412.50
2029	365,637.50	365,637.50	146,320.78	47,329.22	0.00	171,987.50
2030	368,312.50	368,312.50	148,946.47	48,178.53	0.00	171,187.50

⁽a) On June 24, 2014, the City issued its \$3,025,000 Water System Improvement Bonds, Series 2014 (the 2014 Bonds). The figures in this Table are as of December 31, 2013, and therefore do not reflect the issuance of the 2014 Bonds. See **Subsequent Events**.

DEBT TABLE D

Outstanding GO Bonds (as of December 31, 2013)(a)

The following debt is reflected in **Debt Tables A**, **B** and **C**.

Bonds Outstanding **Original Principal** Date of **Final Principal** Issue **Issuance** Maturity **Amount** Amount Various Purpose Improvement Bonds, Series 1995 9/21/95 2020 \$1,950,000 \$ 595,000 Special Assessment Property Owners' Portion 1,245,955 287,100 City Portion (Water System) 704,045 307,900 Street Improvement Bonds, Series 2007 9/27/07 2022 \$ 815,000 \$ 557,000 Special Assessment Property Owners' Portion 219,697 321,460 City Portion 493,540 337,303 Various Purpose Bonds, Series 2010 10/13/10 2030 \$7,975,000 \$6,375,000 Refunding of Municipal Building Debt 1,040,000 660,000 Refunding of Storm Drainage Debt 1,200,000 760,000 Refunding of Water System Debt 2,510,000 2,210,000 Special Assessment Property Owners' Portion 776,543 663,470 City Portion 2,448,457 2,081,530

⁽a) On June 24, 2014, the City issued its \$3,025,000 Water System Improvement Bonds, Series 2014 (the 2014 Bonds). The figures in this Table are as of December 31, 2013, and therefore do not reflect the issuance of the 2014 Bonds. See **Subsequent Events**.

APPENDIX A

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS OF WATER FUND 2009 THROUGH 2013, COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF WATER FUND REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS 2009 THROUGH 2013, AND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF WATER FUND CASH FLOWS 2009 THROUGH 2013

City of Wooster, Ohio Water Fund Comparative Balance Sheets

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Assets					
Current Assets					
Equity in city treasury cash	\$ 784,326	\$ 1,35,930	\$ 2,657,475	\$ 3,864,331	\$ 3,647,374
Receivables - net of allowances:					
Accounts	589,917	722,846	720,635	690,818	746,120
Accrued interest	44,173	42,901	39,670	40,251	39,321
Due from other governments	0	0	0	1,821	0
Inventory	116,061	116,061	51,570	72,359	72,359
Total Current Assets	\$ 1,534,477	\$ 2,277,738	\$ 3,469,350	\$ 4,669,580	\$ 4,505,174
Net Capital Assets	\$26,389,075	\$25,482,412	\$24,894,568	\$24,417,691	\$24,818,568
Total Assets	\$27,923,552	\$27,760,150	\$28,363,918	\$29,087,271	\$29,323,742
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 96,135	\$ 164,389	\$ 121,463	\$ 313,744	\$ 323,164
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	132,592	259,311	85,968	143,825	91,755
Current portion of long term debt	2,955,638	605,381	295,761	340,710	347,756
Accrued interest payable	79,856	74,048	65,006	56,932	54,000
Accrued plant closure costs	0	0	0	0	0
Current portion of compensated absences	86,507	69,007	62,871	62,109	67,261
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 3,350,728	\$ 1,172,136	\$ 631,069	\$ 917,320	\$ 883,935
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Long term debt	\$ 4,370,391	\$ 6,782,393	\$ 6,821,513	\$ 6,666,102	\$ 6,318,349
Compensated absences	248,949	152,253	188,686	133,023	173,989
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,619,340	6,934,646	7,010,199	6,799,125	6,492,338
Total Liabilities	\$ 7,970,068	\$ 8,106,782	\$ 7,641,268	\$ 7,716,445	\$ 7,376,273
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt					
		¢10 004 (20	\$17,777,293	\$17,410,879	\$17,777,293
Restricted	\$19,063,046	\$18,094,639	φ11,111,2/3	Ψ11,410,012	T = - 7 7 =
	\$19,063,046 0	\$18,094,639 0	0	0	0
Unrestricted					
Unrestricted	0	0	0	0	0

City of Wooster, Ohio Water Fund Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 4,185,862	\$ 5,076,993	\$ 5,307,239	\$ 5,314,130	\$ 5,246,476
Interfund services provided	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	93,085	105,515	117,299	100,995	164,050
Total operating revenues	\$ 4,278,947	\$ 5,182,508	\$ 5,424,538	\$ 5,415,125	\$ 5,410,525
Operating Expenses (Note A):					
Personal services	\$ 1,863,516	\$ 1,880,923	\$ 1,550,840	\$ 1,593,461	\$ 1,522,260
Operations and Maintenance	1,207,129	1,138,504	1,274,470	1,777,806	2,711,352
Depreciation	1,080,790	1,097,687	1,081,646	1,064,277	1,028,499
Interfund Services used	304,806	360,486	290,236	161,705	22,206
Total operating expenses	\$ 4,456,241	\$ 4,477,600	\$ 4,197,192	\$ 4,597,249	\$ 5,284,317
Operating income	\$ (177,294)	\$ 704,908	\$ 1,227,346	\$ 817,876	\$ 126,208
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income and investment earnings	\$ 15,198	\$ 20,304	\$ 26,454	\$ 17,338	\$ 8,366
Other (net)	302,576	(127,068)	300	(2,591)	4,897
Interest expense	(268,091)	(256,918)	(210,495)	(204,688)	(147,014)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	49,683	(363,682)	(183,741)	(189,941)	(133,751)
Income before contributions and transfers	(127,611)	341,226	1,043,605	627,935	(7,543)
Change in estimated plant closure cost	0	0	0	0	0
Premium on debt issuances	0	16,708	0	0	0
Transfers	0	(710,000)	0	0	0
Capital Contributions	0	51,950	25,678	20,241	322,730
Change in net assets	\$ (127,611)	\$ (300,116)	\$ 1,069,283	\$ 648,176	\$ 307,644
Total net assets at beginning of year	\$20,081,094	\$19,953,483	\$19,653,367	\$20,722,650	\$21,370,826
Total net assets at end of year	\$19,953,483	\$19,653,367	\$20,722,650	\$21,370,826	\$21,678,470

Fiscal Year 2014 budget as of March 31, 2014.

City of Wooster, Ohio Water Fund Comparative Statements of Cash Flows

	2	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Cash received from customers	\$4,1	121,976	\$4,944,064		\$5 .	309,450	\$5	,342,126	\$5.	246,000
Cash paid to suppliers		675,466)	(1,430,736)			543,141)		768,019)	(2,	461,666)
Cash paid to employees	(1,8	322,927)		868,400)		693,886)	(1,	592,029)	(1,	522,260)
Cash received from interfund services provided	` ′	0	` ′	0	` ′	0		0	, ,	0
Cash paid for internal services used	(3	304,806)		0		0		0		0
Other revenue (expense)	,	93,085		105,515		117,299		100,995		164,000
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		11,862		750,443		189,722		083,073		426,074
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:										
Grants	\$	0	\$	0	\$	300	\$	240	\$	0
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:										
Proceeds from capital debt	¢15	569,199	Ф <i>Е</i>	700,000	\$	202 200	\$	197,800	\$	0
Loss on disposal of capital assets	\$4, 5	,	φэ,	,	Ф	302,200	Ф	· ·	Ф	
Capital contributions	1	0		0		0		0		0
Proceeds from sale of assets	3	302,576		0		25,677		20,241		322,730
Purchases of capital assets	(2.2	0	,	0	,	0	,	0	(1	0
Principal paid on capital debt		241,717)	,	318,644)	,	493,802)		590,231)		429,473)
		383,157)		638,255)		572,700)		308,262)		339,617)
Interest paid on capital debt		220,929)		262,726)		219,537)		212,762)		205,037)
Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities	\$ (4	174,028)	\$ (519,625)	\$ (958,162)	\$ (893,214)	\$(1,	651,397)
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Interest and dividends	\$	19,202	\$	21,576	\$	34,617	\$	16,757	\$	8,366
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	19,202	\$	21,576	\$	34,617	\$	16,757	\$	8,366
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:										
Insurance settlement proceeds	\$	0	\$	0	ø	0	\$	0	\$	0
Capital contributions	Ф	0	Ф		\$		Ф		Ф	
Premium on debt issuance				51,950		0		0		0
Other income		0		16,708		0		0		0
Transfer out		0		552		0		U		0
Payment to close previous Water Treatment Plant		0	(710,000)		0		U		0
Operating subsidies		0		0		0		U		0
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		0	,	0		0		0		U
		0	,	640,790)	_	0	_	0		0
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(42,964)		611,604		261,545		206,856	,	216,957)
		327,290		784,326		395,930		657,475		864,331
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 7	784,326	\$1,	395,930	\$2,	657,475	\$3,	864,331	\$3,	647,374
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:										
Acquisition of capital assets on account	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by										
Operating Income (loss)	\$ (1	177,294)	•	704,908	\$1.	227,346	¢	817,876	•	126,208
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used)	Ψ (1	.,2,2,4)	Ψ	704,200	. ,	,	Ψ	017,070	Ψ	120,200
Depreciation expense	1.0	80,790	1	097,687	1	081,646	1	064,277	1	028,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:	1,0	,00,770	1,	071,007	1,	001,040	1,	,004,277	1,	020,000
Receivables – net of allowances	\$ ((63,886)	\$ (132,929)	\$	2,211	\$	27,996	\$	55,302
Inventory	φι		φ (φ		Ψ		Ψ	0
Compensated absences payable		56	-	0 114 106)		64,491		(20,789) (56,425)		
Prepaid expenses		0	(114,196) 0		30,297		(56,425) 0		40,966 0
Accounts and other payables	(1	168,393)								9,420
Accrued expenses	(4	, ,		68,254 126,710		(42,926) 173,343)		192,281		
Net cash provided (used by operating activities)	\$ 4	40,589 411,862		126,719 ,750,443		173,343) 189,722	¢2	57,857 ,083,073		166,178 426,074
The cash provided (used by operating activities)	P 4	711,002	Φ1 ,	,130,443	\$ 2,	107,144	\$ 4	,003,073	ÞΙ	720,074

APPENDIX B

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS OF GENERAL FUND 2009 THROUGH 2013

AND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES 2009 THROUGH 2013

City of Wooster, Ohio General Fund Comparative Balance Sheets

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Assets:					
Equity in city treasury cash	\$ 9,893,689	\$ 8,368,686	\$11,165,028	\$11,331,441	\$11,148,000
Taxes receivable	3,580,907	3,595,790	4,006,004	3,971,425	4,000,000
Accounts receivable	38,692	33,240	203,800	247,636	132,617
Due from other governments	1,199,211	1,198,962	1,452,398	716,997	600,000
Due from other funds	1,500,000	1,891,442	100,000	145,240	0
Accrued interest receivable	81,398	45,339	0	0	0
Inventory	50,897	56,834	53,953	55,429	55,429
Total assets	\$16,344,794	\$15,190,293	\$16,981,183	\$16,465,168	\$15,936,046
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 260,070	\$ 232,648	\$ 237,492	\$ 301,742	\$ 333,346
Accrued salaries, wages, and benefits	1,123,370	1,513,639	902,418	1,036,707	705,176
Compensated absences	0	0	0	0	0
Deferred revenue	3,370,143	3,911,779	4,250,323	3,757,106	3,500,000
Total liabilities	\$ 4,753,583	\$ 5,658,066	\$ 5,390,233	\$ 5,095,555	\$4,538,522
Fund balances:					
Reserved for encumbrances	\$ 2,771,167	\$ 2,347,652	\$ 2,702,135	\$ 2,532,598	\$ 2,400,000
Unreserved	8,820,044	7,184,575	8,888,815	8,837,015	8,997,525
Total fund balances	11,591,211	9,532,227	11,590,950	11,369,613(a)	11,397,525
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$16,344,794	\$15,190,293	\$16,981,183(a)	\$16,465,168	\$15,936,047

⁽a) Fund balance restated at January 1, 2012, to account for understatement of other liabilities and reclassification of Long Road TIF monies.

City of Wooster, Ohio General Fund Comparative Statements of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$11,633,053	\$11,295,605	\$12,382,087	\$13,463,255	\$12,043,822
Intergovernmental	1,594,486	1,559,899	1,685,562	1,098,338	917,261
Charges for Services	1,356,638	1,299,700	1,493,695	1,416,353	1,400,474
Fines, licenses, permits	369,803	481,874	609,103	536,585	498,856
Interfund services provided	1,616,062	1,762,497	1,508,293	1,478,817	80,676
Interest income	168,843	162,474	102,644	55,130	15,353
Miscellaneous	362,441	253,143	144,363	54,174	324,436
Total Revenues	\$17,101,326	\$16,815,192	\$17,925,747	\$18,102,652	\$15,280,877
Expenditures (Note A):					
Current operations:					
Safety services	\$ 9,914,083	\$10,639,592	\$ 9,486,771	\$ 9,900,809	\$ 9,678,339
Health services	148,395	140,185	139,670	137,140	132,418
Leisure services	1,919,313	1,793,052	1,365,853	1,364,780	1,244,886
Environment and development	833,270	889,444	782,950	810,295	881,961
Utility services	0	0	0	0	0
Transportation services	1,329,985	1,510,868	968,766	851,876	604,867
Administrative services	3,268,646	3,681,702	2,889,589	2,873,611	3,065,923
Capital expenditures	0	0	0	0	0
Debt service:					
Principal	118,621	123,621	133,621	138,622	133,621
Interest	48,243	28,169	25,854	20,312	17,713
Total Expenditures	\$17,580,556	\$18,806,633	\$15,793,074	\$16,097,445	\$15,759,728
Excess revenues over (under)	d (4 7 0.420)	* (4.004.444)	* • • • • • •	.	Φ (450.050)
expenditures	\$ (479,230)	\$(1,991,441)	\$ 2,132,673	\$ 2,005,207	\$ (478,850)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from debt issues	\$ 0	\$ 1,040,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Premium on issuance of debt	0	25,680	0	0	0
Payment to refund bond escrow agt	0	(1,050,223)	0	0	0
Transfers in	24,200	0	0	0	0
Transfers (out) (Note B)	(248,019)	(83,000)	(73,950)	(1,361,000)	(2,118,500)
Excess revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ (703,049)	\$(2,058,984)	\$ 2,058,723	\$(1,361,000)	\$(2,188,500)
Fund balances at beginning of year					
as previously reported	\$12,294,259	\$11,591,211	\$ 9,532,227	\$10,725,406	\$11,369,613
Fund balances at end of year	\$11,591,211	\$ 9,532,227	\$11,590,950	\$11,369,613	\$ 9,251,113
·	. ,	,	1 7-0 -7	. , ,	1 1 7 1 -7

Note A — All transfers from the General Fund are to the Capital Improvement Fund, except that in Fiscal Year 2009 \$100,000 was transferred to the Economic Development Fund for the purpose of funding the City's economic development revolving loan fund program.

APPENDIX C

All Funds Summary 2013 (Cash Basis--Unaudited)

Fund	Beginning Balance	Receipts	Expenditures	Ending Balance
General	\$ 11,310,294.89	\$ 18,280,875.90	\$ 18,442,945.09	\$ 11,148,225.70
Street Construction Maintenance & Repair	1,388,065.97	1,317,595.96	1,420,124.62	1,285,537.31
State Highway	431,817.73	89,789.19	22,219.26	499,387.66
Permissive Tax	638,012.69	317,146.05	397,442.07	557,716.67
Enforcement and Education	51,244.03	3,438.05	19.03	54,663.05
Mandatory Drug Fines	23,792.81	8,927.09	6,454.63	26,265.27
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	22.73	0.02	22.75	0.00
Community Development Block Grant	0.19	388,419.00	372,965.92	15,453.27
Economic Development	64,660.32	143,668.58	111,113.24	97,215.66
Law Enforcement Trust	38,581.49	1,448.27	14.00	40,015.76
Police Pension	61,794.17	161,782.25	131,326.61	92,249.81
Fire Pension	58,786.46	165,657.52	138,412.47	86,031.51
Federal Equitable Sharing	13,836.38	63.23	4.99	13,894.62
CDBG CHIP HOME RLF	9,240.39	12,661.22	5,705.94	16,195.67
Shade Tree Fund	1,638.08	257.87	0.64	1,895.31
Law Enforcement Training Fund	3,980.00	0.00	0.00	3,980.00
Lillian Long Estate	12,055.81	0.00	11,830.81	225.00
Christmas Run Park Restoration	28,236.97	129.14	10.18	28,355.93
Debt Service	1,078,550.15	589,001.50	378,246.02	1,289,305.63
Capital Improvements	617,117.28	2,677,748.07	2,165,622.77	1,129,242.58
Economic Development Capital Improvements	19,186.53	0.00	0.00	19,186.53
Beall Avenue Street Construction	7,362.79	25.87	7,388.66	0.00
State Capital Grants	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Milltown Road Reconstruction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Water Fund	3,860,307.51	6,207,427.27	6,420,360.96	3,647,373.82
Water Pollution Control	2,569,384.45	6,662,232.40	6,983,097.43	2,248,519.42
Wooster Community Hospital	13,431,841.01	108,093,838.55	113,926,678.74	7,599,000.82
Wooster Community Hospital Plant	73,178,641.78	9,715,252.34	9,108,785.24	73,785,108.88
Wooster Community Hospital Beaverson EMS	244,609.44	51,906.91	51,645.56	244,870.79
Wooster Community Hospital Endowment	1,144,404.79	183,243.13	207,416.85	1,120,231.07
Storm Drainage	1,322,564.29	1,436,165.67	1,052,501.12	1,706,228.84
CDBG Economic Development Loan	7,995.46	4,052.58	4,833.59	7,214.45
CDBG Downtown Loan	17,449.08	77.77	1,764.75	15,762.10
Wooster Community Hospital Bevington	54.11	0.13	0.02	54.22
Refuse Collection	712,785.24	1,527,662.76	1,304,472.22	935,975.78
Garage (Internal Service)	22,779.69	360,126.25	382,583.62	322.32
Employee Benefits	750,149.96	2,093,036.78	2,180,167.40	663,019.34
Guarantee Deposit	198,628.93	53,566.97	42,000.00	210,195.90
Clearing	26,686.13	50,276.61	76,124.21	838.53
Recreation Supplement	7,152.40	30.00	0.00	7,182.40
Wooster Growth Corporation	417,440.36	1,661,156.06	1,372,382.12	706,214.30
Totals	\$113,771,152.49	\$162,258,686.96	\$166,726,683.53	\$109,303,155.92

APPENDIX D

Unaudited Basic Financial Statements from the City's Financial Report for Fiscal Year 2013

CITY OF WOOSTER WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

,			
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Equity in city treasury cash	\$ 16,983,226	\$ 91,380,534	\$ 108,363,760
Net receivables	8,894,703	22,623,088	31,517,791
Inventory	226,973	1,928,133	2,155,106
Prepaid expenses	0	1,153,759	1,153,759
Total current assets	26,104,902	117,085,514	143,190,416
Noncurrent assets			
Net receivables	2,161,919	167,541	2,329,460
Capital assets (net of accumulated	2,101,919	107,541	2,329,400
depreciation):			
Land	4,408,589	8,137,848	12,546,437
Buildings	1,961,061	53,072,580	55,033,641
Improvements/Infrastructure	38,772,510	54,507,441	93,279,951
Equipment	2,828,091	15,281,482	18,109,573
Construction in progress	850,008	915,918	1,765,926
Net capital assets			
Total noncurrent assets	48,820,259	131,915,269	180,735,528
Total noncurrent assets	50,982,178	132,082,810	183,064,988
Total assets	77,087,080	249,168,324	326,255,404
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,115,940	3,894,949	5,010,889
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	728,957	4,992,671	5,721,628
Other accrued liabilities	164,946	2,389,300	2,554,246
Compensated absences, current	517,995	2,869,752	3,387,747
Current portion of long term bonds	280,196	336,834	617,030
Current portion or long term bonds Current portion special assessment	200,190	330,034	017,030
debt with governmental commitment	96,615	0	96,615
Current portion long term loans	18,161	1,140,405	1,158,566
Total current liabilities	2,922,810	15,623,911	18,546,721
Total current habilities	2,922,010	13,023,911	10,540,721
Noncurrent liabilities			
Bonds	2,510,678	3,891,769	6,402,447
Special assessment debt with			
governmental commitment	460,090	0	460,090
Loans	90,089	17,966,022	18,056,111
Compensated absences	1,437,344	1,476,148	2,913,492
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,498,201	23,333,939	27,832,140
Total liabilities	7,421,011	38,957,850	46,378,861
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	4.000.5		
Property taxes levied for the next year	1,909,656	0	1,909,656
Total deferred inflow of resources	1,909,656	0	1,909,656
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in capital assets	45,364,428	108,580,240	153,944,668
Restricted for:	- , ,	, ,— - +	, ,
Capital projects	1,266,668	0	1,266,668
Debt service	3,942,032	0	3,942,032
Street construction and maintenance	1,385,091	0	1,385,091
Public works projects	1,536,608	0	1,536,608
Economic development projects	602,945	0	602,945
Restricted by donors	002,743	1,936,441	1,936,441
Other purposes	379,198	0	379,198
Unrestricted	13,279,443	99,693,793	112,973,236
Total net position	\$ 67,756,413	\$ 210,210,474	\$ 277,966,887
Total net position	Ψ 07,730,713	Ψ 210,210,77	Ψ 211,700,001

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

				Program Revenues						
		Indirect				Operating		Capital Grants		
	_		Expense	Charges for			Grants and	and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Allocation		Services		ontributions	Contributions		
Primary government										
Governmental activities:										
Safety services	\$ 10,779,964	\$	1,269,048	\$	938,998	\$	38,820	\$	54,626	
Health and social services	133,051		0		0		0		0	
Leisure services	1,398,425		309,688		336,176		958		0	
Environment and development	1,208,842		25,214		309,913		204,086		200,475	
Transportation services	3,300,856		239,895		125,912		1,439,726		2,965,815	
Administrative services	3,565,188		(2,922,432)		278,657		7,726		0	
Central services	243,734		(379,958)		0		0		0	
Interest expense	126,052		0		0		0		0	
Total governmental activities	20,756,112		(1,458,545)		1,989,656		1,691,316		3,220,916	
Business-type activities:										
Wooster Community Hospital	117,406,593		0		118,673,639		165,870		0	
Water	5,458,726		730,592		5,262,795		0		322,730	
Water pollution control	4,342,799		691,198		5,866,394		0		41,304	
Storm drainage	673,190		36,755		1,395,917		0		0	
Refuse collection	1,227,129		0		1,458,760		57,260		0	
Total business-type activities	129,108,437		1,458,545		132,657,505		223,130		364,034	
Total primary government	\$ 149,864,549	\$	0	\$	134,647,161	\$	1,914,446	\$	3,584,950	

General revenues:

Taxes:

City income taxes

Property taxes

Estate taxes

Other taxes

Grants and contributions, not restricted

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position -- beginning of year

Net position -- end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and								
Changes in Net Position Primary Government								
Governmental Business-Type								
Activities	Activities	- 1						
\$ (11,016,568)	\$ 0	\$ (11,016,568)						
(133,051)	0	(133,051)						
(1,370,979)	0	(1,370,979)						
(519,582)	0	(519,582)						
990,702	0	990,702						
(356,373)	0	(356,373)						
136,224	0	136,224						
(126,052)	0	(126,052)						
(12,395,679)	0	(12,395,679)						
0	1,432,916	1,432,916						
0	(603,793)	(603,793)						
0	873,701	873,701						
0	685,972	685,972						
0	288,891	288,891						
0	2,677,687	2,677,687						
(12,395,679)	2,677,687	(9,717,992)						
10,600,882	0	10,600,882						
1,968,960	0	1,968,960						
453,091	0	453,091						
243,740	0	243,740						
978,206	0	978,206						
91,080	210,747	301,827						
637,621	304,905	942,526						
14,973,580	515,652	15,489,232						
2,577,901	3,193,339	5,771,240						
65,178,512	207,017,135	272,195,647						

\$ 67,756,413 \$ 210,210,474 \$ 277,966,887

CITY OF WOOSTER WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	In	Capital nprovement Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in city treasury cash	\$ 11,026,968	\$ 1,088,190	\$	1,129,019	\$	3,024,524	\$	16,268,701
Taxes receivable	4,011,852	0		0		296,570		4,308,422
Accounts receivable	241,928	0		0		11,540		253,468
Due from other governments	564,164	0		2,846,901		668,889		4,079,954
Due from other funds	29,787	0		0		0		29,787
Accrued interest receivable	0	0		0		1,958		1,958
Inventory	55,045	0		0		171,928		226,973
Long term receivables	0	0		0		62,717		62,717
Special assessments receivable	0	2,339,708		10,137		0		2,349,845
Total assets	\$ 15,929,744	\$ 3,427,898	\$	3,986,057	\$	4,238,126	\$	27,581,825
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 333,345	\$ 0	\$	489,670	\$	201,414	\$	1,024,429
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	705,176	0		0		8,742		713,918
Due to other funds	 0	0		0		29,787		29,787
Total liabilities	 1,038,521	0		489,670		239,943		1,768,134
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property taxes levied for the next year	1,636,061	0		0		273,595		1,909,656
Unavailable revenue	2,224,149	2,339,708		2,857,038		583,534		8,004,429
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,860,210	2,339,708		2,857,038		857,129		9,914,085
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable	55,045	0		0		171,928		226,973
Restricted	0	1,088,190		0		2,668,679		3,756,869
Committed	0	0		0		342,687		342,687
Assigned	2,355,408	0		639,349		0		2,994,757
Unassigned	 8,620,560	 0		0		(42,240)		8,578,320
Total fund balances	11,031,013	1,088,190		639,349		3,141,054		15,899,606
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances	\$ 15,929,744	\$ 3,427,898	\$	3,986,057	\$	4,238,126	\$	27,581,825

CITY OF WOOSTER WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2013

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 15,899,606
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resou and therefore are not reported in the funds.**	ırces	48,816,428
and therefore are not reported in the rands.		10,010,120
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period		
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Special assessments receivable	\$ 2,349,845	
Delinquent property taxes receivable	110,453	
Due from other governments	3,900,516	
Accounts receivable	38,461	
Income tax receivable	1,605,154	8,004,429
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Special assessment debt	(556,705)	
General obligation bonds	(2,790,874)	
Long term loans	(108,250)	
Compensated absences payable*	(1,929,848)	
Interest payable	(8,240)	(5,393,917)
Internal service fund is used to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the governmental activities in the		
fund are included in the governmental activities in the		410 102
statement of net position.		418,183
Internal service fund costs spread to other governmental funds		
should not be included in net position.		11,684
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 67,756,413

^{*}Excludes \$25,491 reported in Internal Service Funds.

^{**}Excludes \$3,831 reported in Internal Service Funds.

CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	e 12.770.02 <i>(</i>	Φ 0	Φ	e 201.527	e 12 170 272
Taxes	\$ 12,778,836	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 391,527	\$ 13,170,363
Intergovernmental	984,024	0	467,387	1,798,318	3,249,729
Charges for services	1,422,616	0	0	88	1,422,704
Special assessments	0	192,794	0	200,475	393,269
Fines, licenses, permits	690,121	0	0	12,519	702,640
Interfund services provided	1,462,850	0	0	0	1,462,850
Interest income	29,076	3,050	692	6,553	39,371
Miscellaneous	193,419	0	36,267	60,622	290,308
Total Revenues	17,560,942	195,844	504,346	2,470,102	20,731,234
Expenditures:					
Current operations:					
Safety services	9,693,955	0	0	444,931	10,138,886
Health and social services	132,418	0	0	0	132,418
Leisure services	1,249,335	0	0	0	1,249,335
Environment and development	881,227	0	0	329,894	1,211,121
Transportation services	604,867	2,752	0	804,922	1,412,541
Administrative services	3,067,906	0	0	0	3,067,906
Capital expenditures	0	0	2,109,791	735,579	2,845,370
Debt service :					
Principal	133,621	129,632	0	123,214	386,467
Interest	17,713	55,725	0	52,615	126,053
Total Expenditures	15,781,042	188,109	2,109,791	2,491,155	20,570,097
Excess revenues over(under) expenditures	1,779,900	7,735	(1,605,445)	(21,053)	161,137
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	0	0	2,118,500	0	2,118,500
Transfers (out)	(2,118,500)	0	0	0	(2,118,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,118,500)	0	2,118,500	0	0
Net changes in fund balances	(338,600)	7,735	513,055	(21,053)	161,137
Fund balances at beginning of year	11,369,613	1,080,455	126,294	3,162,107	15,738,469
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 11,031,013	\$ 1,088,190	\$ 639,349	\$ 3,141,054	\$ 15,899,606

CITY OF WOOSTER WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	161,137
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciaiton exceeded capital asset additions in the current period: Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Total	\$ 2,845,369 (2,876,806) *		(31,437)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.			(2,214)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Taxes Due from other governments Accounts Special assessment Total	268,495 1,536,532 (61,314) 491,423		2,235,136
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Decrease in bonds and loans payable Decrease in compensated absences Decrease in accrued interest payable Total	 386,467 (112,512) * 2,152	*	276,107
The internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statements of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.			(60,828)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	2,577,901

 $^{*\$430\} depreciation\ for\ Internal\ Service\ fund\ not\ included$

^{**}Excludes a decrease of \$17,269 reported in the Internal Service Fund

CITY OF WOOSTER WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

Wooster Community Hospital Water Pollution Control		Business-type Activities					
Current assets Equity in city treasury cash \$ 82,716,194 \$ 3,543,156 \$ 2,489,926 Receivables - net of allowances: 20,562,578 762,439 792,528 Accrued interest 65,108 39,321 33,781 Due from other governments 0 0 0 0 Inventory 1,795,035 93,326 7,131 Prepaid expenses 1,153,759 0 0 0 Total current assets 0 0 0 0 Noncurrent assets 0 0 167,541 0 167,541 Net capital assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,278,974 27,278,974 0 167,541 17 17 17 17 17 17 18 </th <th></th> <th>(</th> <th>Community</th> <th></th> <th>Water</th> <th></th> <th>Pollution</th>		(Community		Water		Pollution
Equity in city treasury cash \$ 82,716,194 \$ 3,543,156 \$ 2,489,926 Receivables - net of allowances: 20,562,578 762,439 792,528 Accounts 65,108 39,321 33,781 Due from other governments 0 0 0 Inventory 1,795,035 93,326 7,131 Prepaid expenses 1,153,759 0 0 Total current assets 106,292,674 4,438,242 3,323,366 Noncurrent assets 2 0 0 167,541 Net capital assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,278,974 Total noncurrent assets 176,368,546 29,249,744 30,769,881 Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accounts payable 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accounts payable 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0	Assets		•				
Receivables - net of allowances: 20,562,578 762,439 792,528 Accounts 20,562,578 762,439 792,528 Accrued interest 65,108 39,321 33,781 Due from other governments 0 0 0 Inventory 1,795,035 93,326 7,131 Prepaid expenses 1,153,759 0 0 Total current assets 106,292,674 4,438,242 3,323,366 Noncurrent assets 20 0 167,541 Net capital assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,278,974 Total noncurrent assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,246,515 Total Assets 176,368,546 29,249,744 30,769,881 Liabilities Current liabilities 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 347,756 954,257 Curre	Current assets						
Accounts 20,562,578 762,439 792,528 Accrued interest 65,108 39,321 33,781 Due from other governments 0 0 0 Inventory 1,795,035 93,326 7,131 Prepaid expenses 1,153,759 0 0 Total current assets 0 0 0 Long term receivables 0 0 0 167,541 Noncurrent assets 0 0 0 167,541 Noncurrent assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,278,974 Total noncurrent assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,246,515 Total Assets 176,368,546 29,249,744 30,769,881 Liabilities Current liabilities 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of lo	Equity in city treasury cash	\$	82,716,194	\$	3,543,156	\$	2,489,926
Accrued interest 65,108 39,321 33,781 Due from other governments 0 0 0 Inventory 1,795,035 93,326 7,131 Prepaid expenses 1,153,759 0 0 Total current assets 106,292,674 4,438,242 3,323,366 Noncurrent assets 0 0 167,541 Net capital assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,278,974 Total noncurrent assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,446,515 Total Assets 176,368,546 29,249,744 30,769,881 Liabilities Current liabilities 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accorus gayable 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262	Receivables - net of allowances:						
Due from other governments 0 0 0 Inventory 1,795,035 93,326 7,131 Prepaid expenses 1,153,759 0 0 Total current assets 106,292,674 4,438,242 3,323,366 Noncurrent assets 0 0 167,541 Net capital assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,278,974 Total noncurrent assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,446,515 Total Assets 176,368,546 29,249,744 30,769,881 Liabilities Current liabilities 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,459,4980			20,562,578		762,439		
Inventory	Accrued interest		65,108		39,321		33,781
Prepaid expenses 1,153,759 0 0 Total current assets 106,292,674 4,438,242 3,323,366 Noncurrent assets Long term receivables 0 0 167,541 Net capital assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,278,974 Total noncurrent assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,446,515 Total Assets 176,368,546 29,249,744 30,769,881 Current liabilities Current liabilities Accorust payable 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Compensated absences 1,190,338 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			-		-		
Total current assets 106,292,674 4,438,242 3,323,366 Noncurrent assets 20 0 167,541 Net capital assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,278,974 Total noncurrent assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,446,515 Total Assets 176,368,546 29,249,744 30,769,881 Liabilities Current liabilities 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 55,949 191,091 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term liabilities 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,397,544	•		1,795,035		93,326		7,131
Noncurrent assets					-		
Long term receivables 0 0 167,541 Net capital assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,278,974 Total noncurrent assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,446,515 Total Assets 176,368,546 29,249,744 30,769,881 Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 0 Interest payable 0 347,756 954,257 0 0 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 0 0 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term lebt 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,397,1544 7	Total current assets		106,292,674		4,438,242	_	3,323,366
Long term receivables 0 0 167,541 Net capital assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,278,974 Total noncurrent assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,446,515 Total Assets 176,368,546 29,249,744 30,769,881 Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 0 Interest payable 0 347,756 954,257 0 0 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 0 0 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term lebt 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,397,1544 7	Noncurrent assets						
Net capital assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,278,974 Total noncurrent assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,446,515 Total Assets 176,368,546 29,249,744 30,769,881 Liabilities Current liabilities 2 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accounts payable 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 55,949 191,091 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term liabilities 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Positi			0		0		167,541
Total noncurrent assets 70,075,872 24,811,502 27,446,515 Total Assets 176,368,546 29,249,744 30,769,881 Liabilities Current liabilities 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 55,949 191,091 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term liabilities 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>70,075,872</td> <td></td> <td>24,811,502</td> <td></td> <td></td>			70,075,872		24,811,502		
Liabilities Current liabilities 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accounts payable 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 55,949 191,091 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term liabilities 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Current liabilities Accounts payable 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 55,949 191,091 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term leabt 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	Total Assets		176,368,546		29,249,744		30,769,881
Accounts payable 3,085,225 330,619 155,300 Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 55,949 191,091 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term debt 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	Liabilities						
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 55,949 191,091 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term liabilities 2 4,828,156 90 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	Current liabilities						
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits 4,828,156 91,755 57,644 Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 55,949 191,091 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term liabilities 2 4,828,156 90 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	Accounts payable		3,085,225		330,619		155,300
Other accrued liabilities 2,140,778 0 0 Interest payable 0 55,949 191,091 Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term liabilities 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position 1,936,441 0 0 Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	* *				91,755		
Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term liabilities 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	Other accrued liabilities		2,140,778		_		0
Current portion of long term debt 0 347,756 954,257 Current portion of compensated absences 2,727,047 67,261 71,262 Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term liabilities 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	Interest payable		0		55,949		191,091
Total current liabilities 12,781,206 893,340 1,429,554 Long term liabilities 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431			0		347,756		954,257
Long term liabilities Long term debt 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	Current portion of compensated absences		2,727,047		67,261		71,262
Long term debt 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	Total current liabilities		12,781,206		893,340		1,429,554
Long term debt 0 6,318,349 14,504,980 Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	Long term liabilities						
Compensated absences 1,190,338 173,989 102,178 Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431			0		6.318.349		14.504.980
Total noncurrent liabilities 1,190,338 6,492,338 14,607,158 Total Liabilities 13,971,544 7,385,678 16,036,712 Net Position Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	_						
Net Position 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	<u>*</u>						
Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	Total Liabilities		13,971,544		7,385,678		16,036,712
Net Invested in Capital Assets 70,075,872 18,145,397 11,819,738 Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431	Net Position						
Restricted by Donors 1,936,441 0 0 Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431			70.075.872		18,145,397		11.819.738
Unrestricted 90,384,689 3,718,669 2,913,431							
$\frac{102,371,002}{4}$ $\frac{117,733,107}{4}$	Total net position	\$	162,397,002	\$	21,864,066	\$	14,733,169

В	Governmental Activities		
Storm Drainage	Refuse	Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$ 1,708,019	\$ 923,239	\$ 91,380,534	\$ 702,845
166,340	183,005	22,466,890	0
1,899	919	141,028	249
0	15,170	15,170	0
32,641	0	1,928,133	0
1,000,000	1 122 222	1,153,759	702.004
1,908,899	1,122,333	117,085,514	703,094
0	0	167,541	0
9,748,921	0	131,915,269	3,831
9,748,921	0	132,082,810	3,831
11,657,820	1,122,333	249,168,324	706,925
100,651	223,154	3,894,949	91,507
15,116	0	4,992,671	15,038
0	0	2,140,778	156,706
1,482	0	248,522	0
175,226	0	1,477,239	0
4,182	0	2,869,752	6,923
296,657	223,154	15,623,911	270,174
1,034,462	0	21,857,791	0
9,643	0	1,476,148	18,568
1,044,105	0	23,333,939	18,568
1,340,762	223,154	38,957,850	288,742
8,539,233	0	108,580,240	3,831
0	0	1,936,441	0
1,777,825	899,179	99,693,793	414,352
\$ 10,317,058	\$ 899,179	\$ 210,210,474	\$ 418,183

CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHOI
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Business-type Activities				
	Wooster	**	Water		
	Community		Pollution		
	Hospital	Water	Control		
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 118,673,639	\$ 5,262,795	\$ 5,866,394		
Interfund services provided	0	0	0		
Miscellaneous	0	164,050	48,863		
Total operating revenues	118,673,639	5,426,845	5,915,257		
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	75,545,375	1,240,019	1,285,677		
Operations and maintenance	34,459,841	2,053,005	1,678,927		
Depreciation	7,401,377	1,043,115	1,719,606		
Interfund services used	0	730,592	691,198		
Total operating expenses	117,406,593	5,066,731	5,375,408		
Operating income (loss)	1,267,046	360,114	539,849		
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Interest & investment earnings	188,668	8,366	7,724		
Grants	165,870	0	0		
Miscellaneous non-operating revenue	0	4,993	73,877		
Interest expense	0	(202,963)	(399,580)		
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	354,538	(189,604)	(317,979)		
Income (loss) before capital contributions	1,621,584	170,510	221,870		
Capital contributions	0	322,730	41,304		
Change in net position	1,621,584	493,240	263,174		
Total net position at beginning of year	160,775,418	21,370,826	14,469,995		
Total net position at end of year	\$ 162,397,002	\$ 21,864,066	\$ 14,733,169		

Bı	ısiness-type Activ	ities	Governmental Activities
		_	Internal
Storm			Service
Drainage	Refuse	Totals	Funds
\$ 1,395,917	\$ 1,458,760	\$ 132,657,505	\$ 2,239,202
0	0	0	206,335
6,778	6,344	226,035	0
1,402,695	1,465,104	132,883,540	2,445,537
245,316	47,948	78,364,335	2,385,439
193,428	1,268,498	39,653,699	172,894
303,516	0	10,467,614	430
36,755	0	1,458,545	0
779,015	1,316,446	129,944,193	2,558,763
623,680	148,658	2,939,347	(113,226)
3,886	2,103	210,747	51,710
0	57,260	223,130	0
0	0	78,870	688
(20,246)	0	(622,789)	0
(16,360)	59,363	(110,042)	52,398
607,320	208,021	2,829,305	(60,828)
0	0	364,034	0
607,320	208,021	3,193,339	(60,828)
9,709,738	691,158	207,017,135	479,011
\$ 10,317,058	\$ 899,179	\$ 210,210,474	\$ 418,183

CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Business-type Activities			
	Wooster Community Hospital	Water	Water Pollution Control	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$ 110,445,533	\$ 5,192,995	\$ 5,830,956	
Cash paid to suppliers	(32,988,414)	(2,787,689)	(2,485,046)	
Cash paid to employees	(75,227,877)	(1,245,971)	(1,273,852)	
Cash received from interfund services provided	0	0	0	
Other revenue (expense)	0	164,050	48,863	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,229,242	1,323,385	2,120,921	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Capital contributions received	19,723	322,730	41,304	
Proceeds from debt	0	0	0	
Proceeds from sale of assets	0	0	0	
Acquisitions of capital assets	(8,052,428)	(1,436,926)	(981,699)	
Principal paid on capital debt	0	(340,707)	(927,550)	
Interest paid on capital debt	0	(203,946)	(412,791)	
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing activities	(8,032,705)	(1,658,849)	(2,280,736)	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest from investments	206,174	9,296	7,710	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	206,174	9,296	7,710	
			.,,,,,	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:				
Grants	0	0	0	
Non-operating subsidies	146,147	0	0	
Other income	146 147	4,993	73,877	
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	146,147	4,993	73,877	
Net increase (decrease) in city treasury cash	(5,451,142)	(321,175)	(78,228)	
Equity in city treasury cash at beginning of year	88,167,336	3,864,331	2,568,154	
Equity in city treasury cash at end of year	\$ 82,716,194	\$ 3,543,156	\$ 2,489,926	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided				
(used) by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,267,046	\$ 360,114	\$ 539,849	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided				
(used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	7,401,377	1,043,115	1,719,606	
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Receivables - net of allowances	(3,896,751)	(69,800)	(35,438)	
Inventory	(86,019)	(20,967)	0	
Prepaid expenses	(54,798)	0	0	
Accounts and other payables	(1,678,833)	16,875	(114,921)	
Accrued wages	111,524	(52,070)	(7,857)	
Compensated absences payable	205,974	46,118	19,682	
Other accrued liabilities	(1,040,278)	<u>()</u>	0 2 120 021	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 2,229,242	\$ 1,323,385	\$ 2,120,921	

F	Busine	ss-type Activitie	es		overnmental Activities
			-		 Internal
Storm					Service
 Drainage		Refuse		Totals	 Funds
\$ 1,379,831	\$	1,460,031	\$	124,309,346	\$ 2,239,202
(247,839)		(1,268,218)		(39,777,206)	(2,499,167)
(248,075)		(47,948)		(78,043,723)	(86,019)
0		0		0	206,335
 6,778		6,344		226,035	0
 890,695		150,209		6,714,452	 (139,649)
0		0		202 757	0
		0		383,757	0
193,622				193,622	0
(514.650)		0		(10.085.712)	0
(514,659)		0		(10,985,712) (1,438,642)	0
(170,385)		0		(637,237)	0
 (20,500)		0			 0
 (511,922)			_	(12,484,212)	
3,875		2,090		229,145	51,710
3,875		2,090		229,145	51,710
0		57,260		57,260	0
0		0		146,147	0
 0		57.260		78,870	 688
 		57,260		282,277	 688
382,648		209,559		(5,258,338)	(87,251)
1,325,371		713,680		96,638,872	790,096
\$ 1,708,019	\$	923,239	\$	91,380,534	\$ 702,845
<u> </u>		· ·			
\$ 623,680	\$	148,658	\$	2,939,347	\$ (113,226)
303,516		0		10,467,614	430
303,310		O		10,407,014	430
(16,086)		1,271		(4,016,804)	(249)
0		0		(106,986)	0
0		0		(54,798)	0
(17,656)		280		(1,794,255)	28,392
(4,255)		0		47,342	(180)
1,496		0		273,270	(17,269)
0		0		(1,040,278)	(37,547)
\$ 890,695	\$	150,209	\$	6,714,452	\$ (139,649)
\$	\$		\$		\$

CITY OF WOOSTER WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Aş	Fotal gency Yunds
Assets:			
Equity in city treasury cash		\$	922,665
Total assets		\$	922,665
Liabilities: Due to agency recipient		\$	922,665
Total liabilities		\$ \$	922,665
	=	Ψ	722,000

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Wooster (City) was incorporated on October 13, 1817 under the laws of the State of Ohio. In 1973 a voter-approved charter became effective. The City provides various services and consists of many different activities and smaller accounting entities. These include a community hospital, an economic development loan program, a police force, a fire fighting and prevention force, a water treatment plant, a sewage treatment plant, a storm water drainage system, a traffic control system, street lighting, a street maintenance force (including construction, repair, and snow and ice removal), a parks and recreation system, a community center, rubbish collection and recycling service, and staff to provide the necessary support to these service providers. All are responsible to the citizens of Wooster and are; therefore, included within the reporting entity.

The criteria used to determine which accounting entities, agencies, commissions, boards and authorities are part of the City's operations include how the budget is adopted, whether debt is secured by general obligations of the City, the City's duty to cover any deficits that may occur, and supervision over the accounting functions. There are no agencies, organizations or activities meeting any of the above criteria that are excluded from the City reporting entity.

Joint Venture

Wooster-Ashland Regional Council of Governments (COG) In 2013, the City of Wooster and the City of Ashland established a COG, which is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State for the purpose of planning for, creating, and operating a joint dispatching system for police, fire, Emergency Medical Services (EMS), and other related public safety services within the COG area. The COG also exists to provide a link between said dispatching systems and the State emergency management services platform. The COG is jointly governed by the City of Wooster and the City of Ashland. The initial Board of Directors shall be made up of seven (7) individuals, four of which will be from or appointed by the City of Wooster, including one elected official. Each member's control over the operation of the Council is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board exercises total authority over the operation of the COG including budgeting, appropriation, contracting, and designating management. Continued existence of the COG is dependent on the City's continued participation. There was no financial activity for the COG in 2013.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The City's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories and seven generic fund types for financial statement presentation purposes. Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds and an internal service fund. The City has three fiduciary agency funds.

Basis of Accounting

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges for support. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Fiduciary funds are also excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. The primary effect of the internal service fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Other activities from interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses for centralized services and administrative overhead are allocated among the programs, functions and segments using a full cost allocation approach and are presented separately to enhance comparability of direct expenses between governments that allocate direct expenses and those that do not. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on their use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

All governmental funds are accounted for using modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

The major governmental funds are:

- <u>General Fund</u> This is the City's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- <u>Debt Service Fund</u> To accumulate special assessment revenues collected by the County Treasurer and remitted to the City by the County Auditor for payment of special assessment principal and interest. These debt issues were sold to finance construction of various projects that were deemed to benefit only those residents in the immediate area of the projects and are paid for by those residents through assessments against their property.
- <u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> To account for various capital projects financed by general fund revenues.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

Revenue Recognition

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available (i.e., collectible within the current year or within one month of year-end and available to pay obligations of the current period). These revenues include investment earnings, income taxes withheld by employers, estate taxes, and fines and forfeitures. In accordance with GASB 36, certain state-levied locally shared taxes including motor vehicle license tax and gasoline taxes are considered voluntary non-exchange transactions. These types of transactions are subject to six months accrual and income recognition. Reimbursements due for federally funded projects are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made.

Property taxes and special assessments (in the debt service funds), though measurable, are not available soon enough in the subsequent year to finance current period obligations. Therefore, property tax and special assessment receivables are recorded and deferred outflows of resources until they become available.

Other revenues, including licenses and permits, certain charges for services, income taxes other than those withheld by employers and miscellaneous revenues, are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City does not have any deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2013, but which were levied to finance year 2014 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, homestead and rollback, income taxes, estate taxes and intergovernmental local, state monies and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. Unbilled utility and hospital service receivables are recorded at each year-end.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of all the City's enterprise funds and internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The major proprietary funds are:

- <u>Wooster Community Hospital Fund</u> To account for the health care services provided by the City owned and operated hospital.
- <u>Water Fund</u> To account for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residential and commercial users of the City and some residents of the county.
- <u>Water Pollution Control Fund</u> To account for sanitary sewer services provided to the residential and commercial users of the City and some residents of the county.
- <u>Storm Drainage Fund</u> To account for the storm drainage runoff service provided to the residential and commercial users of the City.
- <u>Refuse Fund</u> To account for trash collection services provided to the residential and some commercial users of the City.

The City has three internal service funds:

- <u>Municipal Garage</u> To account for the costs of maintaining automotive equipment used by various City departments. Costs are billed to the departments for labor and materials at actual cost with the elimination of the effect of internal service fund activity adjusted to break even.
- <u>Employee Benefits Fund</u> To account for all claims filed against and paid by the city (as the employer) under the city's self-funded program of group health insurance.
- <u>Investment Fund</u> To accumulate interest earnings from certain pooled investments and to pay expenses incurred in the handling of fiscal matters with third parties until such time as the net proceeds can be distributed to the other funds.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The City currently has three agency fiduciary funds. Agency funds are unlike all other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities; therefore, agency funds cannot be said to have a measurement focus. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. The following three funds are used by the City to account for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity:

- <u>The Wooster Growth Corporation Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the City's community improvement corporation.
- The Guaranteed Deposits Fund is used to hold funds received from a contractor, developer, or individual to insure compliance with City ordinances through the completion of a construction or development project. Upon project completion, the deposit is returned to the party, less any applicable inspection fees.
- The Clearing Fund is used to hold monies received for bid bonds or proceeds on behalf of certain individuals, as well as any unclaimed checks of the municipality. Insurance premiums for retired employees or spouses participating in the City's group health insurance program are also reimbursed and paid from this fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in City Treasury Cash."

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments" was implemented during 1997. In accordance with this statement, investments held at December 31, 2013 with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures" was implemented during 2004. This statement addresses common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. The City of Wooster's policy is to invest public funds in a manner which protects the citizens and the investors from a loss of principal while attaining a competitively high rate of return on investment.

The portfolio is continuously analyzed to attain the following objectives:

- A. Preserve capital and protect investment principal in conformance with federal, state and local requirements.
- B. Maintain sufficient liquidity to meet operating requirements.
- C. Diversify the portfolio to avoid incurring unreasonable risks regarding specific security type or Individual financial institutions.
- D. Attain a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles.
- E. Protect the principal of lenders.
- F. Encourage community growth.

Receivables

Hospital Fund accounts receivable is stated at billed charges less the difference between billed charges and the amount payable under third-party payor contractual agreements, and net of allowance for doubtful accounts. The \$12,832,158 allowance for uncollectibles represents estimates of uncollectible patient receivables in the accounts (user charge) classification and third party contractual adjustments for hospital fund receivables.

Other receivables at December 31, 2013 consist of property tax, income taxes withheld by employers, accounts (billings for user charged services, including utility services), due from other governments, due from other funds, special assessments, and accrued interest on investments. Taxes, special assessments, utility charges and accrued interest are deemed collectible in full.

Receivables not expected to be collected within the subsequent year include deferred special assessments receivable in the Debt Service fund, and long-term receivables in the Water Pollution Control and Economic/Downtown Development Loan funds.

Reimbursements

Wooster Community Hospital Fund net operating revenues include amounts received or receivable from Medicare, Medicaid, and other third party payors under the provisions of reimbursement agreements. Inpatient services rendered to Medicare and Medicaid program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid based on a combination of fee schedules, prospectively determined rates and a cost reimbursement methodology. Outpatient services rendered to the Medicaid program beneficiaries are generally paid based on fee schedules and prospectively determined rates.

Other third party payors may provide for payments at amounts different from established rates. Payment arrangements may include prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounted charges and per diem payments.

Wooster Community Hospital accepts all patients, regardless of their ability to pay. Care is provided without charge, or at amounts less than established rates, to patients who meet certain criteria under a charity care policy. Wooster Community Hospital provided \$4,503,071 in charity care in 2013.

Inventory of Supplies

Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types and expenses in the proprietary fund types when used.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the City as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. The minimum capitalization threshold is any individual item with a total cost greater than \$5,000.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Buildings/interior: 5-50 years

Improvements/Infrastructure: streets 10-50 years; land improvements 10-20 years; water,

sewer, storm lines 50 years

Equipment: vehicles 2-6 years; other moveable equipment 10-15 years; fire equipment 12 years.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", the City classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the City Council. The City has by resolution authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance. The City may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Unpaid Compensated Absences

The City accrues unused portions of vacation pay in the period the liability is incurred. As permitted by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, the vesting method is used to accrue sick leave liability. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at year-end by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible to receive such payments. Even though the City has appropriated, accumulated and earmarked expendable available fund resources for these amounts, the portion not normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as a fund liability in accordance with Interpretation No. 6 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board – "Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements."

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include parks and recreation, hospital levy, and law enforcement and fire department operations.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTE 2 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budget Requirements, Accounting, and Reporting

Requirements for all funds:

- A. Annual budgets are adopted for all City funds. Under state law, the Mayor submits an annual budget (a preliminary financial plan often referred to as the 'tax budget') to Council for consideration and approval no later than July 15. Such budget is based on expected expenditures by program within a fund and estimated resources by source for all funds.
- B. By Charter the Mayor must submit an annual appropriation ordinance to City Council. This ordinance builds upon the tax budget of the previous July and is updated for any estimate revisions as well as year-end encumbrances and may include any additional information requested by Council. Council may subsequently amend such ordinance. Amendments to the appropriation ordinance during 2013 were approved by City Council as provided by the Charter.
- C. For day-to-day management control, expenditures plus encumbrances may not exceed budget at the expenditure-type (i.e., personal services, operations and maintenance, capital, etc.) level of each cost center (activity within a program within a fund). The Mayor may transfer unencumbered appropriations within programs within funds.
- D. Appropriation control (City Council appropriated budget) is at the object level (personal services and other) by program (i.e., safety, leisure, health, etc.) within a fund. City Council may, by ordinance, transfer amounts among programs within and between funds. Budgetary comparison schedules are presented in the Supplemental Section as Required Supplemental Information. The budgetary basis is the modified accrual basis of accounting with encumbrances included as actual.
- E. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the City had appropriations in excess of total estimated revenues available in the Capital Improvement Fund and Lillian Long Estate Fund in the amount of \$706,592 and \$9,288, respectively. The City will monitor future budgets and make necessary adjustments.

The Community Development Block Grant Fund had a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$42,240. The deficit in the non-major governmental fund resulted from the timing of disbursements for grant expenditures. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide transfers when cash is required.

NOTE 3 – INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS

Purpose	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Due to/from:			_
Advance in anticipation of grant receipts	General	Nonmajor governmental fund	\$ 29,787

During the year, the general fund transferred \$2,118,500 to the capital improvements fund to provide capital funding.

NOTE 4 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities," and GASB Statement No. 66, "Technical Corrections—2012—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62."

GASB Statement No. 61 improves guidance for including, presenting and disclosing information about component units and equity interest transactions of a financial reporting entity. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 65 properly classifies certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or recognizes certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues). These changes were incorporated in the City's 2013 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 66 resolves conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting and thereby enhance the usefulness of the financial reports. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Policies and Practices

The City's Charter specifies that the Director of Finance is responsible for selecting depositories and investing idle funds. The Director of Finance also has the authority to choose the types of deposits and investments made by the City. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation provides protection of City cash and investments as well as qualified pledged or pooled securities by the institutions holding the assets. The various institutions, or their trustees, including the Federal Home Loan Bank and the Federal Reserve Bank hold such collateral. The City does not enter into reverse repurchase agreements.

The City pools all individual fund cash balances. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the statements of net position or balance sheets as 'Equity in city treasury cash'. Income is distributed to the funds based on contribution to the pool.

Investment securities purchased by the City will be delivered by either book entry or physical delivery. The purchase and sale of all securities may be on a delivery versus payment basis. The primary agent shall issue a safekeeping receipt to the City listing the specific instrument, rate, maturity and other pertinent information. Deposit type securities (i.e., certificates of deposit) shall be collateralized as required by ORC for any amount exceeding FDIC or FSLIC coverage. Other investments shall be collateralized by the actual security held in safekeeping by the primary agent.

The City will diversify the portfolio to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions or maturities. Diversification by instrument and the percentage of portfolio cannot exceed the following:

- A. U.S. Treasury Obligations (bills, notes and bonds), 100%.
- B. U.S. Government Agency Securities and Instrumentality's of Government Sponsored Corporations, 100%.
- C. Certificates of Deposit (collateralized), 100%.
- D. Commercial paper notes, 25%.
 - 1. Notes must be rated at time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two standard rating services.
 - 2. Aggregate value of the note does not exceed 10% of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation.
 - 3. Notes mature no later than 180 days after purchase.
- E. Banker's acceptance of banks that are members of the FDIC, 25%.
 - 1. The obligations are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
 - 2. The obligations mature no later than 180 days after purchase.
- F. Repurchase Agreements, 25%.
- G. State and Local Government Securities, 25%.
- H. State of Ohio Investment pool, 25%.

Maturity limitations shall depend upon whether the funds being invested are considered short term or long-term funds. All funds shall be considered short term except those reserved for capital projects (i.e., bond sale proceeds), funds to be used in the future for debt service, and special assessment prepayments being held for debt retirement. Except for previously mentioned situations, as directed by the investment officer, investments shall be limited to maturities not exceeding 24 months.

According to State law, public depositories must give security for all uninsured public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105 percent of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the City's name. During 2013, the City and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as collateral against all of the uninsured public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the City.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$41,508,320, which includes \$7,452 cash on hand. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2013, \$10,633,174 of the City's bank balance of \$43,762,809 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above, while \$33,129,635 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments

As of December 31, 2013, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		<u>Maturity</u>				
	Fair	1 Year	1-3	3-5	More than	
Investment Type	Value	or Less	<u>Years</u>	Years	5 Years	
U.S. Agency Notes	\$ 40,733,297	\$ 8,513,367	\$ 28,276,250	\$ 3,943,680	\$ 0	
STAROhio	304,326	304,326	0	0	0	
Repurchase Agreement	24,219,189	24,219,189	0	0	0	
Municipal Bonds	2,521,293	1,445,842	1,070,591	0	4,860	
Total	\$ 67,778,105	\$ 34,482,724	\$ 29,346,841	\$ 3,943,680	\$ 4,860	

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within two years from the date of purchase and that the City's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

STAROhio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAROhio as of December 31, 2013, is 53 days and carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments in corporate debt to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City does not have a written policy limiting its corporate debt investments to the top rating. All amounts in U.S. Agency notes and the federal agency securities that underlying the City's repurchase agreement are rated Aaa and AA+ by Moody's and Standard & Poor's respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in Ohio law that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City's investment policy limits the amounts it may invest in any one type of instrument. The following is the City's allocation as of December 31, 2013:

	Fair	Percentage of
Investment Type	Value	Investments
U.S. Agency Notes	\$ 40,733,297	60.10%
STAROhio	304,326	0.45%
Repurchase Agreement	24,219,189	35.73%
Municipal Bonds	2,521,293	3.72%
Total	\$ 67,778,105	100.00%

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance			Balance
	12/31/12	Increases	Decreases	12/31/13
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,356,294	\$ 52,295	\$ 0	\$ 4,408,589
Construction in progress	5,357,747	632,548	(5,140,287)	850,008
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	9,714,041	684,843	(5,140,287)	5,258,597
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	7,560,470	87,287	0	7,647,757
Improvements/infrastructure	80,069,303	6,584,815	0	86,654,118
Equipment	11,647,419	628,711	(354,468)	11,921,662
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	99,277,192	7,300,813	(354,468)	106,223,537
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(5,467,951)	(218,745)	0	(5,686,696)
Improvements/infrastructure	(45,722,412)	(2,159,196)	0	(47,881,608)
Equipment	(8,946,530)	(499,295)	352,254	(9,093,571)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(60,136,893)	(2,877,236)	352,254	(62,661,875)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	39,140,299	4,423,577	(2,214)	43,561,662
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets, net	\$ 48,854,340	\$ 5,108,420	\$ (5,142,501)	\$ 48,820,259 *

^{*}Balance includes \$3,831 from the Internal Service Fund

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Safety services	\$ 615,586	
Leisure services	179,360	
Environment and development	4,544	
Transportation services	1,894,637	
Administrative services	 183,109	_
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 2,877,236	*
		-

^{*}Includes \$430 for Internal Service fund

Business-type Activities	Balance			Balance
	12/31/12	Additions	Reductions	12/31/13
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 8,109,072	\$ 28,776	\$ 0	\$ 8,137,848
Construction in progress	5,652,357	10,081,282	(14,817,721)	915,918
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	13,761,429	10,110,058	(14,817,721)	9,053,766
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	99,967,790	4,056,955	0	104,024,745
Improvements/infrastructure	92,450,674	3,146,266	0	95,596,940
Equipment	53,057,856	8,490,154	(3,596,607)	57,951,403
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	245,476,320	15,693,375	(3,596,607)	257,573,088
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(48,427,185)	(2,524,980)	0	(50,952,165)
Improvements/infrastructure	(36,978,008)	(4,111,491)	0	(41,089,499)
Equipment	(42,435,385)	(3,831,143)	3,596,607	(42,669,921)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(127,840,578)	(10,467,614)	3,596,607	(134,711,585)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	117,635,742	5,225,761	0	122,861,503
Business-type Activities, Capital Assets, net	\$ 131,397,171	\$ 15,335,819	\$ (14,817,721)	\$ 131,915,269

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type Activities:

Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 10,467,614
Storm Drainage	 303,516
Water Pollution Control	1,719,606
Water	1,043,115
Wooster Community Hospital	\$ 7,401,377

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2013 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2012 taxes.

2013 real property taxes were levied after October 1, 2013 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. 2013 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2014.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35% of true value. 2013 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2012, are levied after October 1, 2013, and are collected in 2014 with real property taxes.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phased out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property was eliminated in calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property was eliminated in calendar year 2010. The tax was phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaced the revenue lost by the City due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the City was fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements are being phased out. On June 30, 2011, House Bill No. 153 was signed into law, which further reduced the amounts of these reimbursements.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2013, was \$4.20 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The assessed values of real property upon which 2013 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Category	Assessed Value
Real Property	\$ 518,272,890
Public Utilities - Personal	14,657,550
Total Assessed Value	\$ 532,930,440

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statue permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30; with the remainder payable by September 20.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the City of Wooster. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility real and tangible personal property taxes, and outstanding delinquencies which became measurable as of December 31, 2013, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2013 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes levied for the next year. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenue.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The City participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS).OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to, but less than, the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2013, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Pension Plan.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, members in state and local classifications contributed 10.0% of covered payroll while public safety and law enforcement members contributed 12.0% and 12.6%, respectively.

The City's 2013 contribution rate was 14.0%, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety, for whom the City's contribution was 18.1% of covered payroll. The portion of employer contributions used to fund pension benefits is net of postemployment health care benefits. The portion of employer contribution allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2013. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Combined Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2013.

The City's required contributions for pension obligations to the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$5,235,186, \$3,341,671, and \$3,347,544, respectively. For 2013, 88.9% has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for 2012 and 2011. There were no contributions made to the Member-Directed Plan for 2013.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or OP&F's website at www.opf.org.

Funding Policy – From January 1, 2013 through July 1, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary. From July 2, 2013 through December 31, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10.75% of their annual covered salary. Throughout 2013, employers were required to contribute 19.5% for police officers and 24.0% for firefighters. The City's contributions to OP&F for police and firefighters were \$309,965 and \$541,383 for the year ended December 31, 2013, \$325,886 and \$525,841 for the year ended December 31, 2012, and \$299,813 and \$390,842 for the year ended December 31, 2011, respectively. 94.8% for police and 94.8% for firefighters has been contributed for 2013. The full amount has been contributed for 2012 and 2011.

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan – a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan – a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan, which includes a medical plan, a prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide health care benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care coverage.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2013, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0% of covered payroll, and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPERS' Postemployment Health Care plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding postemployment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2013. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Combined Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2013.

The OPERS Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree, or their surviving beneficiaries, to pay a portion of the health care benefits provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and coverage selected.

The City's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$402,533, \$1,670,836, and \$1,673,772, respectively. For 2013, 88.9% has been contributed with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for 2012 and 2011.

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under SB 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4% of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium reimbursement and long-term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide healthcare coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.opf.org.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required Ohio Revised Code to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5% and 24.0% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.0% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contribution allocated to health care was 4.69% of covered payroll from January 1, 2013 through May 31, 2013, and 2.85% of covered payroll from June 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions to OP&F which were allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for police and firefighters were \$98,618 and \$135,529 for the year ended December 31, 2013, \$156,944 and \$199,660 for the year ended December 31, 2012, and \$165,858 and \$208,026 for the year ended December 31, 2011. 94.8% has been contributed for police and 94.8% has been contributed for firefighters for 2013. The full amount has been contributed for 2012 and 2011.

NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Compensatory Time

Each bargaining unit and the management staff earn vacation at different rates, which are based upon length of service. Vacation accumulation is limited to two and three years, respectively. Any unused excess is eliminated from the employee's leave balance. In the case of death, termination, or retirement an employee (or his estate) is paid for his unused vacation to a maximum of the above limitations. The total obligation for vacation and compensatory time accrual for the City and Hospital amounted to \$3,230,187 at December 31, 2013.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

Each bargaining unit and the management staff earn sick leave at different rates. Employees with at least 10 years service upon retirement are paid for thirty-three % (City) and twenty-five % (Hospital) of their accumulated sick leave, not to exceed various ceilings depending on bargaining unit or management staff status. This obligation amounted to \$3,071,052 for the City and Hospital at December 31, 2013, for those employees who are eligible, or are expected to become eligible, to retire with at least 10 years of service at retirement. Employees are expected to become eligible after 5 years of service in safety forces, and 7 or 10 years for all others.

NOTE 11 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

Justice Center Contract

The City has a continuous agreement with Wayne County to share in the costs of operating the Justice Center. The agreement calls for the City to pay 29% of the operating costs of the Justice Center (subject to annual updates based on actual use) except for staffing of shared areas for which costs are shared equally. The 2013 contract cost for the Justice Center was \$557,818.

Operating Leases

The Wooster Community Hospital leases medical and office equipment under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$874,521 for the year ended December 31, 2013. All leases end in 2017 or earlier. The future minimum payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31, 2014	\$ 720,144
2015	447,293
2016	81,772
2017	309
	\$ 1,249,518

City Construction Commitments

<u>Friendsville Road Reconstruction:</u> This project was designed by GPD Associates and consists of placing curb and gutter, sidewalks and widening the road to accommodate the additional traffic between Riffel and Milltown Roads. The project was bid in September 2013 with a total of 6 contractors submitting bids. Stout Excavation was the low bidder at a price of \$1,798,042. Construction is slated to begin February 2014 and has a November 2014 completion date. ODOT is funding this project in the amount of \$1,317,744.

Spink Street (North of Bowman) Sewer Separation: This project is another on the mandated OEPA sewer separation project list. The project includes 3900' of storm sewer, 500' of sanitary, 1700' of storm and sanitary laterals, catch basins and manholes at an estimated cost of \$900,000. A \$500,000 OPWC loan was obtained to assist in funding this project, which was bid in September 2013. Wenger Excavating was awarded the contract with a bid of \$989,524. Work began in December 2013 and will continue through spring with an estimated final completion date of May 2014. \$49,804 was payable as of December 2013.

<u>Madison Hill Water Storage Tank Improvements:</u> The Water Storage Tanks located at the OARDC, Madison Avenue and Milltown Road were evaluated for possible recoating and improvements. Madison Hill tank improvements include surface preparation, interior and exterior painting, and concrete and steel repair work. The project was awarded to D & M Painting Corporation in July 2013 with a project cost of \$402,600. Work will begin in spring 2014.

<u>Armstrong Drive Waterline Replacement:</u> This project consists of replacing 1633 feet of waterline and had an engineering estimate of \$240,000. It was bid in October 2013 and awarded to Dirt Dawg with a bid price of \$186,386. Work began in November 2013 and is expected to be completed by May 2014. \$46,885 was payable on this contract at the end of 2013.

Oak Hill Resurfacing: This project included pavement planing and resurfacing of approximately 11,432 square yards of pavement, placing new curb ramps with truncated domes and new pavement markings and had an engineer's estimate of \$360,000. Kokosing Construction was awarded the contract with a bid price of \$308,433. Final project cost was \$301,495 and was partially funded by ODOT. \$301,495 was payable on this project at the end of 2013.

<u>Burbank Road Resurfacing:</u> This project was partially funded by ODOT and consisted of planing and resurfacing pavement, curb ramps and pavement markings. The project was bid in June 2013 and awarded to Barbicas Construction with a contract price of \$183,876. Work began in August and was completed in September. Final quantities and paperwork are still being processed. At the close of 2013, \$188,418 was payable on this contract.

Encumbrances

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund	 Amount			
General	\$ 2,355,408			
Capital Improvement Fund	2,796,674			
Other Governmental	 552,321			
	\$ 5,704,403			

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES

Enterprise and Special Assessment Bonded Debt

Certain general obligation bonds are being retired by use of revenues generated by the General, Street Maintenance, Water, Water Pollution Control, Storm Drainage, and Special Assessment Debt Service Funds. These bonds are general obligation issues backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Management does not foresee any circumstance that would change the current source of funding for these obligations.

Litigation

During 2013 the City carried a policy of general liability coverage as a member of the Ohio Plan. The maximum exposure to the City was a deductible of \$25,000 per case.

The City is the plaintiff in a nuisance case filed against a local industry that treats industrial waste, and as a by-product, periodically generates noxious odors. The case is currently on appeal to the 9th District Court of Appeals. Because the City is the plaintiff and there are no claims for monetary damages, there is no danger of an adverse money judgment against the City.

Related to the foregoing case is an administrative appeal pending before the State of Ohio Division of Oil and Gas. As with the foregoing, because the City is the appellant and there are no claims for monetary damages, there is no danger of an adverse money judgment against the City.

The City is a defendant in three cases pending in the US District Court for the Northern District of Ohio. In the first, the City has been alleged to have failed to implement certain accessibility measures mandated by the federal Americans with Disabilities Act. The second, is an action seeking money damages from a local restaurant and the City for an arrest and criminal prosecution which resulted from an event at the restaurant. The third, is an action in which the plaintiffs allege that the City has violated the Sherman Antitrust Act by adopting an ordinance that regulates the placement of wireless communications facilities within the City, but exempts the City from its provisions. As to all three of the foregoing cases, the City has been represented by insurance counsel, as well as the law director. In the first two cases the claims, if meritorious, would come within the City's policy of general liability insurance, which includes a self-insured retention of \$25,000. Therefore, the exposure in those cases is limited to a maximum of \$25,000 per case. As to the third, the City's policy provides for payment of up to \$25,000 in defense of a claim for injunctive relief. As such, it is our view that none of these cases will have a material adverse impact on the finances of the City of Wooster.

The City is a plaintiff in a complex contract and tort case pending in the Wayne County Court of Common Pleas. In this case the City is suing an engineering consultant, a successor consultant and a manufacturer of products or mechanisms that the consultant recommended for installation at the City's wastewater treatment plant. The recommended improvements did not function as specified, and may have been unnecessary. The City is seeking damages of up to \$20 million. The City Council has appropriated \$250,000 to pay for the cost of prosecuting the action. Because the funds have been appropriated, and because the fees in this case are capped by a fee agreement, it is not anticipated that this case will have a material adverse impact on the finances of the City.

Finally, the City has been pled in as a 3rd party defendant in a foreclosure action pending in the Wayne County Court of Common Pleas. The property is a trailer park in which the City has a statutory lien on the property for unpaid water and sanitary sewer services provided to the tenants of the park. It is not certain that the City will be able to recover on its lien, given that the bank's lien is superior and the properties are in poor condition. Neither is it anticipated that this case will have a material adverse impact on the finances of the City.

Wooster Community Hospital carries separate policies for malpractice and general liability coverage. The maximum malpractice exposure is \$25,000 deductible per case, with a total limit of \$75,000 per year. The general liability policy has a maximum exposure of \$50,000 deductible per claim. Presently there two pending medical malpractice lawsuits; no medical malpractice claims (not in suit); and no general liability claims. Both medical malpractice cases have been stayed, as the physician/defendant has filed a petition in bankruptcy. However, the liability of the hospital, if any, is limited as indicated hereinabove.

It is not anticipated that any of these cases will have a material adverse impact on the finances of Wooster Community Hospital.

Contingencies Under Grant Provisions

The City participates in several federally assisted programs and is a recipient of several grants. These programs and grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. As of December 31, 2013, the audits of these grants and programs were complete through 2011 and the City's compliance with applicable requirements has been established. The City's compliance with applicable requirements for 2012 and 2013 will be established at a future date. The City does not expect any disallowance of grant expenditures.

Other Contingencies

Low and Moderate Income Housing

Wayne Metropolitan Housing Authority (WMHA) and Community Crossroads, Incorporated collectively manage fifteen properties to be made available to low and moderate income housing under grant provisions approved by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Thirteen properties are owned and managed by WMHA and two are owned and managed by Community Crossroads, Incorporated. The property deeds carry the restriction that the properties must be used for the intended purpose (low and moderate income housing). If the properties are no longer used for the intended purpose, the properties will be transferred back to the City or such other agency as the City determines.

NOTE 13 - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

From time to time, the City has issued certain limited-obligation revenue bonds on behalf of private sector and nonprofit entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property and revenues of those entities, and are payable solely from the resources of those entities. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2013 there was one series of Adjustable Rate Demand Health Care Facilities Bonds outstanding with a principal amount payable of \$5,080,000.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Pool Membership

The City is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The City insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The City contracts with Ohio Government Risk Management Plan (the Plan), an Ohio government risk management program. The Plan was formed in June 1988 for the primary purpose of managing third-party liability claims against its members. The Plan provides property, liability, error and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its 780 members. The City's settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years. The Plan has chosen to adopt the forms and endorsements of conventional insurance coverage and to reinsure these coverages 100%, rather than utilize a risk pool of member funds to pay individual and collective losses up to a given retention, and then have excess reinsurance coverage above the retention amount. Therefore, the City's only responsible for its self-retention (deductible) amount. The Plan collects premium and shares claims for liability (limited to 50% of a covered loss up to \$125,000) and property (limited to 10% coverage loss up to \$100,000). The Plan purchases reinsurance through various companies in order to provide a liability limit of up to \$6,000,000 per occurrence and property limit of up to \$5,000,000 at any one location. Facultative reinsurance is placed by the Plan for any location in excess of \$5,000,000. The City has not had any reduction in insurance coverage in the past three years.

Self-Insured Health Care

City employees are provided traditional health care insurance that covers hospitalization and major medical expenses within specified limits. The plan is self-funded by the City and administered by a third-party administrator. The City pays the administrator a monthly fixed fee for various claim administration services on a per enrolled employee basis.

The City pays all claims. The third-party administrator submits weekly funding requests for all processed claims. The City issues payment to the plan administrator who in turn issues individual claim checks. The City carries stop-loss insurance against catastrophic losses. The premiums for these policies are billed monthly by the third-party administrator on a per enrolled employee basis. Third party administrators estimated the claims liability reported in the fund at December 31, 2013. It is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported.

As of December 31, 2013 the outstanding claims liability was \$1,201,394, of which \$1,044,688 is attributed to the Hospital and \$156,706 is attributed to the City.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amounts 2009 to 2013 are:

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 681,704	\$ 923,122	\$ 833,767	\$ 901,900	\$ 1,378,159
Current year claims	11,710,559	12,737,438	12,461,624	12,043,391	11,120,770
Claim payments	(11,469,141)	(12,826,793)	(12,393,491)	(11,567,132)	(11,297,535)
Balance at end of year	\$ 923,122	\$ 833,767	\$ 901,900	\$ 1,378,159	\$ 1,201,394

NOTE 15 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities

The internal service fund predominantly serves the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for compensated absences related to internal services are included in governmental activities. Also for governmental activities, the General fund, Permissive Tax fund, and Street Construction Maintenance and Repair fund have been used to liquidate compensated absences of governmental activities in the past.

All special assessment debt is paid through the Debt Service Fund. In the event and to the extent that special assessments are not collected and to pay the debt charges on the bonds representing the City portion, there shall be levied on all the taxable property in the City, in addition to all other taxes, a direct tax annually during the period the bonds are outstanding in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds when due. The amount of delinquent special assessments receivable at year-end is \$10,676. The remaining general portion of bonds and notes are liquidated by General, Special Revenue, and Capital Project funds.

Compensated Absences

For all employees, except for those that have separated employment as of December 31, 2013 the estimated sick leave payable upon termination is recorded as a long term liability. Compensated absences are reported as a governmental fund liability only if they have matured. Compensated absences are considered to be mature when an employee retires prior to the end of the fiscal period but has not yet been paid for accumulated leave balances as of year end. Vacation accrual in excess of one year is also considered a long-term liability. The General fund, Permissive Tax fund, and Street Construction Maintenance and Repair fund have been used to liquidate compensated absences of governmental activities in the past.

Debt service requirements to maturity

The City's legal debt margin within the 10 ½% limitation was approximately \$54.3 million at December 31, 2013. Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's long-term obligations are as follows:

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY WATER

		General (Obliga	ation		OWDA			OWDA OPWC			OPWC		
		Bonds				Lo	ans			Loans				
Year	P	rincipal		Interest		Principal	Interest		F	Principal		Totals		
2014	-\$	171,200	\$	104,321	-\$	131,301	\$	90,632	\$	45,255	\$	542,709		
2015		173,800		99,630		135,928		86,030		45,254		540,642		
2016		182,650		94,736		140,664		81,267		45,255		544,572		
2017		185,250		89,219		145,596		76,334		45,255		541,654		
2018		194,100		83,202		150,703		71,229		45,254		544,488		
2019-2023		889,650		316,125		836,619		273,036		226,274		2,541,704		
2024-2028		928,750		174,818		994,150		115,506		197,583		2,410,807		
2029-2033		417,500		23,371		97,950		2,231		156,895		697,947		
2034-2038		0		0		0		0		69,391		69,391		
2039		0		0		0		0		13,878		13,878		
	\$ 3	3,142,900	\$	985,422	\$	2,632,911	\$	796,265	\$	890,294	\$	8,447,792		

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY WATER POLLUTION CONTROL FUND

		General (ation		OWDA			(OPWC			
		Во	nds			Lo	ans			Loan		
Year	F	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		rincipal	cipal To	
2014	\$	15,634	\$	9,973	\$	936,445	\$	375,798	\$	2,178	\$	1,340,028
2015		15,634		9,660		963,943		348,300		2,178		1,339,715
2016		16,285		9,347		1,111,340		347,522		2,179		1,486,673
2017		16,285		8,981		1,264,962		340,520		2,179		1,632,927
2018		16,937		8,574		1,302,342		303,141		2,179		1,633,173
2019-2023		90,546		35,264		6,325,318		927,499		10,895		7,389,522
2024-2028		106,179		20,110		3,172,524		172,953		10,895		3,482,661
2029-2033		48,203		2,708		0		0		10,898		61,809
2034-2038		0		0		0		0		10,900		10,900
2039		0		0		0		0		2,179		2,179
	\$	325,703	\$	104,617	\$:	15,076,874	\$	2,815,733	\$	56,660	\$	18,379,587

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY STORM DRAINAGE FUND

		General (Obliga	ation	(OPWC			
		Bo	nds			Loans			
Year	F	Principal		Interest	F	rincipal	Totals		
2014	\$	150,000	\$	17,500	\$	25,226	\$	192,726	
2015		150,000		14,500		25,226		189,726	
2016		155,000		11,500		25,227		191,727	
2017		150,000		8,012		25,227		183,239	
2018		155,000		4,262		25,227		184,489	
2019-2023		0		0		133,234		133,234	
2024-2028		0		0		93,405		93,405	
2029-2033		0		0		67,816		67,816	
2034-2038		0		0		24,250		24,250	
2039	0		0			4,850		4,850	
	\$	760,000	\$	55,774	\$	449,688	\$	1,265,462	

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	General Obligation				OPWC		
	B	onds			Loans		
Year	Principal		Interest		Principal		Totals
2014	\$ 376,811	\$	114,686	\$	18,161	\$	509,658
2015	347,023		102,798		13,850		463,671
2016	353,034		92,877		13,850		459,761
2017	363,493		82,117		13,851		459,461
2018	373,053		70,303		12,135		455,491
2019-2023	799,800		202,145		36,403		1,038,348
2024-2028	505,070		99,751		0		604,821
2029-2033	229,295		15,670		0		244,965
2034-2038	0		1,425		0		1,425
2039	0		0		0		0
	\$ 3,347,579		781,772	\$	\$ 108,250		4,237,601

	Original Amount	Balance 12/31/2012	Increases	(Decreases)	Balance 12/31/2013	Amount Due in 2014
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:						
Wooster Community Hospital Fund:						
Compensated Absences	\$ 0	\$ 3,711,411	\$ 3,728,377	\$ (3,522,403)	\$ 3,917,385	\$ 2,727,047
WCH Fund Total	0	3,711,411	3,728,377	(3,522,403)	3,917,385	2,727,047
Water Fund:						
5.4-5.75% 1995 G.O. Bonds	704,045	341,500	0	(33,600)	307,900	36,200
2007 0% OPWC Loan-Intermediate	, , , , , ,	2.2,2.0	_	(,)	,	,
Zone Water Tank (20 years)	416,362	374,727	0	(13,878)	360,849	13,879
2007 3.36% O.W.D.A. Loans - Water	- 7	, , ,		(- , ,	,-	- ,
Tank and Booster Station (20 years)	3,042,615	2,194,288	0	(103,003)	2,091,285	106,495
2008 0% OPWC Loan - Cleveland/						
Portage Waterline (20 years)	295,637	73,321	0	(6,376)	66,945	6,376
2009 4.14% O.W.D.A. Loan -						
Waterline Replacement (20 years)	384,528	344,906	344,906 0		330,579	14,927
2009 3.7% O.W.D.A. Loan - Secondary						
Transmission Line (20 years)	247,128	220,570	0	(9,523)	211,047	9,879
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%)						
Beall Avenue (20 years)	710,000	655,000	0	(30,000)	625,000	30,000
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%)						
Water (20 years)	2,510,000	2,315,000	0	(105,000)	2,210,000	105,000
2011 0% OPWC Loan-Burbank Road						
Waterline Replacement (20 years)	302,200	487,500	0	(25,000)	462,500	25,000
Compensated Absences	0	195,132	100,468	(54,350)	241,250	67,261
Water Fund Total	8,612,515	7,201,944	100,468	(395,057)	6,907,355	415,017
Water Pollution Control Fund: 3.25% 2005 O.W.D.A. Loan-Sewer						
Plant Upgrade (7/1/07-1/1/22)	6,088,332	4,188,453	0	(383,001)	3,805,452	395,550
2.67% 2006 O.W.D.A. Loan-Sewer	0,000,332	4,100,433	· ·	(303,001)	3,003,432	373,330
Plant Equipment (7/1/07-1/1/27)	11,851,333	9,191,266	0	(526,736)	8,664,530	540,895
2009 0% OPWC Loan-Landfill Street	11,651,555	9,191,200	U	(320,730)	8,004,550	340,693
Sewer Separation (30 years)	65,375	58,839	0	(2,179)	56,660	2,178
2009 1% O.W.D.A. Loan - Bio tower	05,575	30,039	U	(2,179)	30,000	2,176
& Sewer Line (15 years)	2,753,629	2,606,892	0	0	2,606,892	0
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%)	2,733,029	2,000,092	Ü	Ü	2,000,892	Ü
Water Pollution Control (20 years)	370,000	341,337	0	(15,634)	325,703	15,634
Compensated Absences	0	153,758	104,782	(85,100)	173,440	71,262
Water Pollution Control Fund Total	21,128,669	16,540,545	104,782	(1,012,650)	15,632,677	1,025,519
water rottution control rund rotal	21,120,007	10,540,545	104,702	(1,012,030)	13,032,077	1,023,317
Storm Drainage Fund:						
2003 0% OPWC Loan-Mulberry Ave						
Storm Drainage (1/1/04-7/1/23)	47,888	25.143	0	(2,394)	22,749	2,394
2007 0% OPWC Loan-Grant Area	17,000	23,113	· ·	(2,371)	22,719	2,371
Storm Drainage (1/1/08-7/31/27)	166,000	120,350	0	(8,300)	112,050	8,300
2009 0% OPWC Loan-Landfill Street	100,000	120,330	· ·	(0,500)	112,030	0,300
Sewer Separation (30 years)	145,511	130,958	0	(4,850)	126,108	4,851
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%)	143,311	130,936	U	(4,830)	120,100	4,031
Quniby Avenue (20 years)	480,000	360,000	0	(60,000)	300,000	60,000
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%)	480,000	300,000	U	(00,000)	300,000	00,000
Storm Water (20 years)	720,000	550,000	0	(90,000)	460,000	90,000
2013 0% OPWC Loan-Market &	720,000	550,000	U	(50,000)	+00,000	50,000
	193,622	0	193,622	(4.941)	188,781	9,681
Spruce Street (12/1/13-7/1/23) Compensated Absences	193,622	12,329	9,028	(4,841) (7,532)	13,825	4,182
Storm Water Fund Total	1,753,021	1,198,780	202,650	(177,917)	1,223,513	179,408
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 31,494,205	\$ 28,652,680	\$ 4,136,277	\$ (5,108,027)	\$ 27,680,930	\$ 4,346,991
Total Dusiness-Type neuvines	Ψ 31,777,203	Ψ 20,032,000	Ψ 7,130,277	Ψ (3,100,027)	Ψ 21,000,930	Ψ 7,540,331

Special Assessment Bond		Original Amount	Balance 12/31/2012	Increases	(Decreases)	Balance 12/31/2013	Amount Due in 2014	
1995 General Obligation Bond								
1988 Special Assessment Bond	-							
1998 Special Assessment Bond	E	A 1215055	A 210.500		d (21.100)	A 205.100		
Second Notes	` ,	\$ 1,245,955	\$ 318,500	\$ 0	\$ (31,400)	\$ 287,100	\$ 33,800	
1999 Special Assessment Bond 106,048 20,020 0 (9,718) 10,302 10,302 10,302 1099 Special Assessment Bond 6% - East Liberty 299,405 56,519 0 (27,436) 29,083 29,083 2000 Special Assessment Bond 6% - Burbank/Friendsville 26,167 7,202 0 (2,262) 4,940 2,398 2007 Special Assessment Bond 4,7 Milltown Rd. Construction 337,361 239,337 0 (18,918) 220,419 20,170 Special Assessment Total 2,028,170 647,252 0 (90,547) 556,705 96,615 10 Special Assessment Total 2,028,170 647,252 0 (90,547) 556,705 96,615 10 Special Assessment Total 2,028,170 647,252 0 (90,547) 556,705 96,615 10 Special Assessment Total 4,87% Milltown Road 492,667 365,661 0 (29,083) 336,578 30,830 2010 Refunding Bonds (2,0-2,75%) Municipal Building (20 years) 1,040,000 785,000 0 (125,000) 660,000 130,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2,0-2,75%) Milltown Road (20 years) 385,000 290,000 0 (45,000) 245,000 45,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2,0-2,75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2,0-2,75%) Beall Ave-Assessment (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 1,197,198 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998,0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998,0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 4,311 2007,0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 1/21/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 12,135 12,007 one (1,100,8743) 1,955,339 517,995 1,007 one (1,100,8743) 1,	1	12.221	·		(0.1.0)	4051	0.52	
10,000 1		13,234	5,674	0	(813)	4,861	862	
1999 Special Assessment Bond	*	106040	20.020	0	(0.710)	10.202	10.202	
Compensated Absences Compensated Absences	0,70 0,000 0,000	106,048	20,020	0	(9,718)	10,302	10,302	
2000 Special Assessment Bond-6% - Burbank/Friendsville 26,167 7,202 0 (2,262) 4,940 2,398 2007 Special Assessment Bond - 4,7% - Milltown Rd. Construction 337,361 239,337 0 (18,918) 220,419 20,170 Special Assessment Total 2,028,170 647,252 0 (90,547) 556,705 96,615	*	200.405	56.510	0	(27, 42.6)	20.002	20.002	
6% - Burbank/Friendsville 26,167 7,202 0 (2,262) 4,940 2,398 2007 Special Assessment Bond - 4,7% - Milltown RC Construction 337,361 239,337 0 (18,918) 220,419 20,170 Special Assessment Total 2,028,170 647,252 0 (90,547) 556,705 96,615 Long Term Bonds: 2007 General Obligation Bond 4,87% - Milltown Road 492,667 365,661 0 (29,083) 336,578 30,830 2010 Refunding Bonds (2,0-2.75%) Municipal Building (20 years) 1,040,000 785,000 0 (125,000) 660,000 130,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2,0-2.75%) Milltown Road (20 years) 385,000 290,000 0 (45,000) 245,000 45,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2,0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2,0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Tota	•	299,405	56,519	0	(27,436)	29,083	29,083	
2007 Special Assessment Bond - 4.7% - Milltown Rd. Construction Special Assessment Total 2,028,170 647,252 0 0 (18,918) 220,419 20,170 596,615 Long Term Bonds: 2007 General Obligation Bond 4.87% - Milltown Road 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Municipal Building (20 years) 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Milltown Road (20 years) 385,000 290,000 0 0 (125,000) 0 660,000 130,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Ave-Assessment (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 0 (29,324) 101,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995 517,995	1	26.167	7.202	0	(2.262)	1.040	2 200	
A.7% - Milltown Rd. Construction 337,361 239,337 0 (18,918) 220,419 20,170		26,167	7,202	U	(2,262)	4,940	2,398	
Special Assessment Total 2,028,170 647,252 0 (90,547) 556,705 96,615	*	227.261	220 227	0	(10.010)	220.410	20.170	
Long Term Bonds: 2007 General Obligation Bond 487% - Milltown Road 492,667 365,661 0 (29,083) 336,578 30,830 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%)								
2007 General Obligation Bond 4.87% - Milltown Road 492,667 365,661 0 (29,083) 336,578 30,830 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Municipal Building (20 years) 1,040,000 785,000 0 (125,000) 660,000 130,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Milltown Road (20 years) 385,000 290,000 0 (45,000) 245,000 45,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	Special Assessment Total	2,028,170	047,232		(90,347)	330,703	90,013	
2007 General Obligation Bond 4.87% - Milltown Road 492,667 365,661 0 (29,083) 336,578 30,830 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Municipal Building (20 years) 1,040,000 785,000 0 (125,000) 660,000 130,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Milltown Road (20 years) 385,000 290,000 0 (45,000) 245,000 45,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	Long Town Ponda							
4.87% - Milltown Road 492,667 365,661 0 (29,083) 336,578 30,830 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Municipal Building (20 years) 1,040,000 785,000 0 (125,000) 660,000 130,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Milltown Road (20 years) 385,000 290,000 0 (45,000) 245,000 45,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Ave-Assessment (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 200 Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	8							
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Municipal Building (20 years) 1,040,000 785,000 0 (125,000) 660,000 130,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Milltown Road (20 years) 385,000 290,000 0 (45,000) 245,000 45,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Ave-Assessment (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	E	402.667	265 661	0	(20.092)	226 570	20.920	
Municipal Building (20 years) 1,040,000 785,000 0 (125,000) 660,000 130,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) 385,000 290,000 0 (45,000) 245,000 45,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0		492,007	303,001	U	(29,083)	330,378	30,830	
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Milltown Road (20 years) 385,000 290,000 0 (45,000) 245,000 45,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Ave-Assessment (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	Ç ,	1 0 40 000	705.000	0	(125,000)	660,000	120,000	
Milltown Road (20 years) 385,000 290,000 0 (45,000) 245,000 45,000 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Ave-Assessment (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161		1,040,000	/85,000	U	(125,000)	660,000	130,000	
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Ave-Assessment (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	2 ,	205.000	200.000		/45 000\	245.000	45.000	
Beall Avenue (20 years) 1,066,000 983,423 0 (45,042) 938,381 45,042 2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Ave-Assessment (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	` ,	385,000	290,000	0	(45,000)	245,000	45,000	
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Ave-Assessment (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995								
Beall Ave-Assessment (20 years) 694,000 640,239 0 (29,324) 610,915 29,324 Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,066,000	983,423	0	(45,042)	938,381	45,042	
Long Term Bonds Total 3,677,667 3,064,323 0 (273,449) 2,790,874 280,196 Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	Ç ,							
Long Term Loans: 1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 4,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995								
1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	Long Term Bonds Total	3,677,667	3,064,323	0	(273,449)	2,790,874	280,196	
1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995								
(1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014) 34,304 8,576 0 (1,715) 6,861 1,715 1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	8							
1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995								
(9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018) 129,317 12,932 0 (8,621) 4,311 4,311 2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995		34,304	8,576	0	(1,715)	6,861	1,715	
2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	•							
(7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018) 182,022 109,213 0 (12,135) 97,078 12,135 Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	(9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018)	129,317	12,932	0	(8,621)	4,311	4,311	
Long Term Loans Total 345,643 130,721 0 (22,471) 108,250 18,161 Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown							
Compensated Absences 0 1,860,096 1,103,986 (1,008,743) 1,955,339 517,995	(7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018)	182,022	109,213	0	(12,135)	97,078	12,135	
	Long Term Loans Total	345,643	130,721	0	(22,471)	108,250	18,161	
Total Governmental Activities \$ 6,051,480 \$ 5,702,392 \$ 1,103,986 \$ (1,395,210) \$ 5,411,168 \$ 912,967	Compensated Absences	0	1,860,096	1,103,986	(1,008,743)	1,955,339	517,995	
	Total Governmental Activities	\$ 6,051,480	\$ 5,702,392	\$ 1,103,986	\$ (1,395,210)	\$ 5,411,168	\$ 912,967	

2010 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds

In October 2010, the City issued \$7,975,000 general obligation bonds, \$2,625,000 of which were issued to partially refund \$2,595,000 (\$1,185,000 within enterprise funds and \$1,410,000 within governmental funds) of outstanding general obligation bonds and finance issuance costs. The balance was used to retire outstanding bond anticipation notes. The bonds were issued for an eight year period with final maturity at December 1, 2018. At the date of the refunding, \$2,645,946 (\$1,208,259 within enterprise funds and \$1,437,687 within governmental funds) were deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future payments on the partially refunded bonds. As of December 31, 2013, \$1,695,000 of these bonds is considered defeased.

The premium and issuance costs on these refunded bonds are insignificant amounts that have been recognized in the current year and will not be amortized. The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$50,946, which is also insignificant and will not be amortized over future periods. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$181,542.

NOTE 16 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total	
Nonspendable for:						
Inventory	\$ 55,045	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 171,928	\$ 226,973	
Total Nonspendable	55,045	0	0	171,928	226,973	
Restricted for:						
Street Construction Maintenance and Repair	0	0	0	1,174,876	1,174,876	
State Highway	0	0	0	500,938	500,938	
Permissive Tax	0	0	0	575,077	575,077	
Debt Service	0	1,088,190	0	0	1,088,190	
Other Purposes	0	0	0	417,788	417,788	
Total Restricted	0	1,088,190	0	2,668,679	3,756,869	
Committed to:						
Economic Development	0	0	0	323,501	323,501	
Economic/Downtown Loan	0	0	0	19,186	19,186	
Total Committed	0	0	0	342,687	342,687	
Assigned for:						
Encumbrances						
Safety	1,482,501	0	0	0	1,482,501	
Health and Social Services	98,488	0	0	0	98,488	
Leisure Services	107,278	0	0	0	107,278	
Environment and Development	35,111	0	0	0	35,111	
Transportation Services	173,808	0	0	0	173,808	
Administrative Services	458,222	0	0	0	458,222	
Capital Improvement	0	0	639,349	0	639,349	
Total Assigned	2,355,408	0	639,349	0	2,994,757	
Unassigned (Deficit)	8,620,560	0	0	(42,240)	8,578,320	
Total Fund Balance	\$ 11,031,013	\$ 1,088,190	\$ 639,349	\$ 3,141,054	\$ 15,899,606	

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The City has sold \$3,040,000 in general obligation bonds on June 24, 2014 for the purpose of paying costs of improving the City's water system by constructing a municipal water tower, together with the necessary site work, fencing, and driveway approach, and constructing a water pump station, together with the necessary waterline extensions and curb connections.

Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Plus Encumbrances		Variance with Final Budget Positive(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	12,048,985	\$	12,778,607	\$	12,778,836	\$	229
Intergovernmental		947,508		947,508		984,024		36,516
Charges for services		1,537,212		1,537,212		1,422,616		(114,596)
Fines, licenses, permits		495,515		495,515		690,121		194,606
Interfund services provided		1,510,000		1,510,000		1,462,850		(47,150)
Interest income		75,000		75,000		29,076		(45,924)
Miscellaneous		76,356		76,356		193,419		117,063
Total Revenues		16,690,576		17,420,198		17,560,942		140,744
Expenditures :								
Safety services		10,800,830		12,650,732		11,323,927		1,326,805
Health and social services		133,000		133,000		132,418		582
Leisure services		1,421,827		1,607,279		1,334,166		273,113
Environment & development		992,399		1,164,997		1,020,106		144,891
Transportation services		1,130,250		1,296,161		856,815		439,346
Administrative services		3,375,410		3,897,925		3,559,070		338,855
Total Expenditures		17,853,716		20,750,094		18,226,502		2,523,592
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,163,140)		(3,329,896)		(665,560)		2,664,336
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers out		(1,817,000)		(2,118,500)		(2,118,500)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,817,000)		(2,118,500)		(2,118,500)		0
Encumbrances		0		0		2,445,460		2,445,460
Fund balances at beginning of year		11,369,613		11,369,613		11,369,613		0
Fund balances at end of year	\$	8,389,473	\$	5,921,217	\$	11,031,013	\$	5,109,796

Modified accrual plus encumbrances is the budgetary basis used in the preparation of these statements.