

CITY OF WOOSTER, OHIO

ANNUAL INFORMATION FILING FOR FISCAL YEAR 2014

The following provides, in accordance with the continuing disclosure agreements (the Continuing Disclosure Agreements) entered into by the City of Wooster, Ohio (the City), annual financial information and operating data for the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 (Fiscal Year 2014), of the type included in the respective final official statements for its primary offerings of and issuances:

\$1,950,000 Various Purpose Improvement Bonds, Series 1995, dated as of September 1, 1995. Final Maturity December 1, 2020.

\$7,975,000 Various Purpose Bonds, Series 2010, dated October 13, 2010. Final Maturity December 1, 2030.

\$3,025,000 Water System Improvement Bonds, Series 2014, dated June 24, 2014. Final Maturity December 1, 2033.

\$4,220,000 Sewerage System Improvement Bonds, Series 2014, dated October 30, 2014. Final Maturity December 1, 2030.

The applicable CUSIP number is 981083.

The Annual Information Filing constitutes only the annual financial information and operating data agreed to be provided under the Continuing Disclosure Agreements entered into at the times of the primary offerings referenced above. No representation is made as to the materiality or completeness of that information. Other relevant information for Fiscal Year 2014 may exist, and matters may have occurred or become known during or since that period, which an investor would consider to be important when making an investment decision. Further, no representation is made that the Annual Information Filing is indicative of financial or operating results of the City since the end of Fiscal Year 2014 or future financial or operating results. Finally, the inclusion of certain information pertaining to post-Fiscal Year 2014 events, if any, is provided solely for convenience, and is not intended to suggest that other such information not so included is any less material or important to an investor.

July 30, 2015

CITY OF WOOSTER, OHIO

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INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

The City entered into the Continuing Disclosure Agreements pursuant to SEC Rule 15c2-12 (the Rule) in connection with the primary offerings and issuances by the City of the bond issues identified on the cover page (collectively, the Bonds). The Continuing Disclosure Agreements require the City to provide annually financial information and operating data for its immediately preceding Fiscal Year of the type included in the final official statements for those offerings (collectively, the Official Statements). This Annual Information Filing provides such financial information and operating data for the City's Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2014.

All financial and other information in this Annual Information Filing has been provided by the City from its records, except for information expressly attributed to other sources. More complete information regarding laws, reports and documents referenced in this Annual Information Filing may be obtained by reviewing those laws, reports and documents. Subject to limited exceptions, records of the City are available for public inspection and copies may be obtained at cost upon request. Questions regarding information contained in this Annual Information Filing and requests for copies of documents should be directed to the Director of Finance of the City at the address shown on the cover. The presentation of information, including tables of receipts from taxes and other sources, is intended to show recent historical information, and is not intended to indicate future or continuing trends in the financial position or other affairs of the City. No representation is made that past experience, as is shown by that financial and other information, will necessarily continue or otherwise be predictive of future experience. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice. The delivery of this Annual Information Filing shall not, under any circumstances, give rise to any implication that the affairs of the City have not changed since the date of this Annual Information Filing.

The City's audited basic financial statements for Fiscal Year 2013 were filed with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB) in an electronic format prescribed by the MSRB using the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) platform on September 13, 2014. Those audited financial statements are hereby incorporated by reference and made a part of this Annual Information Filing. The City's audited basic financial statements for Fiscal Year 2014 are not yet available and will be filed with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB) when they become available.

As used in this Annual Information Filing:

- **“Council”** means the Council of the City.
- **“County”** means the County of Wayne.
- **“County Auditor”** means the Auditor of the County.
- **“Debt charges”** means the principal (including any mandatory sinking fund deposits and mandatory redemption payments), interest and any redemption premium payable on the obligations referred to as those payments come due and are payable; debt charges may also be referred to as “debt service.”
- **“Fiscal Year”** means the 12-month period ending December 31, and reference to a particular Fiscal Year (such as “Fiscal Year 2014”) means the Fiscal Year ending on December 31 in that year.
- **“Revised Code”** means the Ohio Revised Code.
- **“State”** or **“Ohio”** means the State of Ohio.

**AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAXES
AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS**

Assessed Valuation

The following table shows the recent assessed valuations of property subject to ad valorem taxes levied by the City.

Collection Year	Real(a)	Tangible Personal(b)(c)(d)	Public Utility(c)(d)	Total Assessed Valuation
2011	\$535,452,050	\$422,880	\$11,475,920	\$547,350,850
2012(e)	509,436,220	0	12,258,470	521,694,690
2013	514,036,180	0	13,430,050	527,466,230
2014	518,272,890	0	14,657,550	532,930,440
2015(f)	515,077,760	0	14,711,660	529,789,420

- (a) Other than real property of railroads. The real property of public utilities, other than railroads, is assessed by the County Auditor. Real property of railroads is assessed, together with tangible personal property of all public utilities, by the State Tax Commissioner.
- (b) Other than public utility.
- (c) The State reduced the valuation of tangible personal property of general businesses and railroads in increments beginning in 2006 to zero in 2009 and reduced the valuation of tangible personal property of telecommunications companies in increments beginning in 2007 to zero in 2011; see the discussion of those reductions and related State makeup payments below.
- (d) Tangible personal property of all public utilities and real property of railroads; see footnotes (a), (b) and (c).
- (e) Reflects triennial adjustment.
- (f) Reflects sexennial reappraisal.

Source: County Auditor.

Taxes collected on “Real” in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year. Taxes collected on “Tangible Personal” in one calendar year are levied in the same calendar year on assessed values during and at the close of the taxpayer’s most recent fiscal year that ended on or before December 31 of the preceding calendar year, and at the tax rates determined in the preceding year. “Public Utility” (real and tangible personal) taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year.

Pursuant to statutory requirements for sexennial reappraisals, in 2014 the County Auditor adjusted the true value of taxable real property to reflect then current fair market values. These adjustments were first reflected in the 2014 duplicate (collection year 2015) and in the ad valorem taxes distributed to the City in 2015 and thereafter. The County Auditor is required to adjust (but without individual appraisal of properties except in the sexennial reappraisal), and has adjusted, taxable real property value triennially to reflect true values. The County Auditor conducted such triennial adjustment in 2011.

The “assessed valuation” of real property is fixed at 35% of true value and is determined pursuant to rules of the State Tax Commissioner. An exception is that real property devoted exclusively to agricultural use is to be assessed at not more than 35% of its current agricultural use value. Real property devoted exclusively to forestry or timber growing is taxed at 50% of the local tax rate upon its assessed value.

The taxation of all tangible personal property used in general businesses (excluding certain public utility tangible personal property) was phased out over tax years 2006 to 2009. Previously, machinery and equipment and furniture and fixtures were generally taxed at 25% of true value, and inventory was taxed at 23%. The taxation of all tangible personal property used by telephone, telegraph or interexchange telecommunications companies (“telecommunications property”) was phased out over tax years 2007 to 2011. Previously, telecommunications property was taxed at 25% or 46% of true value (depending on the type of equipment and when it was placed into service).

To compensate for tax revenue losses as the tangible personal property taxes were phased out, the State in 2006 commenced making distributions to taxing subdivisions (such as the City) from revenue generated by the State’s commercial activity tax. In 2011, the State revised thresholds established for municipalities to qualify for those distributions, reducing or eliminating the amount of that reimbursement related to: (a) “current expense levies” to zero for most municipalities and (b) “non-current expense levies” to 50% in Fiscal Year 2012, and 25% thereafter, of the amount received with respect to such levies in Fiscal Year 2010. Reimbursements for taxes levied within the ten-mill limitation or pursuant to a municipal charter for debt charges on unvoted general obligation debt are to continue through Fiscal Year 2017 at the same amount as received in Fiscal Year 2010; thereafter no such reimbursement will be made. The State’s reimbursement payment to the City for Fiscal Year 2014 was \$15,009.00.

Public utility tangible personal property (with some exceptions) is currently assessed (depending on the type of property) from 25% to 88% of true value. Effective for collection year 2002, the assessed valuation of electric utility production equipment was reduced from 100% and natural gas utility property from 88% of true value, both to 25% of true value. The City has been receiving reimbursement payments from the State to compensate for tax revenue losses as a result of those reductions; however, the City no longer receives reimbursement payments from the State.

As indicated herein, the General Assembly has from time to time exercised its power to revise the laws applicable to the determination of assessed valuation of taxable property and the amount of receipts to be produced by ad valorem taxes levied on that property and may continue to make similar revisions.

Ohio law grants tax credits to offset increases in taxes resulting from increases in the true value of real property. Legislation classifies real property as between residential and agricultural property and all other real property, and provides for tax reduction factors to be separately computed for and applied to each class. These tax credits apply only to certain voted levies on real property, and they do not apply to unvoted levies or to voted levies to provide a specified dollar amount or to pay debt charges on general obligation debt. None of the City’s tax levies are affected by these credits. These credits are discussed further following **Tax Table A**.

Tax Rates

All references to tax rates under this caption are in terms of stated rates in mills per \$1.00 of assessed valuation.

The following are the rates at which the City and overlapping taxing subdivisions have in recent years levied ad valorem property taxes.

TAX TABLE A
Overlapping Tax Rates

Collection Year	City	County	JVSD	Library	Mental Health District	Wooster City School District	Total
2011	4.20	9.25	4.85	1.25	1.00	78.70	99.25
2012	4.20	9.25	4.85	1.25	1.00	79.50	100.05
2013	4.20	9.25	4.85	1.25	1.00	79.50	100.05
2014	4.20	9.25	4.85	1.25	1.00	79.50	100.05
2015	4.20	9.25	4.85	1.25	1.00	79.90	100.45

Source: County Auditor.

Statutory procedures limit, by the application of tax credits, the amount realized by each taxing subdivision from real property taxation to the amount realized from those taxes in the preceding year plus both:

- the proceeds of any new taxes (other than renewals) approved by the electors, calculated to produce an amount equal to the amount that would have been realized if those taxes had been levied in the preceding year; and
- amounts realized from new and existing taxes on the assessed valuation of real property added to the tax duplicate since the preceding year.

These procedures were instituted initially in 1976 to limit in part the effect of increasing property values on the growth of those property taxes.

As noted above, all of the City’s property tax levies, as levies inside the ten-mill limitation, are exempt from those tax credit provisions. The tax credit provisions do not apply to amounts realized from taxes levied at whatever rate is required to produce a specified amount or an amount to pay debt charges, or from taxes levied inside the ten-mill limitation or any applicable charter tax rate limitation. To calculate the limited amount to be realized, a reduction factor is applied to the stated rates of the levies subject to these tax credits. A resulting “effective tax rate” reflects the aggregate of those reductions, and is the rate based on which real property taxes are in fact collected. As an example, the total overlapping tax rate for the 2015 tax collection year of 100.45 mills within the City is reduced by reduction factors of 64.358251 for residential/agricultural property and 76.968422 for all other real property, which results in “effective tax rates” of 0.359301 mills for residential and agricultural property and 0.233764 mills for all other real property. See **Tax Table A**.

Residential and agricultural real property tax amounts are generally further reduced by an additional 10% (12.5% in the case of owner-occupied residential property); however, legislation passed by the State’s General Assembly in 2013 eliminated such reductions for additional and replacement levies approved at elections after September 29, 2013, and for other taxes (or increases in taxes) not levied for tax year 2013. See **Collections** for a discussion of the reimbursement by the State to taxing subdivisions for these reductions and related changes made by State legislation passed by the General Assembly in 2013.

The following are the rates at which the City levied property taxes for the general categories of purposes for recent years:

TAX TABLE B
City Tax Rates
(all within ten-mill limitation)

Collection Year	Operating	Police and Fire Pension	Total
2011	3.60	0.60	4.20
2012	3.60	0.60	4.20
2013	3.60	0.60	4.20
2014	3.60	0.60	4.20
2015	3.60	0.60	4.20

See the discussion of the ten-mill limitation, and the priority of claim on that millage for debt charges on unvoted general obligation debt, under **Indirect Debt and Unvoted Property Tax Limitations**. The City has no property tax levies outside the ten-mill limitation.

Collections

The following are the amounts billed and collected for City ad valorem property taxes for the tax collection years shown.

Real and Public Utility

Collection Year	Current Billed	Current Collected	Current % Collected	Delinquent	
				Current	Accumulated
2010	\$2,474,975	\$2,230,567	90%	\$93,420	\$136,960
2011	2,552,622	2,451,240	96	76,251	84,285
2012	2,352,784	2,165,218	92	58,281	61,214
2013	2,313,291	2,171,119	93	87,404	58,879
2014	2,315,089	2,184,568	95	73,722	58,941

Tangible Personal Property

Collection Year	Current Billed	Current Collected	Current % Collected	Accumulated
2010	\$17,008	\$2,621	15%	\$14,469
2011	0	0	0	1,163
2012	0	0	0	1,136
2013	0	0	0	823
2014	0	0	0	578

Source: County Auditor.

Included in the “Current Billed” and “Current Collected” figures above are payments made from State revenue sources under two Statewide real property tax relief programs – the Homestead Exemption and the Property Tax Rollback Exemption. Homestead Exemptions have been available for (i) persons 65 years of age or older, (ii) persons who are totally or permanently

disabled and (iii) surviving spouses of persons who were totally or permanently disabled or 65 years of age or older, and had applied and qualified for a reduction of property taxes in the year of death, so long as the surviving spouses were not younger than 59 or older than 65 years of age on the date of their deceased spouses' deaths. The Homestead Exemption exempts \$25,000 of the homestead's market value from taxation, thereby reducing the property owner's ad valorem property tax liability. The Property Tax Rollback Exemption applies to all non-business properties, and reduces each property owner's ad valorem property tax liability by either 12.5% (for owner-occupied non-business properties) or 10% (for non-owner non-business occupied properties). Payments to taxing subdivisions have been made in amounts approximately equal to the Homestead and Property Tax Rollback Exemptions granted. This State assistance reflected in the City's tax collections for 2014 was \$69,306 for the elderly/disabled homestead payment and \$166,651 for the rollback payment

State legislation passed in 2013 made the Homestead Exemption subject to means testing beginning January 1, 2014, and eliminated the Property Tax Rollback Exemption and related reimbursements with respect to new or replacement tax levies approved at elections after September 29, 2013, and other taxes (or increases in taxes) not levied for tax year 2013. See **Tax Rates**.

Real property taxes are payable in two installments, the first usually in January and the second in July.

Special Assessments

The City regularly conducts residential and other street improvements, which can include paving, resurfacing, draining, planting shade trees and constructing curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers, sanitary sewers and water lines. The cost of these improvements is paid in part from special assessments levied against the property benefiting from those improvements; the remaining cost is paid by the City. Unless all of the benefiting property owners petition to pay all costs, State law requires the City to pay at least 2% (plus the cost associated with intersections) of the total cost of the improvements.

Owners of benefiting properties may commence a street improvement project by filing a petition with City Council requesting the improvement. Alternatively, Council, with a three-quarter majority, may by resolution declare the necessity for such an improvement. The special assessment proceedings provide for notice to property owners and an opportunity for property owners to object to the special assessments. At the commencement of construction of the improvement, bond anticipation notes are issued to pay the project cost. Following completion of the work and determination of final costs, the special assessments are levied by Council against the benefiting property. Special assessments not paid within 30 days are certified to the County Auditor for collection over a period of time (usually 10 to 20 years for most projects). Special assessments are billed by the County Auditor and collected by the County Treasurer along with and at the same time as real property taxes. The real property taxes levied on any property against which special assessments have been levied are not to be paid unless those special assessments are also paid.

Bonds are issued in anticipation of the collection of the special assessments to refund (together with any cash payments of special assessments) those notes. The special assessments certified for collection bear the same interest as the bonds. Under State law, those bonds are to be paid from the anticipated special assessments, but they are also general obligations of the City, payable from ad valorem property taxes to the extent not paid from those special assessments. See **City Debt and Other Long-Term Obligations – Statutory Direct Debt Limitations, Indirect Debt and Unvoted Property Tax Limitations and Debt Tables A and B**. The City has never been required to levy an ad valorem property tax for debt charges on bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of special assessments because special assessments have been collected as required and sufficient balances have been available in the Bond Retirement Fund to cover any temporary shortfall.

The following are the amounts billed and collected for City special assessments for the tax collection years shown.

Collection Year	Current Billed	Current Collected	Current % Collected	Delinquent	
				Current	Accumulated
2010	\$605,221	\$461,034	76%	\$110,994	\$ 43,666
2011	648,438	412,687	64	139,010	108,912
2012	700,807	387,961	56	119,906	203,712
2013	755,102	344,647	45	122,434	297,352
2014	868,667	424,728	49	85,151	357,101

Source: County Auditor.

Delinquencies

Of the 10,908 nonexempt parcels in the City for collection year 2014, the number of delinquent parcels was 576, against none of which foreclosure proceedings were commenced.

There is no one taxpayer that accounts for more than 5% of any of the delinquencies of ad valorem real property taxes or special assessments identified above for tax collection year 2014.

MUNICIPAL INCOME TAX

Ohio law authorizes a city or village to levy a municipal income tax on both business income and employee wages and salaries at a rate of up to 1% without voter authorization. An income tax rate in excess of 1% requires approval by the voters. The City currently levies the tax at a rate of 1.50%. On May 7, 2013, the voters authorized the 0.50% increase in the City's income tax, raising the rate to 1.50%, effective January 1, 2014. This tax on business income and individuals' salaries and wages is collected and administered by the City. Residents are permitted, as a credit against their City income tax liability, up to a maximum of 100% of the tax paid as municipal income tax on the same income in another municipal corporation.

The tax is in effect for a continuing period of time. It could be reduced or terminated by action of the Council, or by vote of the electors initiated by petition of 10% of the number of electors of the City who voted for governor at the last preceding election, following initiated ordinance procedures, or 10% of the electors of the City who voted at the last preceding City general election, following charter amendment procedures. Under current law, the Council could (unless restricted by a Charter provision) reimpose a 1% tax without authorization by the electors.

Income tax proceeds, after payment of collection expenses, were allocated by the Council for the current year to the General Fund. Annual income tax receipts in recent years are shown in the following table.

Year	Receipts
2010	\$ 8,795,369
2011	9,425,474
2012	10,644,065
2013	10,713,990
2014	14,720,915

Based on employer payments of corporate and withheld personal income taxes, one employer contributed through those taxes 13.3% of the City income tax collected in Fiscal Year 2014.

Certain of the income subject to the City income tax is also subject to the State income tax.

STATE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE FUNDS

Statutory state-level local government assistance funds, comprised of designated State revenues, are another source of revenue to the General Fund. Most are distributed to each county and then allocated on a formula basis, or in some cases on an agreement basis, among the county and cities, villages and townships, and in some cases park districts, in the county. City receipts from those funds in recent years are shown in the following table.

Year	Receipts
2010	\$1,232,744
2011	1,227,761
2012	861,805
2013	656,176
2014	641,351

The amounts of and formula for distribution of these funds may be revised from time to time.

ESTATE TAXES

Historically, the State distributed significant portions of its estate tax receipts to decedents' communities of residence. Due to the nature of the tax, the annual amounts received varied significantly. The City received \$1,519,690, \$602,186 and \$188,862 from this source in Fiscal Years 2012, 2013 and 2014, respectively, and credited those amounts to its General Fund. The State estate tax was eliminated for decedents dying on or after January 1, 2013; however, distributions related to the estates of decedents dying before that date will continue until those estates are settled.

CITY DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following describes the security for general obligation debt, applicable debt and ad valorem property tax limitations, and outstanding and projected bond and note indebtedness and certain other long-term financial obligations of the City.

As used in the discussions that follow, the term BANs refers to notes issued in anticipation of the issuance of general obligation bonds.

Certain overlapping subdivisions also may issue voted and unvoted general obligation debt.

The City has issued industrial development revenue bond issues for facilities used by private corporations or other entities. The City is not obligated in any way to pay debt service on those bonds from any of its funds. Those revenue bonds have been excluded entirely from the following debt discussion and tables.

The City is not, and to the knowledge of current City officials has not in at least the last 25 years been, in default in the payment of debt service on any of the bonds or notes on which the City is obligor. However, the City makes no representation as to the existence of a condition of default resulting from a default by any private entity under any financing documents relating to industrial development of which the City was the issuer.

Security for General Obligation Debt; Bonds and BANs

The following describes the security for City general obligation debt: bonds and bond anticipation notes (BANs).

Voted Bonds. The basic security for voted City general obligation bonds is the authorization by the electors for the City to levy, and its levy pursuant to constitutional and statutory requirements of, ad valorem taxes, without limitation as to rate or amount, on all real and tangible personal property subject to ad valorem taxation by the City. These taxes are outside of the ten-mill limitation and are to be sufficient in amount to pay (to the extent not paid from other sources) as they come due the debt charges on the voted bonds (subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, arrangement, fraudulent conveyance or transfer, reorganization, moratorium and other laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights, to the application of equitable principles, to the exercise of judicial discretion, and to limitations on legal remedies against public entities).

As of December 31, 2014, the City had no voted general obligation bonds outstanding.

Unvoted Bonds. The basic security for unvoted City general obligation bonds is the City's ability to levy, and its levy pursuant to constitutional and statutory requirements of, ad valorem taxes on all real and tangible personal property subject to ad valorem taxation by the City, within the ten-mill limitation described below. These taxes are to be sufficient in amount to pay (to the extent not paid from other sources) as they come due the debt charges on unvoted general obligation bonds. The law provides that the levy necessary for debt charges has priority over any levy for other purposes within that tax limitation; that priority may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, arrangement, fraudulent conveyance or transfer, reorganization, moratorium and other laws relating to or affecting creditors' rights, to the application of equitable principles, to the exercise of judicial discretion, and to limitations on legal remedies against public entities. See the discussion below, under **Indirect Debt and Unvoted Property Tax Limitations** of the ten-mill limitation, and the priority of claim on it for debt charges on unvoted general obligation debt of the City and all overlapping taxing subdivisions.

As of December 31, 2014, the City had \$14,101,000 of unvoted general obligation bonds outstanding.

BANs. While BANs are outstanding, Ohio law requires the levy of ad valorem property taxes in an amount not less than what would have been levied if bonds had been issued without the prior issuance of the BANs. That levy need not actually be collected if payment in fact is to be provided from other sources, such as the proceeds of the bonds anticipated or of renewal BANs. BANs, including renewal BANs, may be issued and outstanding from time to time up to a maximum period of 240 months from the date of issuance of the original notes (the maximum maturity for special assessment BANs is five years). Any period in excess of five years must be deducted from the permitted maximum maturity of the bonds anticipated. Portions of the principal amount of BANs outstanding for more than five years must be retired in amounts at least equal to, and payable not later than, those principal maturities that would have been required if the bonds had been issued at the expiration of the initial five-year period.

As of December 31, 2014, the City had no outstanding BANs.

Statutory Direct Debt Limitations

The Revised Code provides two debt limitations on general obligation debt that are directly based on tax (assessed) valuation, applicable to all municipal corporations, including the City.

- The net principal amount of both voted and unvoted debt of the City, excluding “exempt debt” (discussed below), may not exceed 10-1/2% of the total tax (assessed) valuation of all property in the City as listed and assessed for taxation.
- The net principal amount of the unvoted debt of the City, excluding exempt debt, may not exceed 5-1/2% of that valuation, as discussed below.

These two limitations, which are referred to as the “direct debt limitations,” may be amended from time to time by the General Assembly.

The City’s ability to incur unvoted debt (whether or not exempt from the direct debt limitations) also is restricted by the indirect debt limitation discussed below under **Indirect Debt and Unvoted Property Tax Limitations**.

Certain debt that the City may issue is exempt from the direct debt limitations (exempt debt). Exempt debt includes, among others, the following categories.

- General obligation debt:
 - That is “self-supporting” (i.e., nontax revenues from the facility or category of facilities are sufficient to pay operating and maintenance expenses and related debt charges and other requirements) issued for facilities for city utility systems, airports, railroads, mass transit systems, parking, health care, solid waste, urban development, recreation, sports, convention, museum and other public attractions, natural resource exploration, development, recovery, use or sale, correctional and other related rehabilitation.
 - To the extent debt charges are expected to be paid from tax increment financing payments in lieu of taxes pledged to the payment of those debt charges (subject to certain limitations).
 - For highway improvements if the municipality has covenanted to pay debt charges and financing costs from distributions of motor vehicle license and fuel taxes.
 - In anticipation of the levy or collection of special assessments.
 - To pay final judgments or court-approved settlements.
- Securities issued to improve water or sanitary or storm water sewerage facilities to the extent that another subdivision has agreed to pay to the City amounts equal to debt charges on those securities.
- Unvoted general obligation bonds to the extent that debt charges will be met from lawfully available municipal income taxes, to be applied to that debt charges pursuant to ordinance covenants.
- Revenue debt and mortgage revenue bonds to finance municipal utilities.

- Notes issued in anticipation of (i) the collection of current revenues (which have a latest maturity of the last day of the Fiscal Year in which issued) or (ii) the proceeds of a specific tax levy.
- Notes issued for certain energy conservation improvements or certain emergency purposes.
- Debt issued in anticipation of the receipt of federal or State grants for permanent improvements, or to evidence loans from the State capital improvements fund or State infrastructure bank.
- Voted debt for urban redevelopment purposes not in excess of 2% of the City's assessed valuation.
- Debt issued to make a single payment on certain accrued liability to the statewide Police and Fire Pension Fund.
- Debt issued for municipal educational and cultural facilities and sports facilities.

BANs issued in anticipation of exempt bonds are also exempt debt.

The City may incur debt for operating purposes, such as current tax revenue anticipation notes or tax anticipation notes, only under certain limited statutory authority.

In the calculation of debt subject to the direct debt limitations, the amount in a city's bond retirement fund allocable to the principal amount of nonexempt debt is deducted from gross nonexempt debt. Without consideration of amounts in the City's Bond Retirement Fund, and based on outstanding debt and current tax (assessed) valuation, the City's voted and unvoted nonexempt debt capacities as of December 31, 2014 were:

Limitation	Nonexempt Debt Outstanding	Additional Debt Capacity Within Limitation
10-1/2% = \$55,627,889	\$2,791,912	\$52,835,977
5-1/2% = \$29,138,418	\$2,791,912	\$26,346,506

This is further detailed in **Debt Table A**.

Indirect Debt and Unvoted Property Tax Limitations

Voted general obligation debt may be issued by the City if authorized by vote of the electors. Ad valorem taxes, without limitation as to amount or rate, to pay debt charges on voted bonds are authorized by the electors at the same time they authorize the issuance of the bonds.

General obligation debt also may be issued by the City without a vote of the electors. This unvoted debt may not be issued unless the ad valorem property tax for the payment of debt charges on those bonds (or the bonds in anticipation of which BANs are issued), and all outstanding unvoted general obligation bonds (including bonds in anticipation of which BANs are issued) of the combination of overlapping taxing subdivisions including the City resulting in the highest tax required for such debt charges, in any year is 10 mills or less per \$1.00 of assessed valuation. This indirect debt limitation, the product of what is commonly referred to as the "ten-mill limitation," is imposed by a combination of provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Revised Code.

The ten-mill limitation is the maximum aggregate millage for all purposes that may be levied on any single piece of property by *all* overlapping taxing subdivisions without a vote of the electors. This 10 mills is allocated pursuant to a statutory formula among certain overlapping taxing subdivisions in the County, including the City. For collection year 2014, the entire 10 mills was levied by the combination of the City and taxing subdivisions overlapping the City. For collection year 2014, the then-current allocation of the 10 mills (sometimes referred to as the “inside millage”) was as follows: 4.20 City, 2.00 County, and 3.80 Wooster City School District. That allocation has remained constant for at least the last five years.

Present Ohio law requires the inside millage allocated to a taxing subdivision to be used first for the payment of debt charges on its unvoted general obligation debt, unless provision has been made for that payment from other sources, with the balance usable for other purposes. To the extent this inside millage is required for debt charges of a taxing subdivision (which may exceed the formula allocation to that subdivision), the amount that would otherwise be available to that subdivision for general fund purposes is reduced. Because the inside millage that may actually be required to pay debt charges on a subdivision’s unvoted general obligation debt may exceed the formula allocation of that millage to the subdivision, the excess reduces the amount of inside millage available to overlapping subdivisions. In the case of the City, however, a law applicable to all Ohio cities and villages requires that any lawfully available receipts from a municipal income tax or from voted property tax levies be allocated to pay debt charges on City unvoted debt before the formula allocations of the inside millage to overlapping subdivision can be invaded for that purpose.

In the case of BANs issued in anticipation of unvoted general obligation bonds, the highest estimate of annual debt charges for the anticipated bonds is used to calculate the millage required.

Revenue bonds and notes and mortgage revenue bonds are not included in debt subject to the indirect limitation because they are not general obligations of the City, and the full faith and credit and property taxing power of the City is not pledged for their payment.

The indirect limitation applies to all unvoted general obligation debt even if debt charges on some of it is expected to be paid in fact from municipal income taxes, special assessments, utility revenues or other sources.

As of December 31, 2014, the highest debt charges requirement in any year for all City debt subject to the ten-mill limitation was estimated to be \$1,384,937. That debt includes all unvoted general obligation bonds outstanding. The payment of those annual debt charges would require a levy of 2.6141 mills based on current assessed valuation.

As of December 31, 2014, the total millage theoretically required by the City, the Wooster City School District and the County (the only overlapping taxing subdivisions that had issued unvoted debt) for debt charges on their outstanding unvoted general obligation debt was estimated to be 3.3328 mills for Fiscal Year 2016, the year of the highest potential debt charge requirements. There thus remained 6.6672 mills within the ten-mill limitation that had yet to be allocated to debt charges and that were available to the City and overlapping subdivisions in connection with the issuance of additional unvoted general obligation debt.

Debt Outstanding

The Debt Tables attached provide information concerning the City’s outstanding debt represented by bonds and notes, with respect to City and overlapping subdivision general obligation debt allocations, and debt charges.

The following table shows the principal amount of City general obligation debt outstanding as of December 31 (all unvoted) in the years shown.

Year	Exempt	Total
2010	\$ 5,845,671	\$ 9,755,000
2011	5,198,019	8,841,000
2012	4,826,064	8,185,000
2013	4,448,167	7,527,000
2014	11,309,088	14,101,000

Bond Anticipation Notes

As of December 31, 2014, none of the debt of the City was currently in the form of BANs. BANs may be retired at maturity from the proceeds of the sale of renewal notes or of the bonds anticipated by the BANs, or available funds of the City, or a combination of these sources.

Bond Retirement Fund

The Bond Retirement Fund is the fund from which the City pays debt charges on its general obligation debt, and into which money required to be applied to those payments is deposited. The following table is an unaudited summary of Bond Retirement Fund receipts and disbursements for the years shown.

Year	Receipts	Disbursements	December 31 Balance
2010	\$307,396	\$227,149	\$ 704,487
2011	243,015	190,470	757,032 ^(a)
2012	209,132	190,919	1,080,455
2013	396,961	188,110	1,289,306
2014	873,669	856,014	1,306,961

(a) The balance of \$757,032 as of December 31, 2011 was restated to \$1,062,242 as of January 1, 2012 to account for understatement of liabilities and reclassification of Long Road TIF monies.

Future Financings

The City does not plan to issue any other general obligation bonds during the next 12 months other than issuing them to refund outstanding general obligation bonds at a lower interest cost. At this time, the City has no other plans to undertake or participate in any new major capital improvement projects for which it plans to borrow additional money or enter into long-term financial undertakings, or to issue any current or tax anticipation notes.

Long-Term Financial Obligations Other Than Bonds and Notes

The City has entered into loan agreements with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for the financing of improvements to its wastewater treatment plant, under which, according to the OWDA and at December 31, 2014, there was an aggregate outstanding principal balance due of approximately \$11.53 million. Payments on those loans are required to be made from City wastewater system revenues after payment of operation and maintenance expenses of that system.

The City has entered into loan agreements with the OWDA for the financing of improvements to its water system, under which, according to the OWDA and at December 31, 2014, there was an aggregate outstanding principal balance due of approximately \$2.50 million. Payments on those loans are required to be made from City water system revenues after payment of operation and maintenance expenses of that system.

Those loan agreements with the OWDA grant no security or property interest to OWDA in any property of the City, and do not pledge the general credit of the City, or create a debt subject to the direct or indirect debt limitations, or require the application of the general resources of the City for repayment.

In addition, the City has entered into a number of 0% interest loans with the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) for the financing of improvements to its wastewater treatment plant, water system, storm drainage and other improvements. As of December 31, 2014, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of those loans totaled approximately \$2.67 million. Payments on those loans are generally required to be made from the City wastewater and water system revenues after payment of operation and maintenance expenses of those systems, respectively. The loan agreements grant no security or property interest to OPWC in any property of the City, and do not pledge the general credit of the City, or create a debt subject to the direct or indirect debt limitations.

For information regarding these loan agreements, “compensated absences” and certain other long-term financial obligations of the City, see **Notes** to the City’s Audited Basic Financial Statements for Fiscal Year 2013 included in **Appendix D**.

The City has no other significant long term financial obligations, other than the bonds described above and certain lease purchase contracts for photocopying and general office equipment.

Retirement Expenses

Present and retired employees of the City are covered under two statewide public employee retirement (including disability retirement) systems. The Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) covers uniformed members of the police and fire departments. All other eligible City employees are covered by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS).

In 2014, employees covered by OPERS contributed at a statutory rate of 10.0% of earnable salary. The City’s statutory contribution rate for those employees was 14.0% of the same base. In 2014, employees covered by OP&F contributed at a statutory rate of 10.75% of earnable salary through July 1 and, thereafter, at a rate of 11.50% of earnable salary. As the employer, the City’s statutory contribution rates, applied to the same base, were 19.5% for police personnel and 24.0% for fire personnel. These employee and employer contribution rates were the maximums permitted under then current State law. (See the discussion below of State legislation enacted in 2012.)

For further information on these pension plans, see the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements included in **Appendix D**. Financial and other information for OPERS and OP&F, including their respective Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, can also be found on their websites.

OPERS and OP&F are two of five statewide public employee retirement systems created by and operating pursuant to Ohio law, all of which currently have unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. The General Assembly has the power to amend the format of those systems and to revise rates and methods of contributions to be made by public employers and their employees and eligibility criteria, benefits or benefit levels for employee members. In 2012, the General Assembly passed five separate pension reform measures intended to assist each of the five

retirement systems in addressing its unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. The reform legislation passed with respect to OPERS and OP&F provided for (i) no change in the City contribution rates with respect to its employees' earnable salaries, (ii) no change in OPERS employee contribution rate, and (iii) an increase in the OP&F employee contribution rate from 10% to 12.25% in annual increments of 0.75% in July in each of the years 2013 through 2015. With certain transition provisions applicable to certain current employees, the reform legislation has, among other changes, increased minimum age and service requirements for retirement and disability benefits, revised the calculation of an employee's final average salary on which pension benefits are based to include the five highest years (rather than the three highest years), provided for OPERS pension benefits to be calculated on a lower, fixed formula, changed provisions with respect to future cost-of-living adjustments to limit those adjustments to the lesser of any increase in the Consumer Price Index or three percent. The OP&F reform legislation also authorizes the OP&F board to further adjust member contribution rates or further adjust age and service requirements after November 1, 2017, if, after an actuarial investigation, the board determines that an adjustment is appropriate.

City employees are not currently subject to federal and state income tax on their contributions to OPERS or OP&F because the City has adopted a "pick-up" program pursuant to federal income tax law. The pick-up program is a "salary reduction" program which does not cause the City to incur additional pension or wage related expenses. The City also picks up 5.5% (for employees hired prior to 09/01/2014) and 3.5% (for employees thereafter) of Wooster Employees Association employees' pension and 3.5% of management's pension.

The City's current employer contributions to OPERS and OP&F, and the payments toward the accrued OP&F liability, have been treated as current expenses and included in the City's operating expenditures, except to the extent paid from the proceeds of the "Police and Fire Pension" levy referred to under **Tax Rates**.

Federal law requires City employees hired after March 31, 1986, to participate in the federal Medicare program, which requires matching employer and employee contributions, each being 1.45% of the wage base. Otherwise, City employees who are covered by a State retirement system are not currently covered under the federal Social Security Act. OPERS and OP&F are not subject to the funding and vesting requirements of the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

Health Insurance

All City employees are provided a traditional health care insurance plan that covers hospitalization and major medical expenses within specified limits. The plan is self-funded by the City and administered by a third-party administrator. The City pays the administrator a monthly fixed fee for various claim administration services on a per enrolled employee basis. All claims are paid by the City. The third-party administrator submits weekly preliminary check registers for all processed claims. The City issues payment to the plan administrator who in turn issues individual claim checks. The City carries specific stop-loss and adequate stop-loss insurance against catastrophic losses (an annual stop loss limit of \$85,000 per employee, and \$1,000,000 in the aggregate). The premium for these coverages are billed monthly to the City by the third-party administrator on a per enrolled employee basis.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 21, 2015, the City issued its \$7,000,000 Safety Center Improvement Bonds, Series 2015 (the 2015 Bonds), for the purpose of paying costs of constructing, furnishing, and equipping a City safety center to house the police department and the fire department, and otherwise improving the site therefor, together with the necessary appurtenances thereto.

DEBT TABLE A

Principal Amounts of Outstanding General Obligation (GO) Debt; Leeway for Additional Debt Within Direct Debt Limitations (as of December 31, 2014)^(a)

A.	Total debt:		\$14,101,000
B.	Exempt debt:		
	Category	Outstanding Principal Amount	
	Special Assessment	\$1,077,388	
	Water System	5,401,700	
	Sewer System	4,220,000	
	Storm Drainage System	610,000	
	Total exempt debt:		\$11,309,088
C.	Total nonexempt debt [A minus B]		\$ 2,791,912
D.	5-1/2% of tax (assessed) valuation (unvoted nonexempt debt limitation):		\$29,138,418
E.	Total nonexempt limited tax bonds and notes outstanding:		
	Bonds	\$2,791,912	
	Notes	\$ -0-	
			\$ 2,791,912
F.	Debt leeway within 5-1/2% unvoted debt limitation [D minus E]		\$26,346,506*
G.	10-1/2% of tax (assessed) valuation (voted and unvoted debt limitation):		\$55,627,889
H.	Total nonexempt bonds and notes outstanding:		
	Bonds	\$2,791,912	
	Notes	\$ -0-	
			\$ 2,791,912
I.	Debt leeway within 10-1/2% debt limitation [G minus H]		\$52,835,977*

* Debt leeway in this table determined without considering money in the Bond Retirement Fund.

(a) On July 21, 2015, the City issued its \$7,000,000 Safety Center Improvement Bonds, Series 2015 (the 2015 Bonds). The figures in this Table are as of December 31, 2014, and therefore do not reflect the issuance of the 2015 Bonds. See **Subsequent Events**.

DEBT TABLE B

**Various City and Overlapping
GO Debt Allocations (Principal Amounts)
(as of December 31, 2014)(a)**

	Amount	Per Capita(b)	% of City's Current Assessed Valuation(c)
City Nonexempt GO Debt	\$ 2,791,912	\$106.89	0.53%
Total City GO Debt (exempt and non- exempt)	14,101,000	539.88	2.66
Highest Total Overlap- ping GO Debt(d)	23,464,060	898.35	4.43

(a) On July 21, 2015, the City issued its \$7,000,000 Safety Center Improvement Bonds, Series 2015 (the 2015 Bonds). The figures in this Table are as of December 31, 2014, and therefore do not reflect the issuance of the 2015 Bonds. See **Subsequent Events**.

(b) Based on 2010 City population of 26,119.

(c) Based on the City's current assessed valuation of \$529,789,420.

(d) Includes, in addition to "Total City GO Debt," allocations of total GO debt of overlapping debt issuing subdivisions resulting in the calculation of highest total overlapping debt based on percent of tax (assessed) valuation of territory of the subdivisions located within City (% figures are resulting percent of total debt of subdivisions allocated to City in this manner), as follows:

\$ 1,374,139 County (22.49%);
 \$ 7,159,635 Wooster City School District (83.30%); and
 \$ 829,286 Wayne Public Library District (19.13%).

Source of tax (assessed) valuation and confirmation of GO debt figures for overlapping subdivisions: OMAC*

* Ohio Municipal Advisory Council (OMAC) compiles information from official and other sources. OMAC believes the information it compiles is accurate and reliable, but OMAC does not independently confirm or verify the information and does not guaranty its accuracy. OMAC has not reviewed this Annual Information Filing to confirm that the information attributed to it is information provided by OMAC or for any other purpose.

DEBT TABLE C

Projected Debt Charges Requirements on City GO Debt (as of December 31, 2014)(a)

Year	Debt Service on		Portion of Total Anticipated to be Paid from				
	Outstanding Bonds	Total*	Limited Ad Valorem Taxes	Special Assessments	Sewer System Receipts	Storm Drainage System Revenues	Water System Revenues
2015	\$1,384,936.51	\$1,384,936.51	\$379,356.72	\$140,446.93	\$266,303.06	\$164,500.00	\$434,329.80
2016	1,380,689.85	1,380,689.85	378,189.04	141,388.21	258,850.00	166,500.00	435,762.60
2017	1,369,992.65	1,369,992.65	377,420.00	140,786.65	252,100.00	158,012.50	441,673.50
2018	1,366,291.85	1,366,291.85	373,950.53	140,716.33	245,350.00	159,262.50	447,012.50
2019	1,001,208.65	1,001,208.65	192,179.11	128,759.05	238,600.00	0.00	441,670.50
2020	1,008,779.35	1,008,779.35	193,545.10	129,242.75	240,900.00	0.00	445,091.50
2021	899,367.75	899,367.75	194,074.22	78,274.78	238,100.00	0.00	388,918.75
2022	900,260.05	900,260.05	194,401.53	78,289.78	240,300.00	0.00	387,268.75
2023	813,281.25	813,281.25	144,120.11	46,617.39	237,400.00	0.00	385,143.75
2024	818,037.50	818,037.50	144,474.30	46,731.95	239,500.00	0.00	387,331.25
2025	821,512.50	821,512.50	144,568.75	46,762.50	241,500.00	0.00	388,681.25
2026	828,650.00	828,650.00	148,318.38	47,975.37	242,625.00	0.00	389,731.25
2027	824,237.50	824,237.50	147,888.64	47,836.36	238,625.00	0.00	389,887.50
2028	817,712.50	817,712.50	147,170.82	47,604.18	238,825.00	0.00	384,112.50
2029	820,687.50	820,687.50	146,320.78	47,329.22	238,875.00	0.00	388,162.50
2030	821,962.50	821,962.50	148,946.47	48,178.53	238,775.00	0.00	386,062.50
2031	451,925.00	451,925.00	0.00	0.00	238,525.00	0.00	213,400.00
2032	448,925.00	448,925.00	0.00	0.00	238,125.00	0.00	210,800.00
2033	445,575.00	445,575.00	0.00	0.00	237,575.00	0.00	208,000.00
2034	241,875.00	241,875.00	0.00	0.00	241,875.00	0.00	0.00
2035	240,625.00	240,625.00	0.00	0.00	240,625.00	0.00	0.00
2036	239,218.75	239,218.75	0.00	0.00	239,218.75	0.00	0.00
2037	242,393.75	242,393.75	0.00	0.00	242,393.75	0.00	0.00
2038	240,243.75	240,243.75	0.00	0.00	240,243.75	0.00	0.00
2039	242,931.25	242,931.25	0.00	0.00	242,931.25	0.00	0.00

(a) On July 21, 2015, the City issued its \$7,000,000 Safety Center Improvement Bonds, Series 2015 (the 2015 Bonds). The figures in this Table are as of December 31, 2014, and therefore do not reflect the issuance of the 2015 Bonds. See **Subsequent Events**.

DEBT TABLE D

Outstanding GO Bonds (as of December 31, 2014)^(a)

The following General Obligation (GO) Bonds are reflected in **Debt Tables A, B and C**.

General Obligation Bonds				
Issue	Date of Issuance	Final Maturity	Original Principal Amount	Outstanding Principal Amount
Various Purpose Improvement Bonds, Series 1995	9/21/95	2020	\$1,950,000	\$ 525,000
Special Assessment				
Property Owners' Portion			1,245,955	525,000
City Portion (Water System)			704,045	0
Street Improvement Bonds, Series 2007	9/27/07	2022	\$ 815,000	\$ 506,000
Special Assessment				
Property Owners' Portion			321,460	42,821
City Portion			493,540	157,179
Various Purpose Bonds, Series 2010	10/13/10	2030	\$7,975,000	\$5,825,000
Refunding of Municipal Building Debt			1,040,000	530,000
Refunding of Storm Drainage Debt			1,200,000	610,000
Refunding of Water System Debt			2,510,000	2,105,000
Special Assessment				
Property Owners' Portion			776,543	624,507
City Portion			2,448,457	1,955,493
Water System Improvement Bonds, Series 2014	6/24/14	2033	\$3,025,000	3,025,000
Sewerage System Improvement Bonds, Series 2014	10/30/14	2039	\$4,220,000	4,220,000

- (a) On July 21, 2015, the City issued its \$7,000,000 Safety Center Improvement Bonds, Series 2015 (the 2015 Bonds). The figures in this Table are as of December 31, 2014, and therefore do not reflect the issuance of the 2015 Bonds. See **Subsequent Events**.

APPENDIX A

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS OF WATER
POLLUTION CONTROL FUND 2010 THROUGH 2014,
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL FUND REVENUES,
EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS 2010 THROUGH 2014,
AND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL FUND
CASH FLOWS 2010 THROUGH 2014

City of Wooster, Ohio
Water Pollution Control Fund
Comparative Balance Sheets

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assets					
Current Assets					
Equity in city treasury cash	\$ 1,950,283	\$ 1,555,670	\$ 2,568,154	\$ 2,489,926	\$ 5,579,995
Receivables – net of allowances:					
Accounts	584,299	686,463	726,258	792,528	817,931
Accrued interest	45,210	32,614	33,767	33,781	35,598
Due from other governments	0	0	0	0	500,000
Inventory	9,698	7,439	7,131	7,131	8,646
Total Current Assets	\$ 2,589,490	\$ 2,282,186	\$ 3,335,310	\$ 3,323,366	\$ 6,942,170
Noncurrent assets					
Long term receivables	\$ 255,770	\$ 228,356	\$ 198,373	\$ 167,541	\$ 137,622
Net Capital Assets	30,496,512	29,444,045	28,016,881	27,278,974	27,623,401
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$30,752,282	\$29,672,401	\$28,215,254	\$27,446,515	\$27,761,023
Total Assets	\$33,341,772	\$31,954,587	\$31,550,564	\$30,769,881	\$34,703,193
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 498,082	\$ 120,053	\$ 270,221	\$ 155,300	\$ 210,110
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	237,980	67,628	65,501	57,644	71,026
Current portion of long term debt	930,888	900,961	927,551	954,257	1,110,963
Accrued interest payable	214,977	217,126	204,302	191,091	189,330
Accrued plant closure costs	0	0	0	0	0
Current portion of compensated absences	63,980	49,005	42,682	71,262	98,339
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 1,945,907	\$ 1,354,773	\$ 1,510,257	\$ 1,429,554	\$ 1,679,768
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Long term debt	\$16,445,690	\$16,366,789	\$15,459,236	\$14,504,980	\$17,738,389
Compensated absences	131,366	134,138	111,076	102,178	28,775
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$16,577,056	\$16,500,927	\$15,570,312	\$14,607,158	\$17,767,164
Total Liabilities	\$18,522,963	\$17,855,700	\$17,080,569	\$16,036,712	\$19,446,932
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$13,119,934	\$12,176,296	\$11,630,092	\$11,819,738	\$11,819,738
Restricted	0	0	0	0	0
Unrestricted	1,698,875	1,922,591	2,839,903	2,913,431	3,436,523
Total Net Assets	\$14,818,809	\$14,098,887	\$14,469,995	\$14,733,169	\$15,256,261
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$33,341,772	\$31,954,587	\$31,550,564	\$30,769,881	\$34,703,193

City of Wooster, Ohio
Water Pollution Control Fund
Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 4,416,124	\$ 4,906,467	\$ 6,085,102	\$ 5,866,394	\$ 6,155,144
Interfund services provided	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	27,176	104,300	62,306	48,863	60,310
Total operating revenues	\$ 4,443,300	\$ 5,010,767	\$ 6,147,408	\$ 5,915,257	\$ 6,215,454
Operating Expenses (Note A):					
Personal services	\$ 1,607,864	\$ 1,137,320	\$ 1,058,590	\$ 1,285,677	\$ 1,188,266
Operations and Maintenance	1,192,851	1,402,931	1,453,079	1,678,927	1,482,725
Depreciation	1,676,302	1,760,852	1,750,983	1,719,606	1,732,080
Interfund Services used	1,157,444	1,010,666	1,077,436	691,198	1,266,678
Total operating expenses	\$ 5,634,461	\$ 5,311,769	\$ 5,340,088	\$ 5,375,408	\$ 5,669,749
Operating income	\$ (1,191,161)	\$ (301,002)	\$ 807,320	\$ 539,849	\$ 545,705
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income and investment earnings	\$ 40,625	\$ 22,021	\$ 11,050	\$ 7,724	\$ 10,487
Other (net)	(43,606)	0	(21,058)	73,877	434,786
Interest expense	(450,465)	(454,322)	(426,204)	(399,580)	(463,035)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	\$ (453,446)	\$ (432,301)	\$ (436,212)	\$ (317,979)	\$ (17,762)
Income before contributions and transfers	\$ (1,644,607)	\$ (733,303)	\$ 371,108	\$ 221,870	\$ 527,943
Change in estimated plant closure cost	0	0	0	0	0
Premium on debt issuances	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers	(370,000)	0	0	0	(4,850)
Capital Contributions	394,613	13,381	0	41,304	0
Change in net assets	\$ (1,619,994)	\$ (719,922)	\$ 371,108	\$ 263,174	\$ 523,093
Total net assets at beginning of year	\$16,438,803	\$14,818,809	\$14,098,887	\$14,469,995	\$14,733,169
Total net assets at end of year	\$14,818,809	\$14,098,887	\$14,469,995	\$14,733,169	\$15,256,262

City of Wooster, Ohio
Water Pollution Control Fund
Comparative Statements of Cash Flows

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$ 4,301,354	\$ 4,831,717	\$ 6,075,290	\$ 5,830,956	\$ 5,659,658
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,916,596)	(2,789,367)	(2,380,039)	(2,485,046)	(2,696,105)
Cash paid to employees	(1,510,138)	(1,319,875)	(1,090,102)	(1,273,852)	(1,221,210)
Cash received from interfund services provided	0	0	0	0	0
Cash paid for internal services used	0	0	0	0	0
Other revenue (expense)	27,956	104,300	62,306	48,863	60,308
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 902,576	\$ 826,775	\$ 2,667,455	\$ 2,120,921	\$ 1,802,651
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Proceeds from capital debt	\$ 2,195,239	\$ 765,641	\$ 20,000	\$ 0	\$ 4,346,232
Loss on disposal of capital assets	0	0	0	0	0
Capital contributions	0	13,381	0	41,304	0
Proceeds from sale of assets	0	0	0	0	0
Purchases of capital assets	(2,805,701)	(708,384)	(345,117)	(981,699)	(2,076,508)
Principal paid on capital debt	(836,322)	(874,470)	(900,963)	(927,550)	(956,117)
Interest paid on capital debt	(463,784)	(452,173)	(439,028)	(412,791)	(464,796)
Net cash (used) for capital and related financing activities	\$ (1,910,568)	\$ (1,256,005)	\$ (1,665,108)	\$ (2,280,736)	\$ 848,811
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest and dividends	\$ 54,192	\$ 34,617	\$ 9,897	\$ 7,710	\$ 8,672
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$ 54,192	\$ 34,617	\$ 9,897	\$ 7,710	\$ 8,672
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:					
Insurance settlement proceeds	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Capital contributions	0	0	0	0	0
Premium on debt issuance	150,000	0	0	0	0
Other income	0	0	0	0	434,786
Transfer out	245,321	0	240	73,877	(4,850)
Payment to close previous Water Treatment Plant	(370,000)	0	0	0	0
Operating subsidies	0	0	0	0	0
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	25,321	0	240	73,877	429,936
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(928,479)	(394,613)	1,012,484	(78,228)	3,090,070
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	\$ 2,879,470	\$ 1,950,991	\$ 1,556,378	\$ 2,568,862	\$ 2,490,634
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,950,991	\$ 1,556,378	\$ 2,568,862	\$ 2,490,634	\$ 5,580,704
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets on account					
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used by) operating activities:					
Operating Income (loss)	\$ (1,190,381)	\$ (301,002)	\$ 807,320	\$ 539,849	\$ 545,703
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	1,676,302	1,760,852	1,750,983	1,719,606	1,732,080
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Receivables – net of allowances	(114,770)	(74,750)	(9,812)	(35,438)	4,514
Inventory	0	2,259	308	0	(1,515)
Compensated absences payable	(47,059)	(12,203)	(29,385)	19,682	(46,327)
Due from other governments	0	0	0	0	(500,000)
Prepaid expenses	0	0	0	0	0
Accounts and other payables	433,699	(378,029)	150,168	(114,921)	54,813
Accrued expenses	144,785	(170,352)	(2,127)	(7,857)	13,383
Net cash provided (used by) operating activities	\$ 902,576	\$ 826,775	\$ 2,667,455	\$ 2,120,921	\$ 1,802,651

APPENDIX B

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS OF GENERAL FUND 2010 THROUGH 2014 AND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES 2010 THROUGH 2013 AND UNAUDITED 2014

City of Wooster, Ohio
General Fund
Comparative Balance Sheets

	2010	2011	2012	2013	Unaudited 2014
Assets:					
Equity in city treasury cash	\$ 8,368,686	\$11,165,028	\$11,331,441	\$11,148,000	\$12,670,005
Taxes receivable	3,595,790	4,006,004	3,971,425	4,000,000	4,584,768
Accounts receivable	33,240	203,800	247,636	132,617	224,689
Due from other governments	1,198,962	1,452,398	716,997	600,000	456,087
Due from other funds	1,891,442	100,000	145,240	0	0
Accrued interest receivable	45,339	0	0	0	0
Inventory	56,834	53,953	55,429	55,429	55,045
Total assets	\$15,190,293	\$16,981,183	\$16,465,168	\$15,936,046	\$17,990,594
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 232,648	\$ 237,492	\$ 301,742	\$ 333,346	\$ 463,832
Accrued salaries, wages, and benefits	1,513,639	902,418	1,036,707	705,176	944,716
Compensated absences	0	0	0	0	0
Deferred revenue	3,911,779	4,250,323	3,757,106	3,500,000	3,900,997
Total liabilities	\$ 5,658,066	\$ 5,390,233	\$ 5,095,555	\$ 4,538,522	\$ 5,309,545
Fund balances:					
Reserved for encumbrances	\$ 2,347,652	\$ 2,702,135	\$ 2,532,598	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 2,418,632
Unreserved	7,184,575	8,888,815	8,837,015	8,997,525	10,262,417
Total fund balances	9,532,227	11,590,950	11,369,613(b)	11,397,525	12,681,049
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$15,190,293	\$16,981,183(a)	\$16,465,168	\$15,936,047	\$17,990,594

(a) Fund balance restated at January 1, 2012, to account for understatement of other liabilities and reclassification of Long Road TIF monies.

City of Wooster, Ohio
 General Fund
 Comparative Statements of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

	2010	2011	2012	2013	Unaudited 2014
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$11,295,605	\$12,382,087	\$13,463,255	\$12,778,836	\$16,712,690
Intergovernmental	1,559,899	1,685,562	1,098,338	984,024	886,532
Charges for Services	1,299,700	1,493,695	1,416,353	1,422,616	1,251,704
Fines, licenses, permits	481,874	609,103	536,585	690,121	875,647
Interfund services provided	1,762,497	1,508,293	1,478,817	1,462,850	1,799,216
Interest income	162,474	102,644	55,130	29,076	49,166
Miscellaneous	253,143	144,363	54,174	193,419	204,378
Total Revenues	\$16,815,192	\$17,925,747	\$18,102,652	\$17,560,942	\$21,779,333
Expenditures (Note A):					
Current operations:					
Safety services	\$10,639,592	\$ 9,486,771	\$ 9,900,809	\$9,693,955	\$10,260,748
Health services	140,185	139,670	137,140	132,418	132,785
Leisure services	1,793,052	1,365,853	1,364,780	1,249,335	1,548,370
Environment and development	889,444	782,950	810,295	881,227	848,599
Utility services	0	0	0	0	0
Transportation services	1,510,868	968,766	851,876	604,867	664,760
Administrative services	3,681,702	2,889,589	2,873,611	3,067,906	3,694,512
Capital expenditures	0	0	0	0	0
Debt service:					
Principal	123,621	133,621	138,622	133,621	134,311
Interest	28,169	25,854	20,312	17,713	15,213
Total Expenditures	\$18,806,633	\$15,793,074	\$16,097,445	\$15,781,042	\$17,299,298
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	\$(1,991,441)	\$ 2,132,673	\$ 2,005,207	\$ 1,779,900	\$ 4,480,035
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from debt issues	\$ 1,040,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Premium on issuance of debt	25,680	0	0	0	0
Payment to refund bond escrow agent	(1,050,223)	0	0	0	0
Transfers in	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers (out) (Note B)	(83,000)	(73,950)	(1,361,000)	(2,118,500)	(2,830,000)
Excess revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ (2,058,984)	\$ 2,058,723	\$ 644,207	\$ (338,600)	\$ 1,650,035
Fund balances at beginning of year as previously reported	\$11,591,211	\$ 9,532,227	\$11,590,950	\$12,235,157	\$11,896,557
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 9,532,227	\$11,590,950	\$12,235,157	\$11,896,557	\$13,546,592

Note A — All transfers from the General Fund are to the Capital Improvement Fund.

APPENDIX C

All Funds Summary 2014 (Cash Basis--Unaudited)

Fund	Beginning Balance	Receipts	Expenditures	Ending Balance
General	\$11,029,922.88	\$22,205,217.89	\$20,563,938.60	\$12,671,202.17
Street Construction Maintenance & Repair	1,262,302.22	1,287,540.83	2,148,893.56	400,949.49
State Highway	499,387.66	89,391.39	133,542.85	455,236.20
Permissive Tax	557,648.37	320,645.35	399,706.28	478,587.44
Enforcement and Education	54,663.05	2,761.23	20.17	57,404.11
Mandatory Drug Fines	26,265.27	10,459.11	2,228.15	34,496.23
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Community Development Block Grant	15,453.27	341,824.00	348,102.00	9,175.27
Economic Development	97,215.66	647,817.01	664,902.69	80,129.98
Law Enforcement Trust	40,015.76	170,620.74	10,795.48	199,841.02
Police Pension	92,249.81	204,733.76	238,921.89	58,061.68
Fire Pension	86,031.51	226,816.69	266,000.38	46,847.82
Federal Equitable Sharing	13,894.62	60.28	5.00	13,949.90
CDBG CHIP HOME RLF	16,195.67	9,280.10	1,528.74	23,947.03
Shade Tree Fund	1,895.31	7.03	1,890.50	11.84
Law Enforcement Training Fund	3,980.00	0.00	0.00	3,980.00
Lillian Long Estate	225.00	0.00	0.00	225.00
Christmas Run Park Restoration	28,355.93	122.89	10.20	28,468.62
Debt Service	1,289,305.63	873,669.09	856,013.66	1,306,961.06
Capital Improvements	1,129,242.58	5,905,625.42	5,448,642.12	1,586,225.88
Economic Development Capital Improvements	19,186.53	0.00	0.00	19,186.53
Beall Avenue Street Construction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
State Capital Grants	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Milltown Road Reconstruction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Water Fund	3,647,373.82	13,128,898.63	11,284,424.52	5,491,847.93
Water Pollution Control	2,248,519.42	10,748,606.50	7,412,209.70	5,584,916.22
Wooster Community Hospital	7,599,000.82	121,338,698.82	118,461,080.56	10,476,619.08
Wooster Community Hospital Plant	73,785,108.88	9,352,485.78	4,933,446.41	78,204,148.25
Wooster Community Hospital Beaverson EMS	244,870.79	101,148.19	64,115.66	281,903.32
Wooster Community Hospital Endowment	1,120,231.07	117,573.98	89,562.12	1,148,242.93
Storm Drainage	1,706,228.84	1,465,614.14	1,583,464.83	1,588,378.15
CDBG Economic Development Loan	7,214.45	7,245.15	3.57	14,456.03
CDBG Downtown Loan	15,762.10	68.29	5.67	15,824.72
Wooster Community Hospital Bevington	54.22	0.12	0.02	54.32
Refuse Collection	935,975.78	1,523,301.04	1,567,801.46	891,475.36
Garage (Internal Service)	322.32	473,130.65	441,308.84	32,144.13
Employee Benefits	663,019.34	2,404,220.32	2,743,323.21	323,916.45
Guarantee Deposit	210,195.90	20,946.36	29,513.33	201,628.93
Clearing	838.53	678,236.87	663,937.30	15,138.10
Recreation Supplement	7,182.40	0.75	0.00	7,183.15
Wooster Growth Corporation	706,214.30	732,905.30	586,068.03	853,051.57
Totals	\$109,161,549.71	\$194,389,673.70	\$180,945,407.50	\$122,605,815.91

APPENDIX D

**Basic Financial Statements
from the City's Financial Report for Fiscal Year 2013 (Audited)**



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

City Council
City of Wooster
538 N. Market Street
Wooster, Ohio 44691

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Wooster, Wayne County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Wooster is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

August 27, 2014

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June 27, 2014

To Members of Council and Management
City of Wooster
Wayne County, Ohio
538 North Market Street
Wooster, OH 44691

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wooster, Wayne County, Ohio, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wooster, Wayne County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5–18 and 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2014 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hea & Associates, Inc.

Medina, Ohio

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**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2013**

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Equity in city treasury cash	\$ 16,983,226	\$ 91,380,534	\$ 108,363,760
Net receivables	8,894,703	22,623,088	31,517,791
Inventory	226,973	1,928,133	2,155,106
Prepaid expenses	0	1,153,759	1,153,759
Total current assets	<u>26,104,902</u>	<u>117,085,514</u>	<u>143,190,416</u>
Noncurrent assets			
Net receivables	2,161,919	167,541	2,329,460
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Land	4,408,589	8,137,848	12,546,437
Buildings	1,961,061	53,072,580	55,033,641
Improvements/Infrastructure	38,772,510	54,507,441	93,279,951
Equipment	2,828,091	15,281,482	18,109,573
Construction in progress	850,008	915,918	1,765,926
Net capital assets	<u>48,820,259</u>	<u>131,915,269</u>	<u>180,735,528</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>50,982,178</u>	<u>132,082,810</u>	<u>183,064,988</u>
Total assets	<u>77,087,080</u>	<u>249,168,324</u>	<u>326,255,404</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,115,940	3,894,949	5,010,889
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	728,957	4,992,671	5,721,628
Other accrued liabilities	164,946	2,389,300	2,554,246
Compensated absences, current	517,995	2,869,752	3,387,747
Current portion of long term bonds	280,196	336,834	617,030
Current portion special assessment debt with governmental commitment	96,615	0	96,615
Current portion long term loans	18,161	1,140,405	1,158,566
Total current liabilities	<u>2,922,810</u>	<u>15,623,911</u>	<u>18,546,721</u>
Noncurrent liabilities			
Bonds	2,510,678	3,891,769	6,402,447
Special assessment debt with governmental commitment	460,090	0	460,090
Loans	90,089	17,966,022	18,056,111
Compensated absences	1,437,344	1,476,148	2,913,492
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>4,498,201</u>	<u>23,333,939</u>	<u>27,832,140</u>
Total liabilities	<u>7,421,011</u>	<u>38,957,850</u>	<u>46,378,861</u>
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes levied for the next year	1,909,656	0	1,909,656
Total deferred inflow of resources	<u>1,909,656</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,909,656</u>
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in capital assets	45,364,428	108,580,240	153,944,668
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	1,266,668	0	1,266,668
Debt service	3,942,032	0	3,942,032
Street construction and maintenance	1,385,091	0	1,385,091
Public works projects	1,536,608	0	1,536,608
Economic development projects	602,945	0	602,945
Restricted by donors	0	1,936,441	1,936,441
Other purposes	379,198	0	379,198
Unrestricted	13,279,443	99,693,793	112,973,236
Total net position	<u>\$ 67,756,413</u>	<u>\$ 210,210,474</u>	<u>\$ 277,966,887</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Indirect Expense Allocation	Program Revenues		
			Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary government					
Governmental activities:					
Safety services	\$ 10,779,964	\$ 1,269,048	\$ 938,998	\$ 38,820	\$ 54,626
Health and social services	133,051	0	0	0	0
Leisure services	1,398,425	309,688	336,176	958	0
Environment and development	1,208,842	25,214	309,913	204,086	200,475
Transportation services	3,300,856	239,895	125,912	1,439,726	2,965,815
Administrative services	3,565,188	(2,922,432)	278,657	7,726	0
Central services	243,734	(379,958)	0	0	0
Interest expense	126,052	0	0	0	0
Total governmental activities	<u>20,756,112</u>	<u>(1,458,545)</u>	<u>1,989,656</u>	<u>1,691,316</u>	<u>3,220,916</u>
Business-type activities:					
Wooster Community Hospital	117,406,593	0	118,673,639	165,870	0
Water	5,458,726	730,592	5,262,795	0	322,730
Water pollution control	4,342,799	691,198	5,866,394	0	41,304
Storm drainage	673,190	36,755	1,395,917	0	0
Refuse collection	1,227,129	0	1,458,760	57,260	0
Total business-type activities	<u>129,108,437</u>	<u>1,458,545</u>	<u>132,657,505</u>	<u>223,130</u>	<u>364,034</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 149,864,549</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 134,647,161</u>	<u>\$ 1,914,446</u>	<u>\$ 3,584,950</u>

General revenues:

Taxes:

- City income taxes
- Property taxes
- Estate taxes
- Other taxes

Grants and contributions, not restricted

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position -- beginning of year

Net position -- end of year

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Primary Government		
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (11,016,568)	\$ 0	\$ (11,016,568)
(133,051)	0	(133,051)
(1,370,979)	0	(1,370,979)
(519,582)	0	(519,582)
990,702	0	990,702
(356,373)	0	(356,373)
136,224	0	136,224
(126,052)	0	(126,052)
<u>(12,395,679)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(12,395,679)</u>
0	1,432,916	1,432,916
0	(603,793)	(603,793)
0	873,701	873,701
0	685,972	685,972
0	288,891	288,891
<u>0</u>	<u>2,677,687</u>	<u>2,677,687</u>
<u>(12,395,679)</u>	<u>2,677,687</u>	<u>(9,717,992)</u>
10,600,882	0	10,600,882
1,968,960	0	1,968,960
453,091	0	453,091
243,740	0	243,740
978,206	0	978,206
91,080	210,747	301,827
637,621	304,905	942,526
<u>14,973,580</u>	<u>515,652</u>	<u>15,489,232</u>
2,577,901	3,193,339	5,771,240
<u>65,178,512</u>	<u>207,017,135</u>	<u>272,195,647</u>
<u>\$ 67,756,413</u>	<u>\$ 210,210,474</u>	<u>\$ 277,966,887</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2013**

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:					
Equity in city treasury cash	\$ 11,026,968	\$ 1,088,190	\$ 1,129,019	\$ 3,024,524	\$ 16,268,701
Taxes receivable	4,011,852	0	0	296,570	4,308,422
Accounts receivable	241,928	0	0	11,540	253,468
Due from other governments	564,164	0	2,846,901	668,889	4,079,954
Due from other funds	29,787	0	0	0	29,787
Accrued interest receivable	0	0	0	1,958	1,958
Inventory	55,045	0	0	171,928	226,973
Long term receivables	0	0	0	62,717	62,717
Special assessments receivable	0	2,339,708	10,137	0	2,349,845
Total assets	<u>\$ 15,929,744</u>	<u>\$ 3,427,898</u>	<u>\$ 3,986,057</u>	<u>\$ 4,238,126</u>	<u>\$ 27,581,825</u>
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 333,345	\$ 0	\$ 489,670	\$ 201,414	\$ 1,024,429
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	705,176	0	0	8,742	713,918
Due to other funds	0	0	0	29,787	29,787
Total liabilities	<u>1,038,521</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>489,670</u>	<u>239,943</u>	<u>1,768,134</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property taxes levied for the next year	1,636,061	0	0	273,595	1,909,656
Unavailable revenue	2,224,149	2,339,708	2,857,038	583,534	8,004,429
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>3,860,210</u>	<u>2,339,708</u>	<u>2,857,038</u>	<u>857,129</u>	<u>9,914,085</u>
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	55,045	0	0	171,928	226,973
Restricted	0	1,088,190	0	2,668,679	3,756,869
Committed	0	0	0	342,687	342,687
Assigned	2,355,408	0	639,349	0	2,994,757
Unassigned	8,620,560	0	0	(42,240)	8,578,320
Total fund balances	<u>11,031,013</u>	<u>1,088,190</u>	<u>639,349</u>	<u>3,141,054</u>	<u>15,899,606</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$ 15,929,744</u>	<u>\$ 3,427,898</u>	<u>\$ 3,986,057</u>	<u>\$ 4,238,126</u>	<u>\$ 27,581,825</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES
TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Total Governmental Fund Balances \$ 15,899,606

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.** 48,816,428

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.

Special assessments receivable	\$ 2,349,845	
Delinquent property taxes receivable	110,453	
Due from other governments	3,900,516	
Accounts receivable	38,461	
Income tax receivable	<u>1,605,154</u>	8,004,429

Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:

Special assessment debt	(556,705)	
General obligation bonds	(2,790,874)	
Long term loans	(108,250)	
Compensated absences payable*	(1,929,848)	
Interest payable	<u>(8,240)</u>	(5,393,917)

Internal service fund is used to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.

418,183

Internal service fund costs spread to other governmental funds should not be included in net position.

11,684

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 67,756,413

*Excludes \$25,491 reported in Internal Service Funds.

**Excludes \$3,831 reported in Internal Service Funds.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 12,778,836	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 391,527	\$ 13,170,363
Intergovernmental	984,024	0	467,387	1,798,318	3,249,729
Charges for services	1,422,616	0	0	88	1,422,704
Special assessments	0	192,794	0	200,475	393,269
Fines, licenses, permits	690,121	0	0	12,519	702,640
Interfund services provided	1,462,850	0	0	0	1,462,850
Interest income	29,076	3,050	692	6,553	39,371
Miscellaneous	193,419	0	36,267	60,622	290,308
Total Revenues	<u>17,560,942</u>	<u>195,844</u>	<u>504,346</u>	<u>2,470,102</u>	<u>20,731,234</u>
Expenditures:					
Current operations :					
Safety services	9,693,955	0	0	444,931	10,138,886
Health and social services	132,418	0	0	0	132,418
Leisure services	1,249,335	0	0	0	1,249,335
Environment and development	881,227	0	0	329,894	1,211,121
Transportation services	604,867	2,752	0	804,922	1,412,541
Administrative services	3,067,906	0	0	0	3,067,906
Capital expenditures	0	0	2,109,791	735,579	2,845,370
Debt service :					
Principal	133,621	129,632	0	123,214	386,467
Interest	17,713	55,725	0	52,615	126,053
Total Expenditures	<u>15,781,042</u>	<u>188,109</u>	<u>2,109,791</u>	<u>2,491,155</u>	<u>20,570,097</u>
Excess revenues over(under) expenditures	<u>1,779,900</u>	<u>7,735</u>	<u>(1,605,445)</u>	<u>(21,053)</u>	<u>161,137</u>
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	0	0	2,118,500	0	2,118,500
Transfers (out)	(2,118,500)	0	0	0	(2,118,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(2,118,500)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,118,500</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Net changes in fund balances	(338,600)	7,735	513,055	(21,053)	161,137
Fund balances at beginning of year	<u>11,369,613</u>	<u>1,080,455</u>	<u>126,294</u>	<u>3,162,107</u>	<u>15,738,469</u>
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ 11,031,013</u>	<u>\$ 1,088,190</u>	<u>\$ 639,349</u>	<u>\$ 3,141,054</u>	<u>\$ 15,899,606</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$ 161,137

*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
statement of activities are different because:*

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures;
however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as
depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciaton
exceeded capital asset additions in the current period:

Capital Asset Additions	\$ 2,845,369	
Current Year Depreciation	<u>(2,876,806) *</u>	
Total		(31,437)

Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the
extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of
activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.

(2,214)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide
current financial resources are not reported as revenues
in the funds:

Taxes	268,495	
Due from other governments	1,536,532	
Accounts	(61,314)	
Special assessment	<u>491,423</u>	
Total		2,235,136

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not
require the use of current financial resources and therefore
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Decrease in bonds and loans payable	386,467	
Decrease in compensated absences	(112,512) **	
Decrease in accrued interest payable	<u>2,152</u>	
Total		276,107

The internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of
insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide
statements of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related
internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue
(expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the
governmental activities.

(60,828)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 2,577,901

*\$430 depreciation for Internal Service fund not included

**Excludes a decrease of \$17,269 reported in the Internal Service Fund

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2013**

	Business-type Activities		
	Wooster Community Hospital	Water	Water Pollution Control
Assets			
Current assets			
Equity in city treasury cash	\$ 82,716,194	\$ 3,543,156	\$ 2,489,926
Receivables - net of allowances:			
Accounts	20,562,578	762,439	792,528
Accrued interest	65,108	39,321	33,781
Due from other governments	0	0	0
Inventory	1,795,035	93,326	7,131
Prepaid expenses	1,153,759	0	0
Total current assets	<u>106,292,674</u>	<u>4,438,242</u>	<u>3,323,366</u>
Noncurrent assets			
Long term receivables	0	0	167,541
Net capital assets	<u>70,075,872</u>	<u>24,811,502</u>	<u>27,278,974</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>70,075,872</u>	<u>24,811,502</u>	<u>27,446,515</u>
Total Assets	<u>176,368,546</u>	<u>29,249,744</u>	<u>30,769,881</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	3,085,225	330,619	155,300
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	4,828,156	91,755	57,644
Other accrued liabilities	2,140,778	0	0
Interest payable	0	55,949	191,091
Current portion of long term debt	0	347,756	954,257
Current portion of compensated absences	2,727,047	67,261	71,262
Total current liabilities	<u>12,781,206</u>	<u>893,340</u>	<u>1,429,554</u>
Long term liabilities			
Long term debt	0	6,318,349	14,504,980
Compensated absences	1,190,338	173,989	102,178
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>1,190,338</u>	<u>6,492,338</u>	<u>14,607,158</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>13,971,544</u>	<u>7,385,678</u>	<u>16,036,712</u>
Net Position			
Net Invested in Capital Assets	70,075,872	18,145,397	11,819,738
Restricted by Donors	1,936,441	0	0
Unrestricted	90,384,689	3,718,669	2,913,431
Total net position	<u>\$ 162,397,002</u>	<u>\$ 21,864,066</u>	<u>\$ 14,733,169</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Business-type Activities			Governmental Activities
Storm Drainage	Refuse	Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$ 1,708,019	\$ 923,239	\$ 91,380,534	\$ 702,845
166,340	183,005	22,466,890	0
1,899	919	141,028	249
0	15,170	15,170	0
32,641	0	1,928,133	0
0	0	1,153,759	0
<u>1,908,899</u>	<u>1,122,333</u>	<u>117,085,514</u>	<u>703,094</u>
0	0	167,541	0
<u>9,748,921</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>131,915,269</u>	<u>3,831</u>
<u>9,748,921</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>132,082,810</u>	<u>3,831</u>
<u>11,657,820</u>	<u>1,122,333</u>	<u>249,168,324</u>	<u>706,925</u>
100,651	223,154	3,894,949	91,507
15,116	0	4,992,671	15,038
0	0	2,140,778	156,706
1,482	0	248,522	0
175,226	0	1,477,239	0
4,182	0	2,869,752	6,923
<u>296,657</u>	<u>223,154</u>	<u>15,623,911</u>	<u>270,174</u>
1,034,462	0	21,857,791	0
9,643	0	1,476,148	18,568
<u>1,044,105</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>23,333,939</u>	<u>18,568</u>
<u>1,340,762</u>	<u>223,154</u>	<u>38,957,850</u>	<u>288,742</u>
8,539,233	0	108,580,240	3,831
0	0	1,936,441	0
<u>1,777,825</u>	<u>899,179</u>	<u>99,693,793</u>	<u>414,352</u>
<u>\$ 10,317,058</u>	<u>\$ 899,179</u>	<u>\$ 210,210,474</u>	<u>\$ 418,183</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

	Business-type Activities		
	Wooster Community Hospital	Water	Water Pollution Control
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 118,673,639	\$ 5,262,795	\$ 5,866,394
Interfund services provided	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	0	164,050	48,863
Total operating revenues	<u>118,673,639</u>	<u>5,426,845</u>	<u>5,915,257</u>
Operating expenses:			
Personal services	75,545,375	1,240,019	1,285,677
Operations and maintenance	34,459,841	2,053,005	1,678,927
Depreciation	7,401,377	1,043,115	1,719,606
Interfund services used	0	730,592	691,198
Total operating expenses	<u>117,406,593</u>	<u>5,066,731</u>	<u>5,375,408</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>1,267,046</u>	<u>360,114</u>	<u>539,849</u>
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
Interest & investment earnings	188,668	8,366	7,724
Grants	165,870	0	0
Miscellaneous non-operating revenue	0	4,993	73,877
Interest expense	0	(202,963)	(399,580)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	<u>354,538</u>	<u>(189,604)</u>	<u>(317,979)</u>
Income (loss) before capital contributions	1,621,584	170,510	221,870
Capital contributions	<u>0</u>	<u>322,730</u>	<u>41,304</u>
Change in net position	1,621,584	493,240	263,174
Total net position at beginning of year	<u>160,775,418</u>	<u>21,370,826</u>	<u>14,469,995</u>
Total net position at end of year	<u>\$ 162,397,002</u>	<u>\$ 21,864,066</u>	<u>\$ 14,733,169</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Business-type Activities			Governmental Activities
Storm Drainage	Refuse	Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$ 1,395,917	\$ 1,458,760	\$ 132,657,505	\$ 2,239,202
0	0	0	206,335
6,778	6,344	226,035	0
<u>1,402,695</u>	<u>1,465,104</u>	<u>132,883,540</u>	<u>2,445,537</u>
245,316	47,948	78,364,335	2,385,439
193,428	1,268,498	39,653,699	172,894
303,516	0	10,467,614	430
36,755	0	1,458,545	0
<u>779,015</u>	<u>1,316,446</u>	<u>129,944,193</u>	<u>2,558,763</u>
<u>623,680</u>	<u>148,658</u>	<u>2,939,347</u>	<u>(113,226)</u>
3,886	2,103	210,747	51,710
0	57,260	223,130	0
0	0	78,870	688
(20,246)	0	(622,789)	0
<u>(16,360)</u>	<u>59,363</u>	<u>(110,042)</u>	<u>52,398</u>
607,320	208,021	2,829,305	(60,828)
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>364,034</u>	<u>0</u>
607,320	208,021	3,193,339	(60,828)
<u>9,709,738</u>	<u>691,158</u>	<u>207,017,135</u>	<u>479,011</u>
<u>\$ 10,317,058</u>	<u>\$ 899,179</u>	<u>\$ 210,210,474</u>	<u>\$ 418,183</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

	Business-type Activities		
	Wooster Community Hospital	Water	Water Pollution Control
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 110,445,533	\$ 5,192,995	\$ 5,830,956
Cash paid to suppliers	(32,988,414)	(2,787,689)	(2,485,046)
Cash paid to employees	(75,227,877)	(1,245,971)	(1,273,852)
Cash received from interfund services provided	0	0	0
Other revenue (expense)	0	164,050	48,863
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>2,229,242</u>	<u>1,323,385</u>	<u>2,120,921</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Capital contributions received	19,723	322,730	41,304
Proceeds from debt	0	0	0
Proceeds from sale of assets	0	0	0
Acquisitions of capital assets	(8,052,428)	(1,436,926)	(981,699)
Principal paid on capital debt	0	(340,707)	(927,550)
Interest paid on capital debt	0	(203,946)	(412,791)
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing activities	<u>(8,032,705)</u>	<u>(1,658,849)</u>	<u>(2,280,736)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest from investments	206,174	9,296	7,710
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>206,174</u>	<u>9,296</u>	<u>7,710</u>
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Grants	0	0	0
Non-operating subsidies	146,147	0	0
Other income	0	4,993	73,877
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	<u>146,147</u>	<u>4,993</u>	<u>73,877</u>
Net increase (decrease) in city treasury cash	(5,451,142)	(321,175)	(78,228)
Equity in city treasury cash at beginning of year	88,167,336	3,864,331	2,568,154
Equity in city treasury cash at end of year	<u>\$ 82,716,194</u>	<u>\$ 3,543,156</u>	<u>\$ 2,489,926</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,267,046	\$ 360,114	\$ 539,849
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	7,401,377	1,043,115	1,719,606
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables - net of allowances	(3,896,751)	(69,800)	(35,438)
Inventory	(86,019)	(20,967)	0
Prepaid expenses	(54,798)	0	0
Accounts and other payables	(1,678,833)	16,875	(114,921)
Accrued wages	111,524	(52,070)	(7,857)
Compensated absences payable	205,974	46,118	19,682
Other accrued liabilities	(1,040,278)	0	0
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 2,229,242</u>	<u>\$ 1,323,385</u>	<u>\$ 2,120,921</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Business-type Activities			Governmental Activities
Storm Drainage	Refuse	Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$ 1,379,831	\$ 1,460,031	\$ 124,309,346	\$ 2,239,202
(247,839)	(1,268,218)	(39,777,206)	(2,499,167)
(248,075)	(47,948)	(78,043,723)	(86,019)
0	0	0	206,335
6,778	6,344	226,035	0
<u>890,695</u>	<u>150,209</u>	<u>6,714,452</u>	<u>(139,649)</u>
0	0	383,757	0
193,622	0	193,622	0
0	0	0	0
(514,659)	0	(10,985,712)	0
(170,385)	0	(1,438,642)	0
(20,500)	0	(637,237)	0
<u>(511,922)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(12,484,212)</u>	<u>0</u>
3,875	2,090	229,145	51,710
<u>3,875</u>	<u>2,090</u>	<u>229,145</u>	<u>51,710</u>
0	57,260	57,260	0
0	0	146,147	0
0	0	78,870	688
<u>0</u>	<u>57,260</u>	<u>282,277</u>	<u>688</u>
382,648	209,559	(5,258,338)	(87,251)
1,325,371	713,680	96,638,872	790,096
<u>\$ 1,708,019</u>	<u>\$ 923,239</u>	<u>\$ 91,380,534</u>	<u>\$ 702,845</u>
\$ 623,680	\$ 148,658	\$ 2,939,347	\$ (113,226)
303,516	0	10,467,614	430
(16,086)	1,271	(4,016,804)	(249)
0	0	(106,986)	0
0	0	(54,798)	0
(17,656)	280	(1,794,255)	28,392
(4,255)	0	47,342	(180)
1,496	0	273,270	(17,269)
0	0	(1,040,278)	(37,547)
<u>\$ 890,695</u>	<u>\$ 150,209</u>	<u>\$ 6,714,452</u>	<u>\$ (139,649)</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
AGENCY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2013**

	Total Agency Funds
Assets:	
Equity in city treasury cash	\$ 922,665
Total assets	<u>\$ 922,665</u>
Liabilities:	
Due to agency recipient	\$ 922,665
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 922,665</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

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**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Wooster (City) was incorporated on October 13, 1817 under the laws of the State of Ohio. In 1973 a voter-approved charter became effective. The City provides various services and consists of many different activities and smaller accounting entities. These include a community hospital, an economic development loan program, a police force, a fire fighting and prevention force, a water treatment plant, a sewage treatment plant, a storm water drainage system, a traffic control system, street lighting, a street maintenance force (including construction, repair, and snow and ice removal), a parks and recreation system, a community center, rubbish collection and recycling service, and staff to provide the necessary support to these service providers. All are responsible to the citizens of Wooster and are; therefore, included within the reporting entity.

The criteria used to determine which accounting entities, agencies, commissions, boards and authorities are part of the City's operations include how the budget is adopted, whether debt is secured by general obligations of the City, the City's duty to cover any deficits that may occur, and supervision over the accounting functions. There are no agencies, organizations or activities meeting any of the above criteria that are excluded from the City reporting entity.

Joint Venture

Wooster-Ashland Regional Council of Governments (COG) In 2013, the City of Wooster and the City of Ashland established a COG, which is a statutorily created political subdivision of the State for the purpose of planning for, creating, and operating a joint dispatching system for police, fire, Emergency Medical Services (EMS), and other related public safety services within the COG area. The COG also exists to provide a link between said dispatching systems and the State emergency management services platform. The COG is jointly governed by the City of Wooster and the City of Ashland. The initial Board of Directors shall be made up of seven (7) individuals, four of which will be from or appointed by the City of Wooster, including one elected official. Each member's control over the operation of the Council is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board exercises total authority over the operation of the COG including budgeting, appropriation, contracting, and designating management. Continued existence of the COG is dependent on the City's continued participation. There was no financial activity for the COG in 2013.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The City's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories and seven generic fund types for financial statement presentation purposes. Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds and an internal service fund. The City has three fiduciary agency funds.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Basis of Accounting

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges for support. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid “doubling up” revenues and expenses. Fiduciary funds are also excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. The primary effect of the internal service fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Other activities from interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses for centralized services and administrative overhead are allocated among the programs, functions and segments using a full cost allocation approach and are presented separately to enhance comparability of direct expenses between governments that allocate direct expenses and those that do not. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on their use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

All governmental funds are accounted for using modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

The major governmental funds are:

- General Fund – This is the City’s primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Debt Service Fund – To accumulate special assessment revenues collected by the County Treasurer and remitted to the City by the County Auditor for payment of special assessment principal and interest. These debt issues were sold to finance construction of various projects that were deemed to benefit only those residents in the immediate area of the projects and are paid for by those residents through assessments against their property.
- Capital Improvement Fund – To account for various capital projects financed by general fund revenues.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources.

Revenue Recognition

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available (i.e., collectible within the current year or within one month of year-end and available to pay obligations of the current period). These revenues include investment earnings, income taxes withheld by employers, estate taxes, and fines and forfeitures. In accordance with GASB 36, certain state-levied locally shared taxes including motor vehicle license tax and gasoline taxes are considered voluntary non-exchange transactions. These types of transactions are subject to six months accrual and income recognition. Reimbursements due for federally funded projects are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
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Property taxes and special assessments (in the debt service funds), though measurable, are not available soon enough in the subsequent year to finance current period obligations. Therefore, property tax and special assessment receivables are recorded and deferred outflows of resources until they become available.

Other revenues, including licenses and permits, certain charges for services, income taxes other than those withheld by employers and miscellaneous revenues, are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City does not have any deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2013, but which were levied to finance year 2014 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, homestead and rollback, income taxes, estate taxes and intergovernmental local, state monies and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. Unbilled utility and hospital service receivables are recorded at each year-end.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of all the City's enterprise funds and internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The major proprietary funds are:

- Wooster Community Hospital Fund – To account for the health care services provided by the City owned and operated hospital.
- Water Fund – To account for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residential and commercial users of the City and some residents of the county.
- Water Pollution Control Fund – To account for sanitary sewer services provided to the residential and commercial users of the City and some residents of the county.
- Storm Drainage Fund – To account for the storm drainage runoff service provided to the residential and commercial users of the City.
- Refuse Fund – To account for trash collection services provided to the residential and some commercial users of the City.

The City has three internal service funds:

- Municipal Garage – To account for the costs of maintaining automotive equipment used by various City departments. Costs are billed to the departments for labor and materials at actual cost with the elimination of the effect of internal service fund activity adjusted to break even.
- Employee Benefits Fund - To account for all claims filed against and paid by the city (as the employer) under the city's self-funded program of group health insurance.
- Investment Fund – To accumulate interest earnings from certain pooled investments and to pay expenses incurred in the handling of fiscal matters with third parties until such time as the net proceeds can be distributed to the other funds.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The City currently has three agency fiduciary funds. Agency funds are unlike all other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities; therefore, agency funds cannot be said to have a measurement focus. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. The following three funds are used by the City to account for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity:

- The Wooster Growth Corporation Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the City's community improvement corporation.
- The Guaranteed Deposits Fund is used to hold funds received from a contractor, developer, or individual to insure compliance with City ordinances through the completion of a construction or development project. Upon project completion, the deposit is returned to the party, less any applicable inspection fees.
- The Clearing Fund is used to hold monies received for bid bonds or proceeds on behalf of certain individuals, as well as any unclaimed checks of the municipality. Insurance premiums for retired employees or spouses participating in the City's group health insurance program are also reimbursed and paid from this fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in City Treasury Cash."

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments" was implemented during 1997. In accordance with this statement, investments held at December 31, 2013 with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures" was implemented during 2004. This statement addresses common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. The City of Wooster's policy is to invest public funds in a manner which protects the citizens and the investors from a loss of principal while attaining a competitively high rate of return on investment.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

The portfolio is continuously analyzed to attain the following objectives:

- A. Preserve capital and protect investment principal in conformance with federal, state and local requirements.
- B. Maintain sufficient liquidity to meet operating requirements.
- C. Diversify the portfolio to avoid incurring unreasonable risks regarding specific security type or Individual financial institutions.
- D. Attain a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles.
- E. Protect the principal of lenders.
- F. Encourage community growth.

Receivables

Hospital Fund accounts receivable is stated at billed charges less the difference between billed charges and the amount payable under third-party payor contractual agreements, and net of allowance for doubtful accounts. The \$12,832,158 allowance for uncollectibles represents estimates of uncollectible patient receivables in the accounts (user charge) classification and third party contractual adjustments for hospital fund receivables.

Other receivables at December 31, 2013 consist of property tax, income taxes withheld by employers, accounts (billings for user charged services, including utility services), due from other governments, due from other funds, special assessments, and accrued interest on investments. Taxes, special assessments, utility charges and accrued interest are deemed collectible in full.

Receivables not expected to be collected within the subsequent year include deferred special assessments receivable in the Debt Service fund, and long-term receivables in the Water Pollution Control and Economic/Downtown Development Loan funds.

Reimbursements

Wooster Community Hospital Fund net operating revenues include amounts received or receivable from Medicare, Medicaid, and other third party payors under the provisions of reimbursement agreements. Inpatient services rendered to Medicare and Medicaid program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid based on a combination of fee schedules, prospectively determined rates and a cost reimbursement methodology. Outpatient services rendered to the Medicaid program beneficiaries are generally paid based on fee schedules and prospectively determined rates.

Other third party payors may provide for payments at amounts different from established rates. Payment arrangements may include prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounted charges and per diem payments.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Wooster Community Hospital accepts all patients, regardless of their ability to pay. Care is provided without charge, or at amounts less than established rates, to patients who meet certain criteria under a charity care policy. Wooster Community Hospital provided \$4,503,071 in charity care in 2013.

Inventory of Supplies

Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types and expenses in the proprietary fund types when used.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the City as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. The minimum capitalization threshold is any individual item with a total cost greater than \$5,000.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Buildings/interior: 5-50 years

Improvements/Infrastructure: streets 10-50 years; land improvements 10-20 years; water, sewer, storm lines 50 years

Equipment: vehicles 2-6 years; other moveable equipment 10-15 years; fire equipment 12 years.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", the City classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the City Council. The City has by resolution authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance. The City may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year’s appropriated budget.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Unpaid Compensated Absences

The City accrues unused portions of vacation pay in the period the liability is incurred. As permitted by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, the vesting method is used to accrue sick leave liability. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at year-end by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible to receive such payments. Even though the City has appropriated, accumulated and earmarked expendable available fund resources for these amounts, the portion not normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is not reported as a fund liability in accordance with Interpretation No. 6 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board – “Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements.”

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include parks and recreation, hospital levy, and law enforcement and fire department operations.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTE 2 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budget Requirements, Accounting, and Reporting

Requirements for all funds:

- A. Annual budgets are adopted for all City funds. Under state law, the Mayor submits an annual budget (a preliminary financial plan often referred to as the 'tax budget') to Council for consideration and approval no later than July 15. Such budget is based on expected expenditures by program within a fund and estimated resources by source for all funds.
- B. By Charter the Mayor must submit an annual appropriation ordinance to City Council. This ordinance builds upon the tax budget of the previous July and is updated for any estimate revisions as well as year-end encumbrances and may include any additional information requested by Council. Council may subsequently amend such ordinance. Amendments to the appropriation ordinance during 2013 were approved by City Council as provided by the Charter.
- C. For day-to-day management control, expenditures plus encumbrances may not exceed budget at the expenditure-type (i.e., personal services, operations and maintenance, capital, etc.) level of each cost center (activity within a program within a fund). The Mayor may transfer unencumbered appropriations within programs within funds.
- D. Appropriation control (City Council appropriated budget) is at the object level (personal services and other) by program (i.e., safety, leisure, health, etc.) within a fund. City Council may, by ordinance, transfer amounts among programs within and between funds. Budgetary comparison schedules are presented in the Supplemental Section as Required Supplemental Information. The budgetary basis is the modified accrual basis of accounting with encumbrances included as actual.
- E. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the City had appropriations in excess of total estimated revenues available in the Capital Improvement Fund and Lillian Long Estate Fund in the amount of \$706,592 and \$9,288, respectively. The City will monitor future budgets and make necessary adjustments.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

The Community Development Block Grant Fund had a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$42,240. The deficit in the non-major governmental fund resulted from the timing of disbursements for grant expenditures. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide transfers when cash is required.

NOTE 3 – INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS

Purpose	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Due to/from:			
Advance in anticipation of grant receipts	General	Nonmajor governmental fund	\$ 29,787

During the year, the general fund transferred \$2,118,500 to the capital improvements fund to provide capital funding.

NOTE 4 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the City has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, “The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34,” GASB Statement No. 65, “Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,” and GASB Statement No. 66, “Technical Corrections—2012—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62.”

GASB Statement No. 61 improves guidance for including, presenting and disclosing information about component units and equity interest transactions of a financial reporting entity. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 65 properly classifies certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or recognizes certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues). These changes were incorporated in the City’s 2013 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 66 resolves conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting and thereby enhance the usefulness of the financial reports. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Policies and Practices

The City's Charter specifies that the Director of Finance is responsible for selecting depositories and investing idle funds. The Director of Finance also has the authority to choose the types of deposits and investments made by the City. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation provides protection of City cash and investments as well as qualified pledged or pooled securities by the institutions holding the assets. The various institutions, or their trustees, including the Federal Home Loan Bank and the Federal Reserve Bank hold such collateral. The City does not enter into reverse repurchase agreements.

The City pools all individual fund cash balances. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the statements of net position or balance sheets as 'Equity in city treasury cash'. Income is distributed to the funds based on contribution to the pool.

Investment securities purchased by the City will be delivered by either book entry or physical delivery. The purchase and sale of all securities may be on a delivery versus payment basis. The primary agent shall issue a safekeeping receipt to the City listing the specific instrument, rate, maturity and other pertinent information. Deposit type securities (i.e., certificates of deposit) shall be collateralized as required by ORC for any amount exceeding FDIC or FSLIC coverage. Other investments shall be collateralized by the actual security held in safekeeping by the primary agent.

The City will diversify the portfolio to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions or maturities. Diversification by instrument and the percentage of portfolio cannot exceed the following:

- A. U.S. Treasury Obligations (bills, notes and bonds), 100%.
- B. U.S. Government Agency Securities and Instrumentality's of Government Sponsored Corporations, 100%.
- C. Certificates of Deposit (collateralized), 100%.
- D. Commercial paper notes, 25%.
 - 1. Notes must be rated at time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two standard rating services.
 - 2. Aggregate value of the note does not exceed 10% of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation.
 - 3. Notes mature no later than 180 days after purchase.
- E. Banker's acceptance of banks that are members of the FDIC, 25%.
 - 1. The obligations are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
 - 2. The obligations mature no later than 180 days after purchase.
- F. Repurchase Agreements, 25%.
- G. State and Local Government Securities, 25%.
- H. State of Ohio Investment pool, 25%.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Maturity limitations shall depend upon whether the funds being invested are considered short term or long-term funds. All funds shall be considered short term except those reserved for capital projects (i.e., bond sale proceeds), funds to be used in the future for debt service, and special assessment prepayments being held for debt retirement. Except for previously mentioned situations, as directed by the investment officer, investments shall be limited to maturities not exceeding 24 months.

According to State law, public depositories must give security for all uninsured public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105 percent of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the City's name. During 2013, the City and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as collateral against all of the uninsured public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the City.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$41,508,320, which includes \$7,452 cash on hand. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2013, \$10,633,174 of the City's bank balance of \$43,762,809 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above, while \$33,129,635 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments

As of December 31, 2013, the City had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity			
		1 Year or Less	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	More than 5 Years
U.S. Agency Notes	\$ 40,733,297	\$ 8,513,367	\$ 28,276,250	\$ 3,943,680	\$ 0
STAROhio	304,326	304,326	0	0	0
Repurchase Agreement	24,219,189	24,219,189	0	0	0
Municipal Bonds	2,521,293	1,445,842	1,070,591	0	4,860
Total	<u>\$ 67,778,105</u>	<u>\$ 34,482,724</u>	<u>\$ 29,346,841</u>	<u>\$ 3,943,680</u>	<u>\$ 4,860</u>

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Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the City’s investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within two years from the date of purchase and that the City’s investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

STAROhio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAROhio as of December 31, 2013, is 53 days and carries a rating of AAAM by Standard and Poor’s.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments in corporate debt to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City does not have a written policy limiting its corporate debt investments to the top rating. All amounts in U.S. Agency notes and the federal agency securities that underlying the City’s repurchase agreement are rated Aaa and AA+ by Moody’s and Standard & Poor’s respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in Ohio law that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City’s investment policy limits the amounts it may invest in any one type of instrument. The following is the City’s allocation as of December 31, 2013:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Percentage of Investments
U.S. Agency Notes	\$ 40,733,297	60.10%
STAROhio	304,326	0.45%
Repurchase Agreement	24,219,189	35.73%
Municipal Bonds	2,521,293	3.72%
Total	\$ 67,778,105	100.00%

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NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 12/31/12	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/13
<i>Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:</i>				
Land	\$ 4,356,294	\$ 52,295	\$ 0	\$ 4,408,589
Construction in progress	5,357,747	632,548	(5,140,287)	850,008
<i>Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated</i>	<u>9,714,041</u>	<u>684,843</u>	<u>(5,140,287)</u>	<u>5,258,597</u>
 <i>Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:</i>				
Buildings	7,560,470	87,287	0	7,647,757
Improvements/infrastructure	80,069,303	6,584,815	0	86,654,118
Equipment	11,647,419	628,711	(354,468)	11,921,662
<i>Total Capital Assets, being depreciated</i>	<u>99,277,192</u>	<u>7,300,813</u>	<u>(354,468)</u>	<u>106,223,537</u>
 <i>Accumulated Depreciation:</i>				
Buildings	(5,467,951)	(218,745)	0	(5,686,696)
Improvements/infrastructure	(45,722,412)	(2,159,196)	0	(47,881,608)
Equipment	(8,946,530)	(499,295)	352,254	(9,093,571)
<i>Total Accumulated Depreciation</i>	<u>(60,136,893)</u>	<u>(2,877,236)</u>	<u>352,254</u>	<u>(62,661,875)</u>
 <i>Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net</i>	 <u>39,140,299</u>	 <u>4,423,577</u>	 <u>(2,214)</u>	 <u>43,561,662</u>
 <i>Governmental Activities, Capital Assets, net</i>	 <u>\$ 48,854,340</u>	 <u>\$ 5,108,420</u>	 <u>\$ (5,142,501)</u>	 <u>\$ 48,820,259</u> *

*Balance includes \$3,831 from the Internal Service Fund

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

<i>Governmental Activities:</i>	
Safety services	\$ 615,586
Leisure services	179,360
Environment and development	4,544
Transportation services	1,894,637
Administrative services	183,109
<i>Total governmental activities depreciation expense</i>	<u>\$ 2,877,236</u> *

*Includes \$430 for Internal Service fund

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Business-type Activities	<u>Balance 12/31/12</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Balance 12/31/13</u>
<i>Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:</i>				
Land	\$ 8,109,072	\$ 28,776	\$ 0	\$ 8,137,848
Construction in progress	5,652,357	10,081,282	(14,817,721)	915,918
<i>Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated</i>	<u>13,761,429</u>	<u>10,110,058</u>	<u>(14,817,721)</u>	<u>9,053,766</u>
<i>Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:</i>				
Buildings	99,967,790	4,056,955	0	104,024,745
Improvements/infrastructure	92,450,674	3,146,266	0	95,596,940
Equipment	53,057,856	8,490,154	(3,596,607)	57,951,403
<i>Total Capital Assets, being depreciated</i>	<u>245,476,320</u>	<u>15,693,375</u>	<u>(3,596,607)</u>	<u>257,573,088</u>
<i>Accumulated Depreciation:</i>				
Buildings	(48,427,185)	(2,524,980)	0	(50,952,165)
Improvements/infrastructure	(36,978,008)	(4,111,491)	0	(41,089,499)
Equipment	(42,435,385)	(3,831,143)	3,596,607	(42,669,921)
<i>Total Accumulated Depreciation</i>	<u>(127,840,578)</u>	<u>(10,467,614)</u>	<u>3,596,607</u>	<u>(134,711,585)</u>
<i>Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net</i>	<u>117,635,742</u>	<u>5,225,761</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>122,861,503</u>
<i>Business-type Activities, Capital Assets, net</i>	<u>\$ 131,397,171</u>	<u>\$ 15,335,819</u>	<u>\$ (14,817,721)</u>	<u>\$ 131,915,269</u>

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

<i>Business-type Activities:</i>	
Wooster Community Hospital	\$ 7,401,377
Water	1,043,115
Water Pollution Control	1,719,606
Storm Drainage	303,516
<i>Total business-type activities depreciation expense</i>	<u>\$ 10,467,614</u>

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2013 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2012 taxes.

2013 real property taxes were levied after October 1, 2013 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. 2013 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2014.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35% of true value. 2013 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2012, are levied after October 1, 2013, and are collected in 2014 with real property taxes.

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phased out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property was eliminated in calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property was eliminated in calendar year 2010. The tax was phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaced the revenue lost by the City due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2006-2010, the City was fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements are being phased out. On June 30, 2011, House Bill No. 153 was signed into law, which further reduced the amounts of these reimbursements.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2013, was \$4.20 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The assessed values of real property upon which 2013 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

<u>Category</u>	<u>Assessed Value</u>
Real Property	\$ 518,272,890
Public Utilities - Personal	<u>14,657,550</u>
Total Assessed Value	<u><u>\$ 532,930,440</u></u>

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30; with the remainder payable by September 20.

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The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the City of Wooster. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility real and tangible personal property taxes, and outstanding delinquencies which became measurable as of December 31, 2013, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2013 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes levied for the next year. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenue.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The City participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to, but less than, the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2013, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Pension Plan.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, members in state and local classifications contributed 10.0% of covered payroll while public safety and law enforcement members contributed 12.0% and 12.6%, respectively.

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The City's 2013 contribution rate was 14.0%, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety, for whom the City's contribution was 18.1% of covered payroll. The portion of employer contributions used to fund pension benefits is net of postemployment health care benefits. The portion of employer contribution allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2013. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Combined Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2013.

The City's required contributions for pension obligations to the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$5,235,186, \$3,341,671, and \$3,347,544, respectively. For 2013, 88.9% has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for 2012 and 2011. There were no contributions made to the Member-Directed Plan for 2013.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

Funding Policy – From January 1, 2013 through July 1, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary. From July 2, 2013 through December 31, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10.75% of their annual covered salary. Throughout 2013, employers were required to contribute 19.5% for police officers and 24.0% for firefighters. The City's contributions to OP&F for police and firefighters were \$309,965 and \$541,383 for the year ended December 31, 2013, \$325,886 and \$525,841 for the year ended December 31, 2012, and \$299,813 and \$390,842 for the year ended December 31, 2011, respectively. 94.8% for police and 94.8% for firefighters has been contributed for 2013. The full amount has been contributed for 2012 and 2011.

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan – a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan – a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

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OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan, which includes a medical plan, a prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide health care benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care coverage.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2013, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0% of covered payroll, and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPERS' Postemployment Health Care plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding postemployment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2013. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Combined Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2013.

The OPERS Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree, or their surviving beneficiaries, to pay a portion of the health care benefits provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and coverage selected.

The City's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$402,533, \$1,670,836, and \$1,673,772, respectively. For 2013, 88.9% has been contributed with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for 2012 and 2011.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
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Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under SB 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4% of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium reimbursement and long-term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide healthcare coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required Ohio Revised Code to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5% and 24.0% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.0% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
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The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contribution allocated to health care was 4.69% of covered payroll from January 1, 2013 through May 31, 2013, and 2.85% of covered payroll from June 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions to OP&F which were allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for police and firefighters were \$98,618 and \$135,529 for the year ended December 31, 2013, \$156,944 and \$199,660 for the year ended December 31, 2012, and \$165,858 and \$208,026 for the year ended December 31, 2011. 94.8% has been contributed for police and 94.8% has been contributed for firefighters for 2013. The full amount has been contributed for 2012 and 2011.

NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Compensatory Time

Each bargaining unit and the management staff earn vacation at different rates, which are based upon length of service. Vacation accumulation is limited to two and three years, respectively. Any unused excess is eliminated from the employee's leave balance. In the case of death, termination, or retirement an employee (or his estate) is paid for his unused vacation to a maximum of the above limitations. The total obligation for vacation and compensatory time accrual for the City and Hospital amounted to \$3,230,187 at December 31, 2013.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

Each bargaining unit and the management staff earn sick leave at different rates. Employees with at least 10 years service upon retirement are paid for thirty-three % (City) and twenty-five % (Hospital) of their accumulated sick leave, not to exceed various ceilings depending on bargaining unit or management staff status. This obligation amounted to \$3,071,052 for the City and Hospital at December 31, 2013, for those employees who are eligible, or are expected to become eligible, to retire with at least 10 years of service at retirement. Employees are expected to become eligible after 5 years of service in safety forces, and 7 or 10 years for all others.

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NOTE 11 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

Justice Center Contract

The City has a continuous agreement with Wayne County to share in the costs of operating the Justice Center. The agreement calls for the City to pay 29% of the operating costs of the Justice Center (subject to annual updates based on actual use) except for staffing of shared areas for which costs are shared equally. The 2013 contract cost for the Justice Center was \$557,818.

Operating Leases

The Wooster Community Hospital leases medical and office equipment under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$874,521 for the year ended December 31, 2013. All leases end in 2017 or earlier. The future minimum payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31, 2014	\$ 720,144
2015	447,293
2016	81,772
2017	309
	<u>\$ 1,249,518</u>

City Construction Commitments

Friendsville Road Reconstruction: This project was designed by GPD Associates and consists of placing curb and gutter, sidewalks and widening the road to accommodate the additional traffic between Riffel and Milltown Roads. The project was bid in September 2013 with a total of 6 contractors submitting bids. Stout Excavation was the low bidder at a price of \$1,798,042. Construction is slated to begin February 2014 and has a November 2014 completion date. ODOT is funding this project in the amount of \$1,317,744.

Spink Street (North of Bowman) Sewer Separation: This project is another on the mandated OEPA sewer separation project list. The project includes 3900' of storm sewer, 500' of sanitary, 1700' of storm and sanitary laterals, catch basins and manholes at an estimated cost of \$900,000. A \$500,000 OPWC loan was obtained to assist in funding this project, which was bid in September 2013. Wenger Excavating was awarded the contract with a bid of \$989,524. Work began in December 2013 and will continue through spring with an estimated final completion date of May 2014. \$49,804 was payable as of December 2013.

Madison Hill Water Storage Tank Improvements: The Water Storage Tanks located at the OARDC, Madison Avenue and Milltown Road were evaluated for possible recoating and improvements. Madison Hill tank improvements include surface preparation, interior and exterior painting, and concrete and steel repair work. The project was awarded to D & M Painting Corporation in July 2013 with a project cost of \$402,600. Work will begin in spring 2014.

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Armstrong Drive Waterline Replacement: This project consists of replacing 1633 feet of waterline and had an engineering estimate of \$240,000. It was bid in October 2013 and awarded to Dirt Dawg with a bid price of \$186,386. Work began in November 2013 and is expected to be completed by May 2014. \$46,885 was payable on this contract at the end of 2013.

Oak Hill Resurfacing: This project included pavement planing and resurfacing of approximately 11,432 square yards of pavement, placing new curb ramps with truncated domes and new pavement markings and had an engineer's estimate of \$360,000. Kokosing Construction was awarded the contract with a bid price of \$308,433. Final project cost was \$301,495 and was partially funded by ODOT. \$301,495 was payable on this project at the end of 2013.

Burbank Road Resurfacing: This project was partially funded by ODOT and consisted of planing and resurfacing pavement, curb ramps and pavement markings. The project was bid in June 2013 and awarded to Barbicas Construction with a contract price of \$183,876. Work began in August and was completed in September. Final quantities and paperwork are still being processed. At the close of 2013, \$188,418 was payable on this contract.

Encumbrances

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General	\$ 2,355,408
Capital Improvement Fund	2,796,674
Other Governmental	552,321
	<u>\$ 5,704,403</u>

**CITY OF WOOSTER
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NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES

Enterprise and Special Assessment Bonded Debt

Certain general obligation bonds are being retired by use of revenues generated by the General, Street Maintenance, Water, Water Pollution Control, Storm Drainage, and Special Assessment Debt Service Funds. These bonds are general obligation issues backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Management does not foresee any circumstance that would change the current source of funding for these obligations.

Litigation

During 2013 the City carried a policy of general liability coverage as a member of the Ohio Plan. The maximum exposure to the City was a deductible of \$25,000 per case.

The City is the plaintiff in a nuisance case filed against a local industry that treats industrial waste, and as a by-product, periodically generates noxious odors. The case is currently on appeal to the 9th District Court of Appeals. Because the City is the plaintiff and there are no claims for monetary damages, there is no danger of an adverse money judgment against the City.

Related to the foregoing case is an administrative appeal pending before the State of Ohio Division of Oil and Gas. As with the foregoing, because the City is the appellant and there are no claims for monetary damages, there is no danger of an adverse money judgment against the City.

The City is a defendant in three cases pending in the US District Court for the Northern District of Ohio. In the first, the City has been alleged to have failed to implement certain accessibility measures mandated by the federal Americans with Disabilities Act. The second, is an action seeking money damages from a local restaurant and the City for an arrest and criminal prosecution which resulted from an event at the restaurant. The third, is an action in which the plaintiffs allege that the City has violated the Sherman Antitrust Act by adopting an ordinance that regulates the placement of wireless communications facilities within the City, but exempts the City from its provisions. As to all three of the foregoing cases, the City has been represented by insurance counsel, as well as the law director. In the first two cases the claims, if meritorious, would come within the City's policy of general liability insurance, which includes a self-insured retention of \$25,000. Therefore, the exposure in those cases is limited to a maximum of \$25,000 per case. As to the third, the City's policy provides for payment of up to \$25,000 in defense of a claim for injunctive relief. As such, it is our view that none of these cases will have a material adverse impact on the finances of the City of Wooster.

The City is a plaintiff in a complex contract and tort case pending in the Wayne County Court of Common Pleas. In this case the City is suing an engineering consultant, a successor consultant and a manufacturer of products or mechanisms that the consultant recommended for installation at the City's wastewater treatment plant. The recommended improvements did not function as specified, and may have been unnecessary. The City is seeking damages of up to \$20 million. The City Council has appropriated \$250,000 to pay for the cost of prosecuting the action. Because the funds have been appropriated, and because the fees in this case are capped by a fee agreement, it is not anticipated that this case will have a material adverse impact on the finances of the City.

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Finally, the City has been pled in as a 3rd party defendant in a foreclosure action pending in the Wayne County Court of Common Pleas. The property is a trailer park in which the City has a statutory lien on the property for unpaid water and sanitary sewer services provided to the tenants of the park. It is not certain that the City will be able to recover on its lien, given that the bank's lien is superior and the properties are in poor condition. Neither is it anticipated that this case will have a material adverse impact on the finances of the City.

Wooster Community Hospital carries separate policies for malpractice and general liability coverage. The maximum malpractice exposure is \$25,000 deductible per case, with a total limit of \$75,000 per year. The general liability policy has a maximum exposure of \$50,000 deductible per claim. Presently there are two pending medical malpractice lawsuits; no medical malpractice claims (not in suit); and no general liability claims. Both medical malpractice cases have been stayed, as the physician/defendant has filed a petition in bankruptcy. However, the liability of the hospital, if any, is limited as indicated hereinabove.

It is not anticipated that any of these cases will have a material adverse impact on the finances of Wooster Community Hospital.

Contingencies Under Grant Provisions

The City participates in several federally assisted programs and is a recipient of several grants. These programs and grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. As of December 31, 2013, the audits of these grants and programs were complete through 2011 and the City's compliance with applicable requirements has been established. The City's compliance with applicable requirements for 2012 and 2013 will be established at a future date. The City does not expect any disallowance of grant expenditures.

Other Contingencies

Low and Moderate Income Housing

Wayne Metropolitan Housing Authority (WMHA) and Community Crossroads, Incorporated collectively manage fifteen properties to be made available to low and moderate income housing under grant provisions approved by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Thirteen properties are owned and managed by WMHA and two are owned and managed by Community Crossroads, Incorporated. The property deeds carry the restriction that the properties must be used for the intended purpose (low and moderate income housing). If the properties are no longer used for the intended purpose, the properties will be transferred back to the City or such other agency as the City determines.

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NOTE 13 - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

From time to time, the City has issued certain limited-obligation revenue bonds on behalf of private sector and nonprofit entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property and revenues of those entities, and are payable solely from the resources of those entities. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2013 there was one series of Adjustable Rate Demand Health Care Facilities Bonds outstanding with a principal amount payable of \$5,080,000.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Pool Membership

The City is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The City insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The City contracts with Ohio Government Risk Management Plan (the Plan), an Ohio government risk management program. The Plan was formed in June 1988 for the primary purpose of managing third-party liability claims against its members. The Plan provides property, liability, error and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its 780 members. The City's settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years. The Plan has chosen to adopt the forms and endorsements of conventional insurance coverage and to reinsure these coverages 100%, rather than utilize a risk pool of member funds to pay individual and collective losses up to a given retention, and then have excess reinsurance coverage above the retention amount. Therefore, the City's only responsible for its self-retention (deductible) amount. The Plan collects premium and shares claims for liability (limited to 50% of a covered loss up to \$125,000) and property (limited to 10% coverage loss up to \$100,000). The Plan purchases reinsurance through various companies in order to provide a liability limit of up to \$6,000,000 per occurrence and property limit of up to \$5,000,000 at any one location. Facultative reinsurance is placed by the Plan for any location in excess of \$5,000,000. The City has not had any reduction in insurance coverage in the past three years.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
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Self-Insured Health Care

City employees are provided traditional health care insurance that covers hospitalization and major medical expenses within specified limits. The plan is self-funded by the City and administered by a third-party administrator. The City pays the administrator a monthly fixed fee for various claim administration services on a per enrolled employee basis.

The City pays all claims. The third-party administrator submits weekly funding requests for all processed claims. The City issues payment to the plan administrator who in turn issues individual claim checks. The City carries stop-loss insurance against catastrophic losses. The premiums for these policies are billed monthly by the third-party administrator on a per enrolled employee basis. Third party administrators estimated the claims liability reported in the fund at December 31, 2013. It is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported.

As of December 31, 2013 the outstanding claims liability was \$1,201,394, of which \$1,044,688 is attributed to the Hospital and \$156,706 is attributed to the City.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amounts 2009 to 2013 are:

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 681,704	\$ 923,122	\$ 833,767	\$ 901,900	\$ 1,378,159
Current year claims	11,710,559	12,737,438	12,461,624	12,043,391	11,120,770
Claim payments	(11,469,141)	(12,826,793)	(12,393,491)	(11,567,132)	(11,297,535)
Balance at end of year	<u>\$ 923,122</u>	<u>\$ 833,767</u>	<u>\$ 901,900</u>	<u>\$ 1,378,159</u>	<u>\$ 1,201,394</u>

NOTE 15 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities

The internal service fund predominantly serves the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for compensated absences related to internal services are included in governmental activities. Also for governmental activities, the General fund, Permissive Tax fund, and Street Construction Maintenance and Repair fund have been used to liquidate compensated absences of governmental activities in the past.

All special assessment debt is paid through the Debt Service Fund. In the event and to the extent that special assessments are not collected and to pay the debt charges on the bonds representing the City portion, there shall be levied on all the taxable property in the City, in addition to all other taxes, a direct tax annually during the period the bonds are outstanding in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds when due. The amount of delinquent special assessments receivable at year-end is \$10,676. The remaining general portion of bonds and notes are liquidated by General, Special Revenue, and Capital Project funds.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
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Compensated Absences

For all employees, except for those that have separated employment as of December 31, 2013 the estimated sick leave payable upon termination is recorded as a long term liability. Compensated absences are reported as a governmental fund liability only if they have matured. Compensated absences are considered to be mature when an employee retires prior to the end of the fiscal period but has not yet been paid for accumulated leave balances as of year end. Vacation accrual in excess of one year is also considered a long-term liability. The General fund, Permissive Tax fund, and Street Construction Maintenance and Repair fund have been used to liquidate compensated absences of governmental activities in the past.

Debt service requirements to maturity

The City's legal debt margin within the 10 ½% limitation was approximately \$54.3 million at December 31, 2013. Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's long-term obligations are as follows:

**BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY
WATER**

Year	General Obligation Bonds		OWDA Loans		OPWC Loans	Totals
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	
2014	\$ 171,200	\$ 104,321	\$ 131,301	\$ 90,632	\$ 45,255	\$ 542,709
2015	173,800	99,630	135,928	86,030	45,254	540,642
2016	182,650	94,736	140,664	81,267	45,255	544,572
2017	185,250	89,219	145,596	76,334	45,255	541,654
2018	194,100	83,202	150,703	71,229	45,254	544,488
2019-2023	889,650	316,125	836,619	273,036	226,274	2,541,704
2024-2028	928,750	174,818	994,150	115,506	197,583	2,410,807
2029-2033	417,500	23,371	97,950	2,231	156,895	697,947
2034-2038	0	0	0	0	69,391	69,391
2039	0	0	0	0	13,878	13,878
	<u>\$ 3,142,900</u>	<u>\$ 985,422</u>	<u>\$ 2,632,911</u>	<u>\$ 796,265</u>	<u>\$ 890,294</u>	<u>\$ 8,447,792</u>

**BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL FUND**

Year	General Obligation Bonds		OWDA Loans		OPWC Loan	Totals
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	
2014	\$ 15,634	\$ 9,973	\$ 936,445	\$ 375,798	\$ 2,178	\$ 1,340,028
2015	15,634	9,660	963,943	348,300	2,178	1,339,715
2016	16,285	9,347	1,111,340	347,522	2,179	1,486,673
2017	16,285	8,981	1,264,962	340,520	2,179	1,632,927
2018	16,937	8,574	1,302,342	303,141	2,179	1,633,173
2019-2023	90,546	35,264	6,325,318	927,499	10,895	7,389,522
2024-2028	106,179	20,110	3,172,524	172,953	10,895	3,482,661
2029-2033	48,203	2,708	0	0	10,898	61,809
2034-2038	0	0	0	0	10,900	10,900
2039	0	0	0	0	2,179	2,179
	<u>\$ 325,703</u>	<u>\$ 104,617</u>	<u>\$ 15,076,874</u>	<u>\$ 2,815,733</u>	<u>\$ 56,660</u>	<u>\$ 18,379,587</u>

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
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**BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY
STORM DRAINAGE FUND**

Year	General Obligation Bonds		OPWC Loans	Totals
	Principal	Interest	Principal	
2014	\$ 150,000	\$ 17,500	\$ 25,226	\$ 192,726
2015	150,000	14,500	25,226	189,726
2016	155,000	11,500	25,227	191,727
2017	150,000	8,012	25,227	183,239
2018	155,000	4,262	25,227	184,489
2019-2023	0	0	133,234	133,234
2024-2028	0	0	93,405	93,405
2029-2033	0	0	67,816	67,816
2034-2038	0	0	24,250	24,250
2039	0	0	4,850	4,850
	<u>\$ 760,000</u>	<u>\$ 55,774</u>	<u>\$ 449,688</u>	<u>\$ 1,265,462</u>

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Year	General Obligation Bonds		OPWC Loans	Totals
	Principal	Interest	Principal	
2014	\$ 376,811	\$ 114,686	\$ 18,161	\$ 509,658
2015	347,023	102,798	13,850	463,671
2016	353,034	92,877	13,850	459,761
2017	363,493	82,117	13,851	459,461
2018	373,053	70,303	12,135	455,491
2019-2023	799,800	202,145	36,403	1,038,348
2024-2028	505,070	99,751	0	604,821
2029-2033	229,295	15,670	0	244,965
2034-2038	0	1,425	0	1,425
2039	0	0	0	0
	<u>\$ 3,347,579</u>	<u>\$ 781,772</u>	<u>\$ 108,250</u>	<u>\$ 4,237,601</u>

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

	Original Amount	Balance 12/31/2012	Increases	(Decreases)	Balance 12/31/2013	Amount Due in 2014
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:						
Wooster Community Hospital Fund:						
Compensated Absences	\$ 0	\$ 3,711,411	\$ 3,728,377	\$ (3,522,403)	\$ 3,917,385	\$ 2,727,047
WCH Fund Total	0	3,711,411	3,728,377	(3,522,403)	3,917,385	2,727,047
Water Fund:						
5.4-5.75% 1995 G.O. Bonds	704,045	341,500	0	(33,600)	307,900	36,200
2007 0% OPWC Loan-Intermediate Zone Water Tank (20 years)	416,362	374,727	0	(13,878)	360,849	13,879
2007 3.36% O.W.D.A. Loans - Water Tank and Booster Station (20 years)	3,042,615	2,194,288	0	(103,003)	2,091,285	106,495
2008 0% OPWC Loan - Cleveland/ Portage Waterline (20 years)	295,637	73,321	0	(6,376)	66,945	6,376
2009 4.14% O.W.D.A. Loan - Waterline Replacement (20 years)	384,528	344,906	0	(14,327)	330,579	14,927
2009 3.7% O.W.D.A. Loan - Secondary Transmission Line (20 years)	247,128	220,570	0	(9,523)	211,047	9,879
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years)	710,000	655,000	0	(30,000)	625,000	30,000
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Water (20 years)	2,510,000	2,315,000	0	(105,000)	2,210,000	105,000
2011 0% OPWC Loan-Burbank Road Waterline Replacement (20 years)	302,200	487,500	0	(25,000)	462,500	25,000
Compensated Absences	0	195,132	100,468	(54,350)	241,250	67,261
Water Fund Total	8,612,515	7,201,944	100,468	(395,057)	6,907,355	415,017
Water Pollution Control Fund:						
3.25% 2005 O.W.D.A. Loan-Sewer Plant Upgrade (7/1/07-1/1/22)	6,088,332	4,188,453	0	(383,001)	3,805,452	395,550
2.67% 2006 O.W.D.A. Loan-Sewer Plant Equipment (7/1/07-1/1/27)	11,851,333	9,191,266	0	(526,736)	8,664,530	540,895
2009 0% OPWC Loan-Landfill Street Sewer Separation (30 years)	65,375	58,839	0	(2,179)	56,660	2,178
2009 1% O.W.D.A. Loan - Bio tower & Sewer Line (15 years)	2,753,629	2,606,892	0	0	2,606,892	0
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Water Pollution Control (20 years)	370,000	341,337	0	(15,634)	325,703	15,634
Compensated Absences	0	153,758	104,782	(85,100)	173,440	71,262
Water Pollution Control Fund Total	21,128,669	16,540,545	104,782	(1,012,650)	15,632,677	1,025,519
Storm Drainage Fund:						
2003 0% OPWC Loan-Mulberry Ave Storm Drainage (1/1/04-7/1/23)	47,888	25,143	0	(2,394)	22,749	2,394
2007 0% OPWC Loan-Grant Area Storm Drainage (1/1/08-7/31/27)	166,000	120,350	0	(8,300)	112,050	8,300
2009 0% OPWC Loan-Landfill Street Sewer Separation (30 years)	145,511	130,958	0	(4,850)	126,108	4,851
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Quniby Avenue (20 years)	480,000	360,000	0	(60,000)	300,000	60,000
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Storm Water (20 years)	720,000	550,000	0	(90,000)	460,000	90,000
2013 0% OPWC Loan-Market & Spruce Street (12/1/13-7/1/23)	193,622	0	193,622	(4,841)	188,781	9,681
Compensated Absences	0	12,329	9,028	(7,532)	13,825	4,182
Storm Water Fund Total	1,753,021	1,198,780	202,650	(177,917)	1,223,513	179,408
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 31,494,205	\$ 28,652,680	\$ 4,136,277	\$ (5,108,027)	\$ 27,680,930	\$ 4,346,991

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

	Original Amount	Balance 12/31/2012	Increases	(Decreases)	Balance 12/31/2013	Amount Due in 2014
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
Special Assessment:						
1995 General Obligation Bond - 5.4-5.75% (Downtown/Oldman)	\$ 1,245,955	\$ 318,500	\$ 0	\$ (31,400)	\$ 287,100	\$ 33,800
1998 Special Assessment Bond - 6% - Buena Vista	13,234	5,674	0	(813)	4,861	862
1999 Special Assessment Bond - 6% - Oak Hill	106,048	20,020	0	(9,718)	10,302	10,302
1999 Special Assessment Bond - 6% - East Liberty	299,405	56,519	0	(27,436)	29,083	29,083
2000 Special Assessment Bond - 6% - Burbank/Friendsville	26,167	7,202	0	(2,262)	4,940	2,398
2007 Special Assessment Bond - 4.7% - Milltown Rd. Construction	337,361	239,337	0	(18,918)	220,419	20,170
Special Assessment Total	<u>2,028,170</u>	<u>647,252</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(90,547)</u>	<u>556,705</u>	<u>96,615</u>
Long Term Bonds:						
2007 General Obligation Bond 4.87% - Milltown Road	492,667	365,661	0	(29,083)	336,578	30,830
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Municipal Building (20 years)	1,040,000	785,000	0	(125,000)	660,000	130,000
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Milltown Road (20 years)	385,000	290,000	0	(45,000)	245,000	45,000
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Avenue (20 years)	1,066,000	983,423	0	(45,042)	938,381	45,042
2010 Refunding Bonds (2.0-2.75%) Beall Ave-Assessment (20 years)	694,000	640,239	0	(29,324)	610,915	29,324
Long Term Bonds Total	<u>3,677,667</u>	<u>3,064,323</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(273,449)</u>	<u>2,790,874</u>	<u>280,196</u>
Long Term Loans:						
1998 0% OPWC Loan-Route 585 (1/19/1998 - 1/1/2014)	34,304	8,576	0	(1,715)	6,861	1,715
1998 0% OPWC Loan-East Liberty (9/18/1998 - 1/1/2018)	129,317	12,932	0	(8,621)	4,311	4,311
2007 0% OPWC Loan-East Milltown (7/1/2007 - 12/1/2018)	182,022	109,213	0	(12,135)	97,078	12,135
Long Term Loans Total	<u>345,643</u>	<u>130,721</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(22,471)</u>	<u>108,250</u>	<u>18,161</u>
Compensated Absences	0	1,860,096	1,103,986	(1,008,743)	1,955,339	517,995
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 6,051,480</u>	<u>\$ 5,702,392</u>	<u>\$ 1,103,986</u>	<u>\$ (1,395,210)</u>	<u>\$ 5,411,168</u>	<u>\$ 912,967</u>

2010 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds

In October 2010, the City issued \$7,975,000 general obligation bonds, \$2,625,000 of which were issued to partially refund \$2,595,000 (\$1,185,000 within enterprise funds and \$1,410,000 within governmental funds) of outstanding general obligation bonds and finance issuance costs. The balance was used to retire outstanding bond anticipation notes. The bonds were issued for an eight year period with final maturity at December 1, 2018. At the date of the refunding, \$2,645,946 (\$1,208,259 within enterprise funds and \$1,437,687 within governmental funds) were deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future payments on the partially refunded bonds. As of December 31, 2013, \$1,695,000 of these bonds is considered defeased.

**CITY OF WOOSTER
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The premium and issuance costs on these refunded bonds are insignificant amounts that have been recognized in the current year and will not be amortized. The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$50,946, which is also insignificant and will not be amortized over future periods. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$181,542.

NOTE 16 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable for:					
Inventory	\$ 55,045	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 171,928	\$ 226,973
Total Nonspendable	55,045	0	0	171,928	226,973
Restricted for:					
Street Construction Maintenance and Repair	0	0	0	1,174,876	1,174,876
State Highway	0	0	0	500,938	500,938
Permissive Tax	0	0	0	575,077	575,077
Debt Service	0	1,088,190	0	0	1,088,190
Other Purposes	0	0	0	417,788	417,788
Total Restricted	0	1,088,190	0	2,668,679	3,756,869
Committed to:					
Economic Development	0	0	0	323,501	323,501
Economic/Downtown Loan	0	0	0	19,186	19,186
Total Committed	0	0	0	342,687	342,687
Assigned for:					
Encumbrances					
Safety	1,482,501	0	0	0	1,482,501
Health and Social Services	98,488	0	0	0	98,488
Leisure Services	107,278	0	0	0	107,278
Environment and Development	35,111	0	0	0	35,111
Transportation Services	173,808	0	0	0	173,808
Administrative Services	458,222	0	0	0	458,222
Capital Improvement	0	0	639,349	0	639,349
Total Assigned	2,355,408	0	639,349	0	2,994,757
Unassigned (Deficit)	8,620,560	0	0	(42,240)	8,578,320
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$ 11,031,013</u>	<u>\$ 1,088,190</u>	<u>\$ 639,349</u>	<u>\$ 3,141,054</u>	<u>\$ 15,899,606</u>

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The City has sold \$3,040,000 in general obligation bonds on June 24, 2014 for the purpose of paying costs of improving the City's water system by constructing a municipal water tower, together with the necessary site work, fencing, and driveway approach, and constructing a water pump station, together with the necessary waterline extensions and curb connections.

Required Supplementary Information

**CITY OF WOOSTER
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual Plus Encumbrances</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive(Negative)</u>
Revenues :				
Taxes	\$ 12,048,985	\$ 12,778,607	\$ 12,778,836	\$ 229
Intergovernmental	947,508	947,508	984,024	36,516
Charges for services	1,537,212	1,537,212	1,422,616	(114,596)
Fines, licenses, permits	495,515	495,515	690,121	194,606
Interfund services provided	1,510,000	1,510,000	1,462,850	(47,150)
Interest income	75,000	75,000	29,076	(45,924)
Miscellaneous	76,356	76,356	193,419	117,063
Total Revenues	<u>16,690,576</u>	<u>17,420,198</u>	<u>17,560,942</u>	<u>140,744</u>
Expenditures :				
Safety services	10,800,830	12,650,732	11,323,927	1,326,805
Health and social services	133,000	133,000	132,418	582
Leisure services	1,421,827	1,607,279	1,334,166	273,113
Environment & development	992,399	1,164,997	1,020,106	144,891
Transportation services	1,130,250	1,296,161	856,815	439,346
Administrative services	3,375,410	3,897,925	3,559,070	338,855
Total Expenditures	<u>17,853,716</u>	<u>20,750,094</u>	<u>18,226,502</u>	<u>2,523,592</u>
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,163,140)	(3,329,896)	(665,560)	2,664,336
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	<u>(1,817,000)</u>	<u>(2,118,500)</u>	<u>(2,118,500)</u>	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,817,000)</u>	<u>(2,118,500)</u>	<u>(2,118,500)</u>	0
Encumbrances	0	0	2,445,460	2,445,460
Fund balances at beginning of year	<u>11,369,613</u>	<u>11,369,613</u>	<u>11,369,613</u>	0
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ 8,389,473</u>	<u>\$ 5,921,217</u>	<u>\$ 11,031,013</u>	<u>\$ 5,109,796</u>

Modified accrual plus encumbrances is the budgetary basis used in the preparation of these statements.

June 27, 2014

To Members of Council and Management
City of Wooster
Wayne County, Ohio
538 North Market Street
Wooster, OH 44691

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Wooster, Wayne County, Ohio (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* as item 2013-001.

City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*. The City's response was not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rea & Associates, Inc.

Medina, Ohio

June 27, 2014

To Members of Council and Management
City of Wooster
Wayne County, Ohio
538 North Market Street
Wooster, OH 44691

**Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program;
Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of
Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133**

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Wooster's, Wayne County, Ohio (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

We have audited the financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2014, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Rea & Associates, Inc.

Medina, Ohio

City of Wooster
Wayne County, Ohio
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
OMB Circular A-133, Section .505
December 31, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS
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(d) (1) (i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any other significant deficiency conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d) (1) (iii)	Were there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d) (1) (v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d) (1) (vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?	No
(d) (1) (vii)	Major Program (list):	#20.205 Highway Planning & Construction
(d) (1) (viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: All others
(d) (1) (ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

City of Wooster
Wayne County, Ohio
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
OMB Circular A-133, Section .505
December 31, 2013

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number: 2013-001

Material Non-Compliance – Budgeting Procedures

Criteria: Ohio Rev. Code section 5705.39 states that total appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total of the estimated revenue available for expenditure there from, as certified by the budget commission. No appropriation measure shall become effective until the county auditor files with the appropriating authority a certificate that the total appropriations from each fund, taken together with all other outstanding appropriations, do not exceed such official certificate or amended official certificate. When the appropriation does not exceed such official certificate, the county auditor shall give such certificate forthwith upon receiving from the appropriating authority a certified copy of the appropriation measure. Appropriations shall be made from each fund only for the purposes for which such fund is established.

Condition: The City had final appropriations exceeding the certified estimated resources for the following fund:

	Total Estimated Resources	Final Appropriations	Excess
Capital Improvement	\$ 5,084,494	\$ 5,791,086	\$ 706,592
Lillian Long Estate	\$ 12,113	\$ 21,401	\$ 9,288

Cause: The City certified resources with the County using estimated prior year encumbrances, rather than actual prior year encumbrances, in determining available resources for appropriation.

Effect: Failure to use actual prior year encumbrances could result in expenditures exceeding resources.

Recommendation: We recommend the City monitor appropriations to estimated resources in all funds which are legally required to be budgeted, to ensure compliance with the above requirement. This comparison should be compared on a regular basis and any time either certificate of estimated resources or appropriations are modified. Also, the City should update its budgetary records to reflect actual prior year encumbrances.

Management’s Response: The Finance Department will monitor budgets monthly and make necessary amendments.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None noted.